INSURE WITH
or
REPRESENT.
THE JUPITER
GENERAL INSURANCE
CO., LTD.
(Estd 1919).
for
LIFE, FIRE, MARINE,
MOTOR ACCIDENT
& WORKMEN'S
COMPENSATION
"EWART HOUSE"
Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay. 1.

Regd. No. B 1065 Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXVIII NO. 76 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, MARCH 29, 1940 PRICE: ONE ANNA

JUPITER
GENERAL
progressive
Co.
BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE
J5

Hoare To Be Next Viceroy?

LINLITHGOW DOES NOT WANT EXTENDED TERM

Sir Samuel Hoare
Home Secretary
Great Britain

NEW DEVELOPMENTS AND INCREASED BURDENS

TALK OF JAYAKAR AND SIR SULTAN AHMED BEING INCLUDED IN VICEREGAL CABINET

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

NEW DELHI, March 28.

As far as can be ascertained, there seems to be no truth in the London message suggesting that Lord Linlithgow's term of office will be extended.

It may be that Whitehall wants Lord Linlithgow to continue, but it appears, owing to the heavy strain involved, the responsibilities of the office of the Viceroy have increased manifold, under the New Constitution, and owing to the fact that the present Viceroy's term was full of developments in political and other fields, informed quarters here believe, he would not agree to any further extension of his term of office.

In fact already Sir Samuel Hoare's name has been mentioned as the next Viceroy.

Hands Off Assembly Department

LUCKNOW, March 27.

A principle of All-India interest is raised by the Speaker of the U. P. Assembly, who has circularised the M.L.A.'s complaining about the Government's action in cutting Rs. 2,000 out of the budget provision for the purchase of books for the Assembly Library.

The Speaker holds that he is an officer of the Assembly and not of the Government and matters relating to the Assembly cannot ordinarily be dealt with by the Government in the same way as departments subordinate to them; the Government could not and should not have "resumed" any part of the sums voted by the Assembly for the Assembly Department.

He adds that money for the expenditure of the Assembly Department is no doubt found by the Government, who have, therefore, a determining voice in framing the budget in consultation with the Speaker, but once the budget is passed by the Assembly, the Government must recognise that it cannot "resume" sums voted for the Assembly Department, without the Speaker's consent.—A. P.

VICEROY'S CABINET TO BE ENLARGED?

Jayakar And Sultan Ahmed To Be New Members

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, March 28.

Although no authentic information is available, persistent reports in Delhi, for the last few days, suggest the enlargement of the Viceroy's Executive Council. It appears, notwithstanding the Congress-Government deadlock, it is being felt, as work in Government Departments having increased largely as the result of war situation, certain new Portfolios, notably separate Portfolio for Supplies, may be created.

Another reason that is being talked in informed circles relates to the absence of non-official element in the Viceroy's Cabinet where four I.C.S. persons will hold posts from April 1st. Besides, it is anticipated, that Sir Mohamad Zaffrullah Khan might have to visit London on special missions.

Reports mention Mr. Jayakar and Sir Sultan Ahmed as likely incumbents.

Sir Sultan Ahmed

NO DEARNESS ALLOWANCE

Nagpur Judge's Inquiry Report On Textile Workers' Demand

NAGPUR, March 28.

The recommendation that no dearness allowance should be given to workmen in the textile industry at Nagpur is made by Mr. M. N. Clarke, I.C.S., District and Sessions Judge at Nagpur who had been appointed to enquire and report into the question whether a dearness allowance should be given having regard to the present cost of living and the existing conditions in the industry.

The report is published in a Gazette Extraordinary issued this evening.—A. P.

Mahatma Fights For A New Civilization

CALCUTTA, March 28.

"I feel Gandhiji is perhaps more desirous of Satyagraha than anybody else in the country," observed Dr. Rammanohar Lohia, who was here, in a statement to the "United Press" about the possibility of Satyagraha being started by Mahatma Gandhi.

"Gandhiji is fighting," said Dr. Lohia, "not alone for the freedom of India. Indian freedom is, indeed, something big and great. It means a revolutionary change not only for the 350 millions of India but for many more millions of slave peoples throughout the world. But Gandhiji is also fighting for something higher and greater, something more universal. He is fighting for the non-violent reconstruction of entire humanity of which Indian freedom is an essential part.

Giving his reasons why he feels that Gandhiji is more desirous of Satyagraha than anybody else, Dr. Lohia says, "Gandhiji wants the non-violent principle to live after him in India and the outside world. This he can do if he achieves some big revolutionary change in his life-time. If he can show success in removing the big injustice of foreign rule through Satyagraha, that will capture the mind of the whole world; strong groups will everywhere arise and will be engaged in removing all forms of injustice through the non-violent technique.

GANDHIJI KNOWS HE WILL HAVE TO FIGHT

Secondly Gandhiji knows very well that the first principle of all good life is the removal of injustice, whether it is foreign rule or any other. All good people expect Gandhiji and the Congress to free India from foreign rule particularly now. Gandhiji knows that if Satyagraha will not remove the injustice, something else will take the field. And then the non-violent base in India prepared through twenty years will be at least partly destroyed.

"Thirdly, Gandhiji would wish to have all wars and armaments abolished. I imagine that he would like to interfere effectively in the present war with a view to getting the new world order into being. And everyone who wants to banish wars and exploitations from the world would want Gandhiji and the Congress to take an effective and decisive part in world affairs. But how can they do that to-day? To do so, they must speak in the name of the Government of Free India and not merely the people of India.

"Gandhiji is in a hurry to get the freedom of India and he knows that he will almost certainly have to fight for this. But Satyagraha needs a preliminary fulfilment."—United Press.

No Danger To Afghanistan

Friendly Relations With Neighbour Powers

PESHAWAR, March 28.

His Excellency Sardar Faiz Muhammed Khan, Afghan Ambassador to Turkey, after a stay of thirty-two days left Kabul this morning "en route" to Turkey. He arrived in Peshawar this evening and later left for Karachi.

It is understood that during his stay in Kabul, Sardar Faiz Muhammad Khan, who is ex-Foreign Minister of Afghanistan, is reported to have conferred with King Zahir Shah and all members of the Cabinet.

At numerous meetings he stressed Afghanistan's friendly relations with her neighbours and dispelled false rumours of any danger to Afghanistan from any of her neighbours.—A. P.

WARDHA TALKS

WARDHAGANJ, March 28.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar, Mr. Ghanshyamdas [illegible] and Seth Jamnalal Bajaj had talks with Gandhiji, this morning, the latter discussing [illegible] will leave for [illegible] this evening, while Mr. G. D. Birla will proceed to Delhi to-morrow morning.

Gandhiji will address the Khadi Yatra Conference at Sewagram on Saturday, March 30, and Mr. Shri Krishna Das Jaju, President of the Gandhi Sewa Sangha, will deliver the presidential speech.—A. P.

HAIG REPUDIATES LEAGUE'S CHARGES

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Mar. 28.

Dr. K. N. Katju, ex-Congress Minister of Justice, has received letter from a friend in London which shows that Sir Harry Haig, former Governor of U. P. repudiated the Muslim League charges against the Congress Government.

The friend writes: I attended a very interesting meeting some days ago in London wherein Mr. Yusuf Ali, formerly of the Indian Civil Service of U. P. read a paper on "Indian Muslims and War" Mr. Yusuf Ali in his paper quoted charges brought against Congress Governments by the Muslim League. Among these charges he specially quoted the charges of arson, looting, murder etc., inflicted on innocent Muslims during Congress Regime in U. P. After the paper was read a debate was initiated.

Speaking with experience of U. P. Sir Harry Haig said: "the thought communal tension in that Province had never been so great as it was when he left. He further said he was very much mindful of interests of minorities for which the Constitution vested special powers in him but he never had occasion to exercise his special powers at all. In his view the cause of tension was psychological and was based on failure of Muslim League to reach an understanding with the Congress"

Dr. Katju commenting on the above says: "We have, therefore, in the clearest possible language from Sir H. Haig that he never had any occasion to exercise his special powers for protection of minorities. Dr. Katju characterises Muslim League propaganda as totally baseless and unworthy. He condemns Mr. Yusuf Ali's paper, which Sir H. Haig so definitely [illegible]

Sir Harry Haig.

WAR ON WESTERN FRONT:

R. A. F. Bags 128 Nazi Planes Since Hostilities Began

"Reuter" learns that since the beginning of the war up to and including yesterday's engagement on the Western Front 128 enemy aircraft have been shot down in actions with the R. A. F. or by anti-aircraft batteries. This total covers all Fronts.

It is also learned that in addition 44 enemy aeroplanes were so badly damaged that in all probability they failed to return to their bases.

From the total of 128 definitely known to have been shot down, 29 were accounted for on the Western Front and 99 in actions off the east coast of England and Scotland, Heligoland Bight and over the North Sea.

It is pointed out that the total represents aircraft brought down by the R. A. F., the Royal Navy and British anti-aircraft batteries and does not include any 'planes shot down by French or Polish forces.

ARTILLERY ACTIVITY

"Reuter" cables from Paris say: [illegible] more than usual, many Germany artillery activity occurred yesterday in regions east of the Saare and the Vosges. Longrange harassing fire was concentrated on woods and points in the French Lines. The French, however, retaliated to a similar extent and the exchange reached considerable proportions for some time. Both sides sent out patrols and there were some encounters in "No Man's Land."—Reuter.

NAZI PLANE SHOT DOWN

LONDON, March 28.

The British Air Force shot down an enemy machine off the north-east coast of Scotland to-day.

The German raider shot down off Scotland fell in the sea off Caithness and is believed to be one of several which flew at great height over Shetlands about noon. Two, or possibly three, machines were reported over the Islands and they were thought to be part of an enemy squadron of convoy raiders.

Nazi Raider Over Shetlands

A 'plane, believed to be German, was seen over the Shetlands to-day. British fighters went up and an air raid warning operated for about twenty minutes. It is believed no bombs were dropped.

British Plane Shot Down

An Amsterdam cable says:

A British bomber was shot down near Rotterdam early this morning by Dutch chaser 'planes. The machine crashed in flames.

It is stated that one crew was killed, one slightly injured and the other three were unhurt. One man is reported to have jumped from the 'plane at a height of 1,500 feet and his parachute failed to open. The other four escaped from the burning 'plane after it had landed.

Nazi Admission

A German High Command 'communique' admits that British aircraft were over Germany last night and claims that one of them was shot down.

The British Air Ministry states that one of a flight of Bristol Blenheim Bombers, which were intercepted by German chaser 'planes while on a reconnaissance over Heligoland Bight yesterday, is missing.

Fruitless Search

LONDON: Flares seen off the coast led to two Norfolk lifeboats covering over 70 miles during the night searching for the British 'plane believed to have been forced down while on patrol. Nothing was found and the first lifeboat returned after seven hours' search.

Early this morning more flares were seen and another lifeboat was launched, but also returned after a fruitless search lasting several hours.

Armed Sentries Guard Neutral Boats

Armed sentries were placed on guard on all Neutral cargo and fishing vessels at Grimsby and Hull to-day. Here and at the Scottish east coast ports all crews of Neutral vessels are forbidden to go ashore and no one from the shore is allowed to visit the ships.

It is understood that these developments are in connection with the tightening up of regulations restricting movement of foreign seamen and inaugurate a new drive against leakage of information which might be useful to the enemy.

Life Of Small Holders' Relief Act Extended

BOMBAY, March 28.

The Small Holders' Relief Act enacted by the Congress Ministry expires on the 31st March, 1940. According to the programme of the Ministry as announced on the floor of the Legislative Assembly, the Bombay Agricultural Debtors' Relief Act was to take its place from 1st of April onwards. The Small Holders' Act was enacted as a temporary measure to give immediate relief to small tenants and other agriculturists and the Agricultural Debtors Relief Act was legislated to ameliorate the distress of large section of agricultural population.

POSTPONED FOR ONE YEAR

Bombay have, the "United Press" understands, however, decided to put off this Act for administrative reasons and extend the period of the Small Holders' Act for a year more. This has been done mainly because the operation of the Agricultural Debtors Act will involve in the establishment of more than 600 Conciliation Boards and additional expenditure of near about four lakhs of rupees, which the Government could not afford now. In the current budget, only Rs. 35,000 has been set apart, which means that the operation of the measure would have to be restricted to only principal centres. The next budget will decide finally the fate of the Agricultural Debtors Act, which the Congress Ministry had so laboriously framed and passed into Law.—United

ANGLO-FRENCH DECLARATION

Solemn Undertaking Not To Negotiate Separate Peace Treaty

LONDON, March 28.

It is officially announced that the sixth meeting of the Supreme War Council was held in London to-day. The Council assembled this morning and there was a further meeting in the afternoon.

France was represented by M. Reynaud, M. Campinchi and M. Laurent Ewnac who were accompanied by M. Corbin, M. Alexis Leger, General Camelin, Admiral Darlan, General Vuillemin and General Kowltz.

Great Britain was represented by Mr. Chamberlain, Lord Halifax, Mr. Winston Churchill, Mr Kingsley Wood who were accompanied by Sir Alexander Cadogan, Sir Cyril Newall, Sir Dudley Pound and Sir Edward Ironside.

The two Governments have agreed to the following solemn declaration:—

"The Government of the French Republic and His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom undertake that during the present war they will neither negotiate nor conclude an Armistice or Treaty of Peace except by mutual agreement.

They undertake not to discuss peace terms before reaching an agreement on conditions necessary to ensure to each of them effective and lasting guarantee of their security. Finally they undertake to maintain, after conclusion of peace, a community of action in all spheres, for so long as may be necessary to safeguard their security, and to effect reconstruction with the assistance of other nations of an international order which will ensure liberty of peoples, respect for Law and maintenance of peace in Europe."—Reuters.

JAPAN'S TRADE PACT WITH SPAIN

LONDON March 28.

A trade agreement has been signed between Japan and Spain.—Reuter.

STORM OVER PAKISTAN
—See page 8—

STOP PRESS

EIGHT INJURED IN MONGHYR CLASH.

PATNA, March 28.

Eight persons are reported to have been injured one seriously in a communal fracas in connection with the holi festival at Jamui, in Monghyr district. An old woman has succumbed to her injuries, adds the report.

The local police force has been reinforced and some bad characters have been taken into custody.

The situation is under control.—A. P.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE CLOSING RATES

4 1/2 per cent. 1958/68 Indian

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——). "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Doctor M.B.B.S. or Engineer B.E. or Bar-at-Law aged 40 to marry fair and High Class Brahmin Lady of 25. Highest Hindi Diploma Holder. Apply Box No. 12971, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted 5 Graduates, 4 Doctors, 2 Lawyers, 2 Engineers and 4 overseers to apply for Terms to No. 12970 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Gujarati and accounts knowing 4 years experienced typist. Pay Rs. 35 to 45. Must have certificate and bring written security. Apply Dumasia. Navasary Building, Hornby Road, Fort. (12975)

Wanted by a reputed Soap Company for motor van propaganda, an experienced, hardworking Salesmasi-propagandist, conversant with Marathi, Hindi and other languages. State age, experience and minimum salary. Box No. 12968, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Lady graduates and Matrics (preferably trained) for appointment as teachers in the Adarsh Kanya Vidyalaya, Narsinghpur (C.P.). The applications should reach not later than 30-4-40. Apply to the Hony. Secretary, stating qualifications, age, previous experience and minimum salary expected. Good knowledge of Hindi essential. (2213)

241. PROFESSIONAL ADLETS.

Landlords, Trustees, Receivers, Firms, Banks requiring: Rents recovered on low commission, Rent-farming contracts taken, Municipal requisitions complied with, Insurance effected and claims recovered, Court-work undertaken and Decrees recovered may please apply to: Messrs. Stylish Co., Khar. (12914)

302. MACHINERY FOR SALE.

Cast Iron Scraps 200 tons of best cast iron scraps available for sale. Apply Box No. 12973, "Bombay Chronicle."

303. MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted New or good secondhand Krupp oil expellers Sohler type write immediately Box No. 12972, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS INVITED from British subjects for post of Assistant Information officer (Age 25-35. Salary Rs. 400—600) and Journalist (Age 21—35. Salary Rs. 200—10—300), Bureau of Public Information, Government of India, for duration of war. Good academic record. Preference will be given to those who have worked in an Indian Newspaper Office and have experience in journalism. Proficiency in translation from English into GUJARATI essential. A higher standard will be expected from candidates for post of Assistant Information Officer. Candidates should send in cuttings of published articles, signed wherever possible, together with references and testimonials in original. A small number of candidates will be invited to appear before a Selection Committee. Successful candidates will be on one year's probation. Applications should be in English, should state clearly the post applied for, and should be addressed to the Principal Information Officer, Home Department, New Delhi. Last date for receipt of applications April 11, 1940.

2232

G. I. P. AND B. B. &C. I. RAILWAYS.

REFUND ON SEASON TICKET FARES.

The 'increased charge' collected on all season tickets for which the corresponding ordinary single journey fares are Rupee one or under, will be refunded.

Refunds will be made by the Booking Clerks at stations on renewal or surrender of the existing season tickets.

Season Ticket holders are requested to sign an acknowledgement for the amount refunded.

2236

G.I.P. RAILWAY TIME TABLE

A NEW TIME TABLE will come into force from 1st April, 1940. For timings see sheet time tables exhibited at stations from 1-4-1940. Details of changes can be obtained in advance from Station Masters.

2167

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Commissioner of Police (M. V. & Taxation Deptt), Head Police Office, Bombay, upto 12 noon on the 9th April, 1940, for the supply of the following number plates and badges for the year commencing from 1-4-1940 to 31-3-1941.

1. Registration No. plates for Motor Cars.
2. Registration No. plates for Motor cycles and invalid carriages.
3. Registration No. plates for Transport vehicles including taxis.
4. Temporary registration number plates.
5. Dealers' number plates.
6. Public Service vehicle driver's badges.
7. Conductor's badges.

The rates for the first 5 items should be quoted per pair of plates and for items Nos. 6 and 7 should be per plate and badge.

Any other particulars required in this connection should be obtained from the Dy. Commissioner of Police, M. V. and Taxation Deptt. Bombay.

SHEVY,
Dy.
for Commissioner of Police.
Head Police Office,
Motor Vehicles Department:
Bombay, March 28, 1940.

Public Notices

RED CROSS PAGEANT.

EXTRA TRAINS as required will run to and from Churchgate Station on SATURDAY. March 30th, SUNDAY, March 31st and MONDAY, April 1st in connection with the Red Cross Pageant to be held in the Brabourne Stadium.

B. B. & C. I. R.
(2235)

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

GENTLEMEN of the SPECIAL JURY, summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are required to attend at the High Court on Friday, the 29th March, 1940, at 2-45 p.m. (S. T.).

MATHURADAS VISSANJI,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Bombay, 28th March, 1940.
2234

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policy numbered 24761 on the life of Chhotalal Baloobhoy of Surat. Duplicate Policy will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

(Sd.) H. E. JONES,
Manager.
Bombay, 29th March 1940.
(12976)

NOTICE.

CRICKET CLUB OF INDIA.

Members of the Cricket Club of India and their guests are warned that their cars not bearing the traffic card issued to Members will not be permitted by the Police on the road leading to the Club or to be parked in the open space opposite the Club House. Traffic cards may be obtained from the Hall Porter at the Club.

A. A. JASDENVALA,
Hon. Secy.—C. C. I.
2225

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION

GEORGE VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the joint family property and credits of Purshotam (also spelt "Parshotam") Tokersey (also spelt "Tokersee"), late of Bombay Bhatia Hindu Inhabitant at the time of his death residing at Marine Drive, within the Fort of Bombay and being in the employment of Messrs. Khatau Makanji and Co. and also doing business as Cotton broker on behalf of and in his capacity as the manager and Karta of the said joint family. .. Deceased.

NAROTTAM PURSHOTAM TOKERSEY, of Bombay Bhatia Hindu Inhabitant, formerly residing at Marine Drive at Kapur Mahal, House No. 65 and now residing in Ranchhoddas Ghelabhai Building at Bora Bazaar Street, within the Fort of Bombay one of the surviving co-parceners and the Karta of the said joint family. ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

WITNESS Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this 16th day of March in the year of Our Lord One thousand nine hundred and forty and in the fourth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

S. J. RAHIMTOOLA
for Prothonotary and Senior Master

TAHIR ALI.

The 16th day of March, 1940.
Messrs. ALREJA & CO.,
Petitioners Attorneys.

Public Notices

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

EXTRA SUBURBAN TRAIN SERVICE
in connection with
RED CROSS PAGEANT AT THE BRABOURNE STADIUM.

The following extra trains will run in connection with the Pageant arranged by the Bombay Presidency Red Cross Fund at the Brabourne Stadium on 30th, 31st March and 1st April, 1940:

SATURDAY, 30th March, 1940.

MAIN LINE.

		H M
(I) Dn. Spl.		
Victoria Terminus	Dep.	0-20
Kurla	Arr.	0-50
(II) Dn. Spl.		
Victoria Terminus	Dep.	0.40
Kurla	Arr.	1-10
(III) Dn. Spl.		
Victoria Terminus	Dep.	0-50
Thana	Arr.	1-44
(IV) Dn. Spl.		
Victoria Terminus	Dep.	1-00
Kurla	Arr.	1-30
(V) Dn. Spl.		
Victoria Terminus	Dep.	1-15
Kalyan.	Arr.	2-32

HARBOUR BRANCH.

(I) Dn. Spl.		
Victoria Terminus	Dep.	0-45
Bandra.	Arr.	1-13

SUNDAY, 31st March, 1940.

MAIN LINE

(I) Up. Spl.		
Thana	Dep.	15-47
Victoria Terminus	Arr.	16-40
(II) Up Spl.		
Thana	Dep.	16-25
Victoria Terminus	Arr.	17-18

HARBOUR BRANCH.

(I) Up Spl.		
Bandra	Dep.	16-12
Victoria Terminus	Arr.	16-40
(II) Up Spl.		
Bandra	Dep.	16-47
Victoria Terminus	Arr.	17-15
(III) Up Spl.		
Bandra	Dep.	22-12
Victoria Terminus	Arr.	22-40

MAIN LINE.

(I) Dn. Spl.		
Victoria Terminus	Dep.	21-10
Thana	Arr.	22- 4
(II) Dn. Spl.		
Victoria Terminus	Dep.	21-30
Thana	Arr.	22-24

HARBOUR BRANCH.

(I) Dn. Spl.		
Victoria Terminus	Dep.	21-10
Bandra	Arr.	21-38
(II) Dn. Spl.		
Victoria Terminus	Dep.	21-25
Bandra	Arr.	21-53

MONDAY, 1ST APRIL, 1940.

MAIN LINE

(I) Dn. Spl.		
Victoria Terminus	Dep.	21-10
Kurla	Arr.	21-40
(II) Dn. Spl.		
Victoria Terminus	Dep.	21-40
Thana	Arr.	22-35

HARBOUR BRANCH.

(I) Dn. Spl.		
Victoria Terminus	Dep	21-40
Bandra	Arr.	22- 8
(I) Up Spl.		
Bandra	Dep.	22-18
Victoria Terminus	Arr.	22-45

(2237)

B. B. & C. I. RLY. CO.

With effect from 1st April, 1940, the timings of trains on the Main Line and Branches of the Broad and Metre Gauge Systems will be slightly altered. For details, please see Sheet Time Tables at Stations. 2227

Auction Sales

EASTERN AUCTION Co.

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE of W. Gordon, Esquire and Others, on (SUNDAY), the 31st instant, at 10-30 a.m. (S. T.) at Bachubai Building, Hornby Road, Opp. Kitab Mahal, Fort, of complete Bungalow furniture, English Cottage Piano, Fire proof safe, Double Mirror door steel cabinet, Singer Machine, Remington Portable Typewriter, Persian Design Silk carpets, H. M. V. Gramophone, Chesterfield sets. Remington typewriter, Wrist Watches, Harmoniums, A. C. Kelvinator, Roll top table, Wardrobes, Instan...

SEE
A MOCK AIR RAID
A CAVALRY CIRCUS
INDIAN CABARET
AT
RED CROSS PAGEANT
Brabourne Stadium
ON
SUNDAY, MARCH 31
AND
MONDAY, APRIL 1
AT 6 p.m. to 8-30 p.m.
Admission: Re. 1 to the Stadium
Rs. 2 TO GYMKHANA STANDS
Seats are still available
Buy Your Tickets at the Gate, at the Stadium Office in Churchgate Street or from the Gymkhanas.

WISE MEN
WITTY MEN
INTELLIGENT MEN
and WOMEN too
Must see the fantastic story of the man, who outwitted the wittiest of Robbers!
RUSH
TO PAGE 5

You have Seen many Pictures!
BUT YOU MIGHT LIKE THIS ONE!
SADHONA BOSE
makes it a SAGAR CLASSIC
Kum Kum
— The Dancer —
Featuring:
DHIRAJ, PADMADEVI,
BENITA, MD. ISHAQ,
ADVANI, & KAMPTA PRASAD.
4th WEEK
AT
IMPERIAL
Daily 4, 6-30 10 p.m.
Matinee at 1-30 on Sundays.

SECOND Soulful Week!
A DRAMA analysing woman's soul and her desire
Boldly directed by P. C. BARUA.
NEW THEATRES' latest triumph
ZINDAGI
Starring: SAIGAL, JAMUNA, P. SANYAL, NEMO.
Music: P. MULLICK.
CROWDED HOUSES AT
MINERVA
Daily: 4-45, 7-15, & 9-45 p.m.
Sat., Sun. & Holidays at 2-15 p.m.

Stay Order By Consent

Appeal Court Sets It Aside

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Kania).

Strauss & Co. Ltd.—Appellants .....(Original Plaintiffs),
v.
The Chartered Bank of India, Australia & China—Respondents .....(Original Defendants).

This was an appeal from an Order of Mr. Justice Somjee refusing to set aside a stay order passed by Mr. Justice Blackwell by consent of parties.

The Plaintiffs had instituted in Bombay a suit against the Defendants in respect of the alleged hypothecation of certain goods to them. Another suit had also been subsequently instituted in England in connection therewith. This suit in England has by now been decided by Lord Portar but no appeal has as yet been filed against it though the time to file an appeal has been extended generally. The parties by consent had obtained from Mr. Justice Blackwell an order to stay the suit filed in the Bombay High Court. Subsequently, the Plaintiffs applied to Mr. Justice Blackwell to set aside the Stay Order granted by consent by His Lordship. His Lordship however refused to set it did not affect the rights of the Plaintiffs again applied to Mr. Justice Somjee to set aside the said Consent Order for Stay granted by Mr. Justice Blackwell. But Mr. Justice Somjee also refused to set it aside. Against this Order of Mr. Justice Somjee, refusing to set aside Mr. Justice Blackwell's Order (by consent) for Stay of the suit filed in the Bombay High Court, the Appellants preferred this Appeal.

The Respondents raised a preliminary objection that no appeal could lie from the Order passed by Mr. Justice Somjee on the ground that it was not "a judgment" within the meaning of Clause 15 of the Letters Patent of the Bombay High Court, because it did not affect the right of the parties.

JUDGMENT.

Their Lordships held that an appeal would lie from the Order of Mr. Justice Somjee which amounted to a failure to exercise jurisdiction. Their Lordships further held that the Consent Order Staying the Suit in terms applied only to stay at that particular time and not indefinitely. On the facts also Their Lordships saw no object in permitting the Stay Order to remain in operation.

Their Lordships therefore allowed the appeal and set aside the Stay Order.

Mr. V. G. Taraporevala instructed by Messrs. Motichand & Devidas appeared for the Appellants.

Mr. K. A. Somjee with Mr. F. J. Coltman instructed by Messrs. Cragie Blunt & Caroe appeared for the Respondents.

WHAT INDIA NEEDS
right now is treated in a film based on the ideas of
HENRIK IBSEN
the noted Dramatist in
Bhavnani Productions
NAKED TRUTH
Now Attracting the crowds at
KRISHNA
TALKIES—DUBASH THEATRE
3 Shows. Daily 4-15, 7 & 9-45 p.m.

THE CLASH
Between the RICH and the POOR exists since long.
HOLI
Touches this problem most Effectively
Glorious 2nd Week
A RANJIT'S Social Hit
Starring: MOTILAL, KHURSHEED ISHWARLAL, SITARA, DATE. DIKSHIT, And GORI
Daily 3 Shows
At 4, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
On Sundays Matinee at 1-30 p.m.
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

4TH WEEK
Saraswati's Musical Comedy
MY BELOVED
Daily: 4, 6-45, 9-45
PLAZA

SUIT AGAINST MULLAJI SAHEB

Essentials Of Valid Marriage Among Dawoodi Bohras

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice B. J. Wadia).

Fatimabai Abdealli Tyebji
..... Plaintiff.
v
1. His Holiness the Mullaji Saheb of the Dawoodi Bohras,
2. S. S. Saifuddin, the Amil and Representative of His Holiness, ... Defendants.

After the failure of the renewed attempts at peaceful settlement made throughout Wednesday, the hearing of the suit was continued yesterday.

Sir Jamshedji Kanga on behalf of the Defendants continued his opening address to the Court which was still unfinished at the close of the day. He pointed out that the tenets of the Dawoodi Bohra religion required seven requisites for validity of marriage. There must be a properly appointed guardian for the marriage even of a person who had attained majority. Secondly, a Kazi must be present, and such Kazi must be a true Kazi, i.e. appointed by the "Dai-ul-Mutlaq" or spiritual head who in this case was alleged to be the Mullaji Saheb. Then there must be the consent of both parties to the marriage, the "Khutba" must be recited, the marriage performed, in the presence of witnesses, and the "Mehr" or dowry must be fixed. Counsel for the Defendant pointed out that the marriage in dispute was not valid because neither the guardian nor the Kazi was properly appointed nor was the consent of the parties properly obtained nor the "Khutba" recited. Hence it was alleged that the Mullaji Saheb, was right in refusing to declare the validity of the marriage as prayed for in this suit, and was not guilty of defamation in stating that it was sinful for the parties to co-habit.

When the Court rose for the day Sir Jamshedji Kanga was still commenting on the evidence led on behalf of the plaintiff. The hearing of the suit is proceeding.

The Advocate-General, Mr. M. C. Setalvad, with Mr. F. J. Coltman, Mr. P. B. Vatcha and Mr. M. Y. Haindaday instructed by Messrs. Wadia Ghandhy and Co. appeared for the Plaintiff.

Sir J. B. Kanga, with Mr. V. F. Taraporevala, Mr. B. J. Desai and Mr. D. B. Desai instructed by Messrs. Little and Co. appeared for the Defendants.

NEW ASST. REGISTRAR FOR HIGH COURT

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Chief Justice has appointed Mr. V. V. Nagarkar to act as Assistant Registrar, High Court, Appellate Side, with effect from May 6, 1940.

Mr. Nagarkar, who started service as a clerk in this court, has been a court Shirestedar for a long time.

24 BOTTLES OF LIQUOR FOUND

Karim Ibrahim was arrested this morning by the preventive Section Police on alighting from the Kathiawar Mail at the Bombay Central.

He along with another who is absconding were seen by sub-Inspector Ibrahim moving suspiciously on the platform and on being challenged to open his trunk, it seems the accused refused to do so.

It is stated, the box was opened before a 'Puncha' and 24 four-ounce bottles of Mosambi Masala liquor were extracted from it.

The accused was ordered to be released on bail at the Girgaum Court.

Adulteration Of Food Stuffs

Two persons were convicted by the Municipal Courts, Bombay, for adulteration of ghee and butter, during the week ended March 16, one to pay a fine of Rs. 75 or to undergo two months' imprisonment and the other to pay Rs. 5 fine or one week's imprisonment.

During the same week 10 persons were convicted for the adulteration of milk, their punishments ranging from Rs. 25 fine or two weeks' imprisonment to Rs. 120 fine or four months' imprisonment.

Strikers On Trial

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Three Strikers who were arrested yesterday for alleged rioting at Parel Tank Road were placed before Mr. K. C. Thakore, Presidency Magistrate, Dadar, and were ordered to be released on bail.

It was stated that the accused formed part of party of 30 men who attacked ten blacklegs. Six of the injured persons were treated in hospital.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

ON THE AIR

FRIDAY, MARCH 29.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

8 a.m. Keep fit. 8-10 Gujarati Garba. 8-15 News in Marathi. 8-20 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Mohammad Shafi and Party. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 Cookery Hints. 9-15 Vilayat Husain. 9-40 The Bombay Radio Orchestra. 9-45 Vazirbai of Poona.

12-30 p.m. Naats. 12-40 Ghazals. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Dugane. 1-10 Mutual understanding: Lesson in English and Hindustani. 1-25 Ratanlal and Paritosh Seal: Violin and Piano. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch hour music.

5 You asked for it. 6-15 Selected by H. Haridas Kapadia. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 Selected by Vinaychandra T. Seth. 5-45 Selected by Sumati P. Joshi 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Yusuf and Moiz Loyn Moonwala. 6-20 Kantilal S. Trivedi of Cambay. 6-30 Sohini on Sitar. 6-35 Sonibai Mulgaonkar. 6-45 Mohammad Shafi and Party. 7 New Marathi books: Talk in Marathi. 7-15 Pramilabai. 7-30 Dawoodbhai Alibhai and party. 7-45 Sonibai Mulgaonker. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Tomorrow. 8-30 Among the new books: Review. 8-45 Pramilabai. 8-55 Talk of the town. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C news relay. 9-45 Mohammad Shafi and party. 9-55 Vazirbai of Poona. 10-10 Vilayat Husain. 10-30 News in English.

1 An emergency first made me think of flying. The Commissioner I had to see was leaving the following night, which left me twenty-four hours to get there. I did the only possible thing. I booked a seat on Tata's plane.

2 What impressed me most at the aerodrome was the complete absence of any of the fuss and bother one associates with Indian travel. My luggage was quickly stowed aboard, and I was in my seat and away almost before I knew it.

3 The cool, airy cabin with its individual ventilators and comfy chairs was a revelation after the heat and the dust of land travel. Then, they gave us delicious refreshment en route—free of charge!

4 Well, I saw the Commissioner, and I booked the business chiefly because I had been able to give my case the 'Personal' touch. An actual comparison of expenses showed that it had cost me no more to travel by air, while the trip had been much more pleasant, and had saved me DAYS. Yes, here's ONE business man who's going to give his business a FLYING START everytime!

TATA AIR LINES

FULL SERVICES IN OPERATION TO:
KARACHI . BHUJ . AHMEDABAD . DELHI
GWALIOR . BHOPAL . INDORE . BOMBAY
HYDERABAD . MADRAS . TRICHINOPOLY
GOA . CANNANORE . TRIVANDRUM
COLOMBO

For full particulars and Literature, including an illustrated Map of India, apply to:

Grams: Phone:
Tata Sons Ltd. Aviation Dept. Bombay House, Bruce St. "Tatair" 26041
Bombay: Aerodrome Office: 26050
Thos. Cook & Son. Ltd., Cook's Bldg., Hornby Rd., Bombay. "Coupon" 26073
Volkart Bros., Graham Rd., Ballard Estate, Bombay. "Volkart" 26651
American Express Co., 30-34, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Bombay. "Amexco" 27224

Bombay II—Programme

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

9 to 9-15 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 9-15 Pramilabai. 9-25 to 9-40 As in Bombay 1. 9-40 Babu Khan of Indore: Veena recital. 9 A Topical Talk in Gujarati. 9-15 to 10 As in Bombay 1. 12-30 p.m. to 12-57 As in Bombay 1. 12-57 Paritosh Seal and Amar Dutt: Piano and Mandolin. 1 to 1-30 As in Bombay 1. 1-30 Musical interlude. 1-35 to 2-30 As in Bombay 1.

51.46 metres (4,880 kc/s)

5 to 5-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 5-25 Songs from "Hind ka Lal" 5-35 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 6 Children's Hour (English). 7 to 7-30 As in Bombay 1. 7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 Babu Khan: Veena recital. 8-5 Vazirbai of Poona. 8-25 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 Vilayat Husain. 9-30 The Ghost of Shaynyang: Musical comedy. 10-30 News in English.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

5 p.m. Delhi Radio Orchestra. 5-5 Master Mumtas and Party. 5-25 A Sitar recital. 5-35 Qamar Ahmad Khan. 5-50 Dance music. 6-10 Special announcements. 6-15 Sohan Singh. 6-30 Dilli ke Diwankhane, 7: Talk in Hindustani. 6-45 Kisi ki Yad. 7 For Villagers only. 8 Akhtar Jahan Akbarabadi. 8-15 Books I have been reading: Review. 8-30 Nasir Khan. 8-50 Master Mumtas and Party. 10 A Jigar recital. 10-35 Persian music. 10-55 Persian music. 11-3 Persian music.

Delhi II—Programme

60.48 metres (4,960 kc/s)

5 to 7 p.m. As in Delhi 1. 7 Akhtar Jahan Akbarabadi. 7-15 Nasir Khan. 7-30 Sohan Singh. 7-40 Naat aur Qawwali. 8 to 10 As in Delhi 1. 10 A song recital. 10-15 Noelo Jones: Violin recital.

Delhi III—Programme

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)

5-40 to 7 p.m. As in Delhi 2. 8-25 Indian music. 9 to 10-30 As in Delhi 1.

Lahore Programme

276 metres (1,086 kc/s)

6-10 p.m. Abdel Majeed: Thumri and Ghazal. 6-30 Mahmoban Krishna: Geets. 6-45 For the countrypride. 7-15 Mushaira. 8-30 A Variety. 8-50 Nasar Husain: Geet or an explanatory talk. 9-50 Mehboob Jan of Sholapur. 10 Local Diary: Piano recital.

Dacca Programme

267.1 metres (1,167 kc/s)

6 p.m. For you, for me and for every body. 6-30 Gour Das. 6-50 A Tarasani recital. 6-5 Gramer Pathe. 7 Samarendra Paul. 7 50 Apsaga Chakravarti. 7-35 Nirmal Bhattacharya. 7-50 A Violin recital. 8-5 Radharani. 8-20 Gour Das. 8-30 Samarendra Paul. 9-5 Radharani. 9-45 Jhumur on disc. 10 Nirmal Bhattacharya. 10-15 Apanga Chakravarti.

Calcutta I—Programme

(Add 24 minutes for Calcutta time)

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

5 p.m. For the Children (Indian). 5-50 For the Children (Indian) (Contd.) 6-5 A Programme for Children. 6-40 A I E. Players present 'Chalar-Pathey' a social drama. 8 40 Announcements in Bengali. 9 Bimala Kanta Roy Chowdhuri: Sitar solo. 9-45 Kashinath Chatterjee. 10-10 Pankaj Mullick.

Calcutta II—Programme

61.99 metres (4,840 kc/s)

5 to 10-30 p.m. As in Calcutta 1.

Lucknow—Programme

293.5 metres (1,022 kc/s)

5-30 Malika Pukhraj of Jammu. 6-45 Noor Mohammad. 6-10 Sandhya Rani: An orchestral composition. 6-15 Geet and Ghazal. 6-30 Hamara Panchayoghar: For rural areas. 7 Ek tha Raja: For children only. 7-30 Life and Culture of Insects, 6: Talk in Hindustani. 7-45 Dadra and Ghazal. 8 Feature stories, 1: Rami presented by Nandi. 8-10 Pahari geet. 8-25 A Violin recital. 8-33 Thumri. 8-40 Instrumental duets. 8-50 Topic of the day or Indian music. 9-45 Records. 9-50 Noor Mohammad. 10-5 Alap Malkauns on Guitar. 10 10 Malika Pukhraj of Jammu.

Madras I—Programme

311 metres (1,420 kc/s)

4 p.m. Shrimati N. Lakshmikantammal. 4-30 European music. 5 Instrumental music. 5-20 P. S. Natarajan. 5-5 T. R. Gnanasangarasa: Flute. 6-30 B. Sankaralingam Pillai. 7 Week by week: Review of world events in Tamil by C. R. Srinivasan. 7-50 S. K. Visvanatha Sarma: Violin. 8-30 Shrimati C. Krishnaveni accompanied by the Jaya Films Orchestra. 9 World Events Weekly causerie by K. O. Antoni. 9-5. R. K. Visvanatha Sarma: Violin.

Madras II—Programme

50.98 metres (4,920 kc/s)

4 to 5-5 p.m. As in Madras 1. 5-5 For rural areas. 6-30 to 9-30 As in Madras 1. 9-30 Beneath Your Window. 9-52 Boston Symphony Orchestra. 10 Gertrud Rosenbaum: Violin.

Trichy Programme

396 metres (758 kc/s.

5 p.m. Instrumental overture. 5-20 Tirupambaram Somasundaram Brothers. 5-5 For the Villages. 6-30 Mudikondan C. Venkatrama Iyer. 7 World affairs (relayed from B B C) 7-15 Learn to sing. 7-30 Tiruppambaram Somasundaram Brothers: Nagaswaram. 8-30 Mudikondan C. Venkatrama Iyer. 9-45 Shrimati K. P. Bhagyalakshmi and K. P. Narayanibai.

Java Programme

(20, 25, 27, 29 and 31m.)

4 p.m. Songs for children. 4-40 Alfredo's Orchestra. 5-40 Talk on religion. 6 Gramophone. 6-30 George Bounanger and Ensemble. 6-40 Operette works. 7 Radioplay. 7-45 Peter Anders. 8 Nirom Orchestra.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Calcutta Mail (Chhookli)	9-40	10-10
Madras Mail	6-00	22-10
Peshawar-Lucknow (Express)	6-15	22-30
Calcutta Mail	9-10	17-40
Madras Express	16-15	14-35
Poona Mail	16-30	17-30
Punjab Mail	12-35	17-20
Nagpur Express	15-00	20-25
Poona Fast Passenger	16-50	11-30
Poona Express	19-35	8-05
Allahabad Express	21-05	6-15

Trade Buying And Covering In N. Y. Cotton Market

RENEWED WEAKNESS IN STERLING

Sharp Rise In Wall-Street

BOMBAY, March 28.

The New York Cotton Futures Market responded to the improved technical position and the strength of securities but renewed weakness in sterling tempered buying.

Free Dollar-Sterling cross rate after declining to 3.45¾ closed at 3.48¼ at New York while the controlled rate of 4.02½ to 4.03½ was maintained at London.

This weakness is checking rise in American prices. The Wall-Street Market was firm and U. S. Steel Shares advanced 3-3/8 at 57¾ dollars.

The New York cotton futures market opened steady and responded partially to firmness of overseas markets. Trade, co-operative and Wall Street buying met moderately active Bombay and Liverpool selling of nears and commission house liquidation.

Prices thereafter rallied on spot house and New Orleans buying. Finally trade buying and local spot short covering appeared with the session closing steady.

While Chicago grains' initial firmness on the failure of moisture to materialise in the South-west, the strength of Wall Street and reports that Russia bought a cargo of Pacific Coast wheat was erased by the pressure of loan stock liquidation and Eastern selling against purchases of securities.

PRICE MOVEMENT

At the opening May was quoted one point up at 10.41 which was the lowest level. There was fairly steady buying and at about the close prices reached highest level and May was quoted 10.49. The market closed at a net rise of 10 to 6 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 8 points at 10.73c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was fairly steady with improved buying and closed at a rise of 4 to 10 points. Spot cotton prices gained 5 points at 10.35c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of one point with May 7.43. Local operators again supported May and July with rally in Bombay helpful. Distants were hesitant reflecting the possibility of new crop subsidy. Bombay bought far distants, later trade calling and speculative demand hardened prices. There was some trade buying and offerings were scarce apart from hedging by outsiders. It is generally anticipated that Manchester trade would revive. The market closed at a net rise of 13 to 10 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices improved 7 points at 7.59d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

There was scattered buying in Egyptian cotton and Uppers futures advanced 7 to 6 points. Giza futures closed 6 points up. The Alexandria cotton market was quietly steady. Sakels futures improved 8 to 14 points and Ashmouni contracts closed unchanged to one point up.

PRIVATE CABLES—
New York May highest (3 p.m.) ..... 10.49+09
New York May lowest (10 a.m.) ..... 10.41+01
Liverpool May highest ..... 7.59+17
Liverpool May lowest 7.42

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: Spot demand improving. Good undertone.

New York: Selling lighter with steady trade demand.

NEW YORK COTTON
(New Contracts)

New York, March 27

May	10.61+08
July	10.48+10
October	9.79+09
December	9.65+05
March	9.49+08

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, March 27

May	10.48+08
July	10.39+10
October	9.79+09
December	9.65+05
Middling Spot	10.73+08

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, March 27

May	10.55+05
July	10.38+04
October	9.94+10
Middling Spot	10.35+05

NEW YORK
New York, March 27
11 a.m. rates Noon call

May	10.45	10.46
July	10.25	10.27

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York, March 27
Bales.

Day's receipts at all U S Ports	9,000
Day's export to Great Britain	7,000
Day's export to the Continent	3,000
Day's export to China and Japan	1,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool, March 27

March	7.53+17
April	7.55+17
May	7.58+16
June	7.58+14
July	7.59+13
August	7.51+12
September	7.62+11
October	7.34+10
November	7.28+10
December	7.25+10
January	7.23+10
February	7.21+11
March	7.19+11
May	7.16+11
July	7.09+11
Middling Spot	7.29+07
	10-45 a.m. quotations
May	7.46
October	7.26

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, March 28

Yesterday London gold remained unchanged at £8-8-0. London Paris Exchange rate was also unchanged 176 1/2 to 176 3/4. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London but it weakened to 3.48 1/4 at New York.

The weakness in sterling in term of dollar is disturbing all international markets and important developments are anticipated. It is said that the exchange market in New York is narrow but the market is oversold.

London Spot silver prices advanced 3/16d. at 22 1/4d. and forward quotation was also raised 3/16d. at 20 5/16d. India bought and Bears covered. Later on the market was quietly steady.

New York Spot silver price remained unchanged at 34 3/4 cents per ounce. Shanghai T T on London was quoted 4d.

London Bombay Spot silver parity was Rs. 54-5-3 and forward parity was Rs. 54-7-6. Sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 27-9-0. The local bullion market was fairly steady with moderate short covering as short sales are risky. The tone of the market was very steady.

Quotations were as under:

GOLD

Ready	Rs.	42 11 6
Pagan		42 12 0
Chaitra		42 14 0

SILVER

Ready		37 13 0
Pagan		57 12 0
Chaitra		57 15 6

LONDON SEEDS
London, March 27

Barletta Russo March quoted 26
South Australian shipment fob parcels March quoted 26/6

LONDON RUBBER
London, March 27

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb sellers 11 5/16

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay, March 28

Fine White Java sugar per cwt:
Ready (small grain) Rs. 12-3-0
Ready (large grain) Rs. 12-5-0
Shipment February Rs. 8-8-0 F B H
Shipment March Rs. 8-8-0 F B H
Shipment September Rs. 8-4-0 F B H
Indian sugars ready:
Ready (ordinary) Rs. 17-7-0 to 17-12-0
Ready (large grain) Rs. 17 13-0 to 18-5-0
Tone: Steady.

B. B. and C. I. Railway

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5-35	13-50
Delhi Express	6-00	22-15
Kathiawar Mail	6-45	21-30
Gujarat Mail	7-35	23-00
Frontier Mail	8-15	21-15
	(Mon.)	(Sat.)
The Flying Rance, Surat	9-45	15-10
		(Sun.)
The Flying Rance Surat		13-10
The Flying Rance, Surat (Except (Monday)	10-55	
The Flying Rance, Surat (Except Saturday and Sunday)		18-05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14-15	23-30
Kathiawar Express	18-45	8-45
Baroda Passenger	20-37	9-35

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday this train will run on Tuesday.

Arrivals at Ballard Pier

Frontier Mail (on Saturday only) for London 8-40

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, March 28

After yesterday's outburst, the local cotton market ruled quiet to-day with increased selling by offices. The weakness in yen is expected to restrict cotton exports to Japan and with heavy stocks, and continuance of strike in Mills, the outlook is discouraging for the near future and there was no follow-up on the buying side.

In sympathy with a rise of 8 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 251 for Broach A/M delivery and improved to Rs. 261/8 under scattered buying. Later on the market weakened on increased general selling and prices declined to Rs. 257/8.

In term of New York sterling cross rate local prices are very attractive but buyers have no confidence as the tender period is drawing near. Arrivals of Broach are heavy.

Liverpool market opened at a rise of 24 points and after advancing one point further which is the maximum limit was later 22 points up. In the local market prices after advancing to Rs. 260/4 quietened at Rs. 259/8. It is risky to remain short as prices are attractive and cross rates are expected to have effect. The market finally closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

F G M G Broach:—		
April/May	Rs.	248 0 0
July/August		259 12 0
Fine M G Oomra:—		
May		236 12 0
July		232 4 0
F G M G Bengal:—		
May		192 0 0
July		193 8 0

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, March 27

Broach A/M highest 249 lowest 242 1/4 closing 247 1/2
Broach J/A highest 260 lowest 253 1/2 closing 258 3/4
Oomra May highest 228 lowest 222 closing 227
Oomra July highest 233 lowest 227 closing 232
Bengal May highest 193 lowest 188 closing 191 1/2
Bengal July highest 194 1/2 lowest 189 1/2 closing 193 1/4
Night session: Broach July/August opening Rs. 269, highest Rs. 269 1/4, lowest Rs. 267, closing Rs. 253 1/2.
Broach April/May closing Rs. 247

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, March 27

UPPERS:—		
Spot		10.34+1
March		10.13+7
May		10.16+6
July		10.24+6
October		10.08+6
December		10.08+6
January		10.03+6
GIZA NO. 2—		
Spot		10.46—2
March		10.19+6
May		10.22+6
July		10.46+6
October		10.58+6
November		10.60+6
January		10.68+6

RESERVE BANK RATES

The Reserve Bank of India rate remains unchanged at three per cent. per annum.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, March 28.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 97-8
3 per cent 1941 Bonds 101-11
3 per cent 1951/54 Bonds 98-7
3 1/2 per cent G. P. Notes 94-8
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 104
5 per cent 1950/70 Loan 109-6
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 108
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan 114/6
5 per cent 1940/43 Bond 101/10
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan 33-12

TAX-FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 111-14
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 110-8
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 120-8

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B. P. T. 1947 105/12
4 per cent M. Deb. 1947 104/14
5 per cent M. Deb. 1959 114/12
6 per cent M. Deb. 1954 121/12
6 per cent K. P. T. 1958 120/12

Tone:—Steady.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, March 28

B. C. RATES —
T T D D 1/5 15/16 to 20th September
LONDON:—
Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 to 20th September
Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 20th Sept.
Bank's buying D D 1/6 5/32 one month
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32 One month.
Bank's buying 4 months 1/6 1/4 Two months.
NEW YORK:—
Bank's selling T T 335
Bank's buying T T 329
Bank's buying D D 326
PARIS:—
Bank's selling T T 1350
Bank's buying T T 1340
JAPAN:—
Bank's selling T T 90 1/8
Bank's buying T T 89 1/2
Bank's selling 60 days 88 1/8
AMSTERDAM:—
Bank's selling D D 86 1/8
JAVA:—
Bank's selling D D 84 5/8
HONGKONG:—
Bank's selling D D 83 5/8
SHANGHAI:—
Bank's selling D D 94 7/8
SINGAPORE:—
Bank's selling D D 187 3/4
CROSS RATE:—
Hongkong-London 1/3 29/32 20th inst.
Shanghai London 0/4 1/4 20th inst.
Java London 7.47/55 20th inst.
New York London 3.49 3/8 27th inst.
London New York 4.02 1/2—3 1/8 27th inst.

Cotton Parity

BROACH A/M BELOW LIVERPOOL MAY 191 PENNY POINTS AT EXCHANGE 1/6

BROACH J/A BELOW LIVERPOOL JULY 156 PENNY POINTS AT EXCHANGE 1/6

BROACH A/M BELOW NEW YORK MAY 95 CENT POINTS AT EXCHANGE 331

BROACH J/A BELOW NEW YORK JULY 33 CENT POINTS AT EXCHANGE 331

BROACH A/M BELOW NEW YORK MAY 225 CENT POINTS AT EXCHANGE 353

BROACH J/A BELOW NEW YORK JULY 157 CENT POINTS AT EXCHANGE 353

London Paris 176 1/2—3/4 27th inst.
London Italy 70.00 27th inst.
London Belgium 33.55/70 27th inst.
London Switzerland 17.88/95 27th inst.
London Stockholm 16.88/95 27th inst.
London Amsterdam 7.53/59 27th inst.
London Japan 1/4 7/32 27th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Dull
Gold £8-8-0 26th inst.
Gold £8-8-0 27th inst.
Silver London Ready 20 1/16 26th inst.
Silver London Ready 20 1/4 27th inst.
Silver London Forward 20 1/8 26th inst.
Silver London Forward 20 5/16 27th inst.
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 26th inst.
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 27th inst.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 26th inst.
London discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 27th inst.
London discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 26th inst.
London discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 27th inst.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1 1/4 per cent.
3 months 2 per cent.
6 months 1 3/4 per cent.
Tone:—Steady.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

Statement of the affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department as on the 22nd March 1940:—

LIABILITIES — Rs.

Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government	
(1) Central Govt. of India	9,06,69,000
(2) Govt. of Burma	3,54,48,000
(3) Other Govt. Accounts	7,84,48,000
(b) Banks	17,25,28,000
(c) Others	95,43,000
Bills Payable	8,09,000
Other Liabilities	1,30,93,000
Rupees	50,05,39,000

ASSETS — Rs.

Notes:—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	10,06,10,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	35,99,000
Rupee Coin	5,16,000
Subsidiary Coin	4,36,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	
(b) External	
(c) Govt. Treasury Bills	1,19,85,000
Balances held abroad*	24,98,98,000
Loans and Advances to Govts.	17,90,000
Other Loans and Advances	12,34,83,000
Investments	95,83,000
Other Assets	
Rupees	50,05,39,000

*Includes Cash and Short term Securities.

An account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 for the week ended the 22nd day of March 1940:—

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES — Rs. — Rs.

Notes held in the Banking Department		10,33,09,000
Notes in circulation:—		
(a) Legal Tender in India	237,98,45,000	
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	14,07,21,000	
Total Notes issued		252,37,66,000
Total Liabilities		262,37,66,000

ASSETS — Rs. — Rs.

A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—		
(a) Held in India	41,54,46,000	
(b) Held outside India	5,26,00,000	
Sterling Securities	113,80,21,000	
Total for A		127,31,67,000
B. Rupee Coin		85,10,99,000
Government of India Rupee Securities		39,95,00,000
Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial Paper		
Total Assets		252,37,66,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 62.02 per cent.

Scattered Buying In Steel Shares

COTTON MILL SHARES QUIET ON REALISING

Narrow Price Movement

Bombay, March 28

The local share bazar was quiet to-day with scattered selling influenced by weakness in cotton prices and on fears of changes in foreign exchange rates

The market opened very steady with prices slightly over previous close but in the absence of any support the market turned quiet with scattered selling. There was a slow decline and business was restricted.

The strength of Steels touched off a smart rally on Wall Street and while the market later was under its best due to profit-taking which was well absorbed, a long list remained up to two dollars higher, the session closing strong. In the meanwhile business news does not provide any incentive but increased volume of business of the upswing is viewed as constructive. At the same time the forthcoming meeting between President Roosevelt and Mr. Sumner Welles was the subject of much conjecture. U. S. Steel shares advanced 3 5/8 at 57 3/4. Anaconda Copper Mining shares improved 1 1/8 at 28 7/8 and General Motors closed one point up at 54 1/2 dollars.

Towards the close there was some buying in Steel shares and prices recovered. At the opening Tata Steel Defds. were quoted at Rs. 2110 and advanced to Rs. 2130 which was the highest level. Later on there was some selling and prices declined to Rs. 2092 and finally closed at Rs. 2110. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 394 and after advancing to Rs. 396 declined to Rs. 390 and closed at Rs. 392.

Cotton mill shares opened very steady but later on prices eased off. Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 990 and closed at Rs. 975. Century and Central India Mill shares closed at Rs. 231 and at Rs. 233 respectively. Associated Cement shares opened at Rs. 123/8 and closed at Rs. 123. Belapur sugars opened at Rs. 219 and closed at Rs. 218. Bombay Burmas opened at Rs. 635 and closed at Rs. 633.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, March 28

Bombay Dyeing (995) 990 985 990 975 981 972 976 978
Century (206) 236 233 234 232 232 231
Central India (233) 234 231 233 230 236
Kohinoor (366) 366 364 365 363 364
New Great (355) 358 356 356
Simplex (111) 111 109 109/8 108/8 109/8
Swadeshi (55) 264 262 263 262 260
Associated Cement (123/8) 123/8 124 123
Andhra (1510) 1510
Tram Ord (131/12) 132
Tata Hydro (199) 199
Tata Power (1378/8) XD 1347 1350 1347
T Steel Defd (2100) 2110 2122 2103 2112 2092 2110 (2126)
T Steel Ord (393) 394 396 390 393 390 392 (391)
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (143/8) 143/8 143/12
Bellapur (217/8) 219 220 216 217 218
B Steam (209) (205/8)
B Burma (633/12) 635 637 632 633 632 633

Steel shares advanced 3 5/8 at 57 3/4. Anaconda Copper Mining shares improved 1 1/8 at 28 7/8 and General Motors closed one point up at 54 1/2 dollars.

Towards the close there was some buying in Steel shares and prices recovered. At the opening Tata Steel Defds. were quoted at Rs. 2110 and advanced to Rs. 2130 which was the highest level. Later on there was some selling and prices declined to Rs. 2092 and finally closed at Rs. 2110. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 394 and after advancing to Rs. 396 declined to Rs. 390 and closed at Rs. 392.

Cotton mill shares opened very steady but later on prices eased off. Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 990 and closed at Rs. 975. Century and Central India Mill shares closed at Rs. 231 and at Rs. 233 respectively. Associated Cement shares opened at Rs. 123/8 and closed at Rs. 123. Bellapur sugars opened at Rs. 219 and closed at Rs. 218. Bombay Burmas opened at Rs. 635 and closed at Rs. 633.

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay, March 28.

100	Ahmedabad Advance	395 0
250	BOMBAY DYEING	975 0
100	CENTURY	231 0
100	CENTRAL INDIA	233 0
100	COLABA	156 0
100	Ceoria	120 0
250	David	49 0
250	Dawn	300 0
1	E. D. Sassoon Def.	8 7 6
100	FINLAY	184 0
100	GOKAK	197 0
1000	Hindustan	1320 0
100	Indore	39 4
100	Khatau	113 2
100	KOHINOOR	364 0
250	Laxmi	525 0
250	Madras United	75 0

100	MORARJI	191 0
250	Model	70 0
50	MYSORE	195 0
200	NEW GREAT	352 0
100	Osmanshahi	99 0
200	Phoenix	200 0
25	SASSOON SILK	78 0
1000	Sholapur	1000 0
50	SIMPLEX	109 0
100	SWADESHI	260 0
100	SWAN	156 0
500	Vishnu	1300 0
1000	Western	900 0

BANKS

50-100	Baroda	99 12
25-50	Central	37 6
500	Imperial	1515 0
125-500	Imp. Conty.	370 0
50-100	India	130 0
100	Reserve Bank	106 12
5	Union	5-12-0

CEMENTS

100	ASSOCIATED	123 0

INSURANCE

100	Empire	640 0
15-100	Jupiter	10 0
20	Mercantile	60 0
15-75	New India	36 0
200	Oriental	4350 0
10-50	Vulcan	7 2

ELECTRIC

100	Ahmed. Old	151 14
1000	ANDHRA VALLEY	1510 0
10	Ajmer	10 0
50	BOMBAY TRAM	132 0
100	Bombay Suburban	103 2
10	Broach	11 4
100	Karachi	100 0
100	Poona	105 0
100	Surat	102 0
100	TATA HYDRO	199 0
1000	TATA POWERS XD	1347 0

RAILWAYS

500	Ahmedabad Prantij	502 8
100	C. Province	60 0
250	Dh. Saramati	80 5
100	Gujarat	85 0
100	Mandra Bhon	84 0
100	Pashora Jamner	72 0
100	Sara Sarajpan	98 4
500	Tapti Valley XD	762 8

MININGS

9	Burma Corporation	6 7
2sh.	Indian Copper	2 5 6
10	Indian Iron and Steel	36 8
10	SHIVRAJPUR	39 4
30	TATA STEEL DEF.	2110 0
75	TATA STEEL ORD.	392 0

MISCELLANEOUS

100	ALCOCK	499 0
10	Air Services	5 4
50	BELAPUR SUGAR	218 0
200	Bombay Safe Dep.	621 4
250	BOMBAY STEAM	293 0
125	B. BURMA	633 12
50	B. BURMA CONT.	280 10
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	4 14 6
50	BOMBAY TELEPHONE	91 4
100	IND BLEACHING	112 0
50	Ind. Invest Trust	47 0
100	Ind. Radio Def.	657 0
100	Indian Radio Ord.	685 0
100	Port Canning	75 4
20	PREMIER CON.	84 8
15	Scindia	19 6
25	Tata Oil Mill	50 0
100	Western I. Match	137 0

PREFERENCE

7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1400 0
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	283 12
7	p.c. Bombay Tram (T.F.)	74 4
5	p.c. Central India (T.F.)	667 8
6 1/4	p.c. Prem. Const. 1st XD	105 0
6 1/4	p.c. Prem. Const. 2nd XD	100 4
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	142 8
7 1/2	p.c. Tata Power	1500 12
7	p.c. Tata Steel 1st Pref.	295 9
7 1/2	p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	143 12
7	p.c. Vishnu	600 0

DEBENTURES

3 3/4	p.c. Andhra Valley	100 8
6	p.c. Andhra Valley	103 10
4	p.c. Bombay Telephone	50 4
7	p.c. Sholapur	75 4
8	p.c. Tata Hydro	103 8

(Capital letters indicate shares ex forward list.)

WEEKLY SETTLEMENTS IN COTTON MARKET

Trading In New Crop Months On Monday

The system of settling the forward accounts once a week will be introduced by the East India Cotton Association, Bombay, with effect from September 1 when the July-August contract in Broach will come to an end.

The amendments to the by-laws of the Association seeking to replace the present system of fortnightly clearings have been forwarded to the Government of Bombay for their sanction.

With a view to simplifying the system, it has also been decided to do away with the method of deducting interest on account of unexpired period of contracts.

Trading in new crop contracts for 1940-41 will be opened on Monday subject to the proviso that the settlement of accounts will be on a weekly basis from September 1.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, March 27

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON SIX POINTS UP

Cotton And Silver Easy: Renewed Selling Pressure

STERLING DOLLAR RATE OPENS AT 3.50 3/4

Wheat And Seeds Decline On Liquidation

BOMBAY: MARCH 28.

THERE WAS MODERATE ACTIVITY IN NEW YORK COTTON TO-DAY. THE STEADINESS OF OVERSEAS MARKETS COUNTERACTED THE DULLNESS AT HOME, CONSEQUENTLY, PRICES MADE A SMALL HEADWAY.

BROACH SOMEWHAT IMPROVED ON HIGHER LIVERPOOL CABLES, BUT LATER EASED UNDER INCREASED OFFERINGS.

IN THE SILVER MARKET THE DEMAND FELL OFF OWING TO LACK OF FOLLOW-UP. PRICES RECEDED ON RENEWED SELLING PRESSURE.

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MAY 1940

New York: March 28.

Previous closing	10.48
To-day's opening	10.48
Difference	Nil.
To-day's closing	10.54
Difference	+6

BROACH EXPECTATION

Broach April/May	Rs. 247/0
Broach July/August	Rs. 258/8

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MAY 1940

Liverpool: March 28.

Previous closing	7.58
To-day's opening	7.82
Difference	+24
To-day's closing	7.74
Difference	+16

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York: March 28.

The trading in May began at 10.48, i.e. unchanged from the last closing. Prices advanced slightly on scattered trade and local buying, while later the increased outside support caused May to improve to 10.50. The undertone was good.

BOMBAY COTTON Night Session.

Bombay: March 28.

After opening at Rs. 258/8 Broach July/August improved to Rs. 259/4 but then again eased and finally closed at Rs. 257/12. Broach April/May closed at Rs. 246.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York: March 28.

Following were the opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange:—

May (10.41/41) 10.48/48

July (10.20/19) 10.28/28

Liverpool Cotton

Liverpool: March 28.

American March (7.44)	7.69
American May (7.50)	7.74
Giza March (10.16)	10.38
Giza May (10.27)	10.39

LONDON COMMODITIES

London: March 28.

SEEDS.

Castorseeds March April (£20 quoted) £20 quoted

Linseed Bombay/Calcutta March April (£18 1/8 quoted) £18 1/8 quoted

Linseed La Plata March April (£16 quoted) £16 1/16 quoted

Groundnuts Coromandal March April (£15 3/8 quoted) £15 3/8 quoted

JUTES.

Dundee March (£49) £49

Lightning March (£45) £44

RUBBER.

Spot (11 1/4d paid and value) 11 3/16d paid and value

Forward May (11 5/16d paid and sellers) 11 1/4d paid and value

METALS

Tin (£245 1/2 buyers; £246 sellers. Easy) £247 3/4 buyers; £248 sellers. Firmer

Electrolytic Copper (£52) £52

Lead Foreign Cash (£25) £25

Glasgow Iron No. 4 (111 sh.) 111 sh.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York: March 28.

Previous closing	3.42 1/4
To-day's opening	3.50 3/4

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London: March 28.

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London: March 28.

Previous closing	1.76 1/2 to 1.76 3/4
To-day's opening	1.76 1/2 to 1.76 3/4
To-day's closing	1.76 1/2 to 1.76 3/4

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York: March 28.

The following are the opening quotations:—

General Motors (dol 63 7/8) dol 54 5/8

Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 28 1/8) dol 28 3/4

U S Steel Common (dol 56) dol 57 5/8

U S Steel Preference (dol 118 1/2) dol 118 3/4

LONDON SILVER CABLE

London: March 28.

The following cable regarding London Silver Market was received here to-day:—

Speculators bought. Little offering. Business small. Market steady.

LONDON SILVER

London: March 28.

Spot (20 1/4d) 20 7/16d +3/16

Forward (20 5/16d) 20 1/2d +3/16

LONDON GOLD

London: March 28.

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON EXCHANGES

London: March 28.

London Exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02.50 to 4.03.50 which is officially fixed rate

France was officially fixed at 175.50 to 176.75

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6) 1-6

Paris on Bombay (13.24 5/8) 13.24 5/8

New York on Bombay (30.25) 30.30

London on Milan (70.00) 68.00

London on Shanghai (0-4 to 0-4 1/4) 0-4 to 0-4 1/4

London on Kobe (1-3 7/8 to 1-3 31/32) 1-4 1/8 to 1-4 7/32

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent

4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent

6 months (1 1/8 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/8 to 1 1/4 per cent

WHEAT AND SEEDS Latest Night Quotations

Bombay: March 28.

Wheat May	3 14 9
Wheat September	4 1 3
Linseed May	6 15 9
Linseed September	7 5 9
Groundnuts May	38 3 0
Castorseeds May	46 8 0
Cottonseeds May	25 5 9

BOMBAY BULLION Latest Night Quotations.

Bombay: March 28.

Silver Ready	57 5 0
Silver Chaitra	57 8 0
Silver Vaishakh	57 12 0
Gold Ready	42 9 0
Gold Chaitra	42 11 6
Gold Vaishakh	42 13 0
Sovereigns	27 9 0

CALCUTTA JUTE

Calcutta, March 28.

Calcutta Jute for June delivery opened to-day at Rs. 64/13 and declined to Rs. 64/6. In the afternoon prices opened at Rs. 64/6 and after declining to Rs. 62/4 steadied at Rs. 62/8.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, March 27

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£69
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	£32 1/4
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£36 1/4
Indian stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£112 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£72 1/8
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£97 1/2
War loan 3 1/2 per cent	£98 1/2
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£109 1/2
Victory Bonds	£108 5/8
Chartered Bank of I A and China	£9 1/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg	£93 1/2
National Bank of India	£30

LONDON SILVER

London, March 27

Spot	20 1/4
Forward	20 5/16

LONDON GOLD

London, March 27

Gold Bars Fine per oz £8-8-0

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, March 27

T T London on:—

New York	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
Paris	176 1/2 to 176 3/4
Madrid	39.70
Montreal	4.43/4.47
Amsterdam	7.53/7.58
Brussels	23.55/23.70
Milan	70.00
Berlin	17.55/17.59
Copenhagen	18.25
Stockholm	16.35/16.39
Oslo	17.50/17.79

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of meteorological observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 29-3-1940:—

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours +.028 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 79.5 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 66.2 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 88.7 deg. (3.8 below normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 70.4 deg. (0.7 above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 54 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. N.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 5 miles per hr.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 168 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 19 miles per hour.

Height of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky obscured) 2,000 ft.

BOMBAY COTTON STATISTICS

Receipts from 1st Sept. 1939 to 31st March 1940 (by rail and sea)	1,607,261
Receipts from 1st Sept. 1939 to 31st March 1940 (by road—estimated)	204,358
Total	1,811,619
Same time last year	1,567,843

Exports from 1st Sept. 1939 to 31st March, 1940:—

	*1939-40	1938-39
United Kingdom	—	44,094
Continent	—	147,367
China	—	99,680
Japan	—+	809,753
U. S. A.	—	1
Other Foreign countries	—	2,910
Coast Ports	—	13,981
Total	699,225	821,716

*By order of the Collector of Customs, countries of destination of all cargoes have been omitted.

Total exports by rail 1st Sept. 1939 to 31st March 1940	211,469
Estimated mill consumption in Bombay from 1st Sept. 1939 to 31st March 1940	469,510
Same period last year	521,310
Estimated stock of raw cotton held by exporters, dealers and mills in Bombay on 31st March 1940	1,160,456
Same time last year	1,088,356

KARACHI STATISTICS

Total receipts of cotton from Up-country from 1st Sept. 1939 to 14th March 1940	1,191,011
Same time last year	1,361,010
Total cotton shipped from 1st Sept. 1939 to 7th March 1940	689,382
Same time last year	873,577

EARTHQUAKE REPORT

An earthquake shock of moderate intensity as its origin about 6000 miles away was recorded by the seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 10h. 54m. (I.S.T.) on Wednesday, the 27th March, 1940.

Another shock of slight intensity as its origin about 1810 miles away was recorded by the seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 0h. 51mts. (I.S.T.) on Thursday, the 28th March, 1940.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 28-3-1940

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-01 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 69.0 deg. F. a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.17 inches and a compensated aneroid 30.97 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.025" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

3½ P.C. STERLING LOAN

London: March 28.

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed steady at £95 1/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

INDIAN LOANS

London: March 28.

3 per cent Indian Stock (£99) £99.

3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£95 1/4) £95 1/4

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 (£110 1/2) £110 1/8

4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 (£115) £115

4 per cent Indian Stock 1948/53 (£108) £108

5 per cent Indian Stock 1942-47 (£107 1/4) £107 1/4

3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1954/58 (£103) £103

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 (£105 3/4) £105 3/4

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£72 1/8) £72 1/8

3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£97 1/2) £97 1/2

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£101 7/8) £101 7/8

4 per cent Funding Loan (£109 1/2) £109 5/8

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£98 1/2) £98 1/2

New War Loan £99 11/16

4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£108 5/8) £108 5/8

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (12-0) 12-0

Marks and Spencer Ordinary (51-10 1/2) 51-10 1/2

Hydro Electric (dol 3) dol 3

Electric Music Industry (8-7 1/2) 8-7 1/8

Princhin Johnson (22-1 1/2) 22-1 1/2

Imperial Chemicals (31-9) 31-9

Woolsworth New Ordinary (65-4 1/2) 65-0 1/2

San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1939 (£46 1/2) £47

Dunlop Rubber (33-3) 33-6

Unilever Ordinary (32) 32-0

Ford Motors (17-1 1/2) 17-4 1/2

Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£60 3/4) £60 1/2

British American Tobacco Ordinary (101-10 1/2) 102-6

Carreas 'A' (£5 5/8) £5 1/2

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (117-6) 116-6

P. and O. Def. (21-3) 21-3

Distillers (66-6) 67-3

Bredfords Dye (6-0) 6

British Celanese (8-6) 8-6

J and P Coates Ordinary (36-1 1/2) 36-7 1/2

Courtaulds Ordinary (36-0) 36-3

Fine Cotton Spinners (6-6) 6-6

Vickers Limited Ordinary (18-4 1/2) 18-4 1/2

Inter Nickel (dol 45 3/4) dol 46 3/4

Indian Iron (51-9) 51-9

TEA SHARES

Assam (18-1 1/2) 18-1 1/2

Donaro Tea (31-3) 31-3

Empire of India (23-9) 23-9

JUTES

Barnagore (£9 1/4) 9 1/4

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (23-9) 23-9

Gula Kelampong (19-0) 19-9

Rubber Plant Inv Trust (32-9) 32-9

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (27-6) 27-6

Burma Corporation (9-3) 9-3

Rio Tintos (£14 1/4) £14 5/8

East Rand Properties (45-7 1/2) 45-7 1/2

Rand Mines (£7 1/4) £7 1/4

MINE SHARES

Crown (£13 5/9) £13 7/8

Associated Portland Cement (48-1 1/2) 47-6

Trinidad Leaseholds (71-3) 70-0

Sub Nigel (£9 3/8) £9 3/8

Spring Mines Split Shares (27-6) 27-6

Union Corporation (£7 1/4) £7 1/4

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (26-3) 26-3

Anglo India (52-6) 52-6

Burma Oil (71-3) 70-7 1/2

Mexican Eagle (6-3) 6-3

Shell Transport (78-9) 78-9

Royal Dutch (£32 1/2) £32 1/2

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£48 3/4) £49

London Midland Ordinary (£22 5/8) £22 5/8

London North Eastern Def (£3 1/4) £3 1/4

London Southern Def (£21 5/8) £21 5/8

London Transport 5 per cent (£117) £118

London Transport 'C' (£43 1/2) £43 1/2

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Steels Appreciate

CALCUTTA: March 28.

Jutes ruled firm and a fair amount of business was put through. In Coals selected stocks were again in fair request and a fair number of trading changed hands at gradually improved rates. Teas were not so much interested. In Miscellaneous Indian Iron and Steel and Steel Corporation of Bengal (Ord) appreciated farther on strong buying and a large volume of business was reported. Dunlops kept fully steady. Government securities were firm.

The following are the closing quotations:

Government securities: 3 per cent 1951/54 loan 98/9; 3 per cent loan 1963/65 93/13; 3-1/2 per cent Government paper 94/8; 3 1/2 per cent loan 1947/50 104/6 small lots; 3 per cent Government Paper 81/6; 5 per cent U P loan 1944 108/2.

Banks: Central Bank 36/4; Imperial Bank fully paid 1813; Reserve Bank 103/6.

Cottons: Bengal-Nagpur Cotton 13; Dunbar ordy 178 small lot; Kesoram ordy 5/10; New Victoria ordy 1/5; Pref 4/2.

Coals: Banara 3/14; Burra Dhemo 5; Bokaro and Ramgarh 15 c div; Charulia 1/15; Giridih and Munia 3/15; Equitable 37/8; Hurriladih 13/14 c div; Kalyea Jherriah 27/10; New Manbhoom 35/8; Pench Valley 35 c 5 small lot.

Jutes: Alexandra 130; Anglo-India 320/8; Cheviot 235/5; Clive 25/9; Dalhousie 247; Fort Gloster 544; Hastings Pref 101/8; Howrah 84/8; 'A' Pref 142; India 350; National 25/12; Oriant 212/8; Presidency 5/6; Reliance 61/8; Union 447/8.

Engineering Companies: Hukumchand Steel ordy 7/6; Defd 2; Indian Iron and Steel 35/8; Steel Corporation ordy 20/2; Pref 104/8 c 4.

Miscellaneous: Bankara Damodar Bly 88 small lots; Burma Corporation 6/6; Indian Copper 3/5; Bengal Potteries 6/8; Bareilly Electric 11/14; Bengal Telephone Pref 13; Jubbulpore Electric 13/4; B I Corporation ordy 4/12; Dunlop Rubber ordy 30/6 c div; Second Pref 118/12 c div; Indian Rubber Manfg 36/4; Indian Wood Products 35/14 c div; British Burma Petroleum 4/12; Titaghur Paper Pretd Ordy 5; 'A' and 'B' ordy 31/8; Midnapore Zemindary 74; Port Shipping 19/4.

Sugars: Rana 15/12; Sitalpore 10.

Teas: New Doab Pref 162; Pasbok 12/4; Sarugaon 8/12.

Debentures: 3 1/4 per cent 1956/66 Howrah Bridge Debs 98/4 small lot; 6 1/2 per cent 1953/53 Carew and Co Debs 104.—A. P.

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

KARACHI: March 28.

To-day's closing quotations:—

Giza Cotton May 36/0/3; Punjab May 37/0/3; F F F F May 38/7. Strong.

Wheat March 87/11/9; July 88/9/8.

Steam July 88/2/6. Strong.

Toria March 39/15/6; May 40/12; July 41/9/6.

Cottonseed March 21/6/9; May 21/13/9; July 22/6/9.

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

Bombay, March 28

Yarn No. 6 1/2s.	April 138	June	139
August 143			
Yarn No. 10 1/2s.	April 160	June	163
August 165			
Yarn No. 20 1/2s.	April 212	June	215
August 218			
Yarn No. 40s.	April 265	June	268
August 271			

Imperial Bank Of India

Statement of the affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 22nd March 1940.

LIABILITIES	Rs.	Rs.
CAPITAL:—		
Authorised—2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each	11,25,00,000	
Issued and subscribed—2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each	11,25,00,000	
Called up—75,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, fully paid	3,75,00,000	
1,50,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, Rs. 125 paid	1,87,50,000	5,62,50,000
Reserve liability of shareholders —Rs. 375 per share on 1,50,000 shares	5,62,50,000	
Reserve Fund		5,60,00,000
Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts		89,98,06,000
Loans against Securities per contra		—
Acceptances for Constituents		57,000
Sundries		65,46,000
	Rupees	101,87,19,000
ASSETS	Rs.	Rs.
INVESTMENTS:—		
Government Securities	35,73,93,000	
Other Authorised Investments	93,42,000	36,67,35,000
ADVANCES:—		
Loans	9,21,32,000	
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	3447,47,000	
Bills Discounted and Purchased	5,36,47,000	49,05,26,000
Liability of Constituents for Acceptances per contra		57,000
Dead Stock		1,86,53,000
Sundries		64,73,000
Bullion		—
CASH:—		
In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India	9,36,31,000	
Balances with other Banks	4,26,35,000	13,62,66,000
	Rupees	101,87,19,000

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, March 28

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

3 1/2 per cent Paper 94/10; 4 per cent 1960/70 108/6; 5 per cent 1948/58 112

BANKS

Bank of Baroda 99/12; Bank of Hindustan 21/0; Bank of India 127/8; Central Bank 37/6; Imperial Bank P P 1395; Imperial Bank P F 370; Indian Overseas Bank 80; Reserve Bank 106/12; Union Bank 6/12/6

TEXTILES

Ahmd New Textiles 435; Ambica 290; Arun 217/8; Arvind 1380; Asok 215; Bharatkhand Textiles 2150; Bombay Dyeing 976/4; Buckingham and Carnatics 210; Calico 797/0; Central India 289/3; Century 221/4; Colaba 156/4; Elgin 168/10; Gokak 197/8; Hukumchand 165/10; Indore Malwa 38/12; Jubilee 270; Khatau Makanji 113/2; Kohinoor 264/6; Laxmi Cotton 625; Madhusudan 200; Marsden 108/12; Morarji 190; Mysore 106/14; Nandlal Bhandari 77/4; New Great 353/8; Raipur 695; Rajnagar 147/8; Saijan 97/8; Sassoon and Alliance 78; Sholapur 3500; Simplex 109/6; Swadeshi 260; Vishnu 1305; Podar Mills 180.

HYDRO ELECTRICS

Andhra Valley Ord 1310; Tata Hydro Ord 158/12; Tata Power Ord XD 1247/8

ELECTRICS

Ahmedabad Electrics 187/14; Ajmer Electrics 10/6; Amalgamated 10/4; Bombay Suburban 143/2; Bombay Tram 151/14; Lahore Electrics 225; Surat Electrics 152/8

MISCELLANEOUS

Air Services of India nil; Alcock Ashdown 490; Associated Cements 153; Belapur 218/2; Bombay Burma New 200/12; Bombay Burma Ord 633/12; Bombay Steam 399/6; Telephone 91/4; Br. B. Petrol 4/11/6; Burma Corporation 6/8; Dalmia Cement 9/8; Indian Bleaching 131/14; Industrial Investment Tr. 49; Indian Radio Ord 465; Indian Radio Defd 477/8; Indian Copper 2/8/6; Indian Iron 36/8; Mysore sugar; 43; Port Canning 75/4; Premier Construction 84/8; Rohtas Industries 21; Scindia Steam 19/6; Shivrajpur 39/4; Steel Corp of Bengal 20/4; Tata Oil 50; Tata Steel ordy 392/8; Tata Steel Defd 2112/8

JUTES

Birla Jute 21/4; Howrah 54; Hukumchand 7/5; Kamarhatty 605; Kankinarrah 411; Lawrence 415; Reliance 60

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

Alexandria, March 27

SAKELS:—	
May	19.31+3
July	19.87+14
ASHMOUNI:—	
April	17.78+1
June	18.01+1
GIZA NO. 2—	
May	18.37+6
July	19.00+7

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, March 28

Bengal Fine	188-98
Bengal F. G.	193-98
C. P. 1.	240-47
C. P. 3	230-36
Berar	235-37
Khandesh	229-32
Jalna Sells	230-25
Ahmednagar	220-23
Broach	246-50
Punjab 4 F	250-53
Punjab 289 F	298-303
Sindh N. T.	233-35

American Cotton Figures

	F F Bales	1939-40	1938-39
Receipts to date	27-3-40	6951000	8000000
Receipts yesterday	27-3-40	9000	2000
Exports to date	27-3-40	5332000	6928000
Stock at Ports	25-3-40	6988000	2340000
Stock at Interior Towns	25-3-40	6951000	6928000
Stock at Liverpool	25-3-40	.....	.....
Visible Supply	25-3-40	.....	6328000
Quantity in sight	25-3-40	12126000	6328000
Quantity out of sight	25-3-40	.....	7000000

PEPPER AND GINGER PRICES

Bombay, March 28

(The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association, Ltd.).

Pepper ready Alleppy per candy	Rs.	89	0 0
Pepper Chaitra Sud 15 per candy		88	0 0
Pepper Jeth Sud 15 per candy		92	0 0
Pepper ready Lampong in C.I.F. per candy		not quoted	
Ginger ready unbleached per cwt		15	2 0
Ginger ready bleached per cwt		17	6 0
Ginger Chaitra Sud 15 per cwt		15	4 0
Ginger Vaishakh Sud 15 per cwt		15	12 0

GROUNDNUTS & SEEDS

Bombay, March 28

Castorseeds May—			
Opening	Rs.	46	12 0
Highest		46	15 0
Lowest		47	0 0
Closing		47	0 0
Groundnuts May—			
Opening		38	13 0
Highest		38	14 0
Lowest		38	6 0
Closing		38	6 0
Cottonseeds May—			
Opening		25	11 0
Highest		25	11 3
Lowest		25	6 0
Closing		25	7 0

LIMITED TURNOVER IN SUGAR MARKET

Traders Look For Reduction In Syndicate Price

Bombay, March 27

Java sugar: Since our last review, local market for ready Java sugar continued to remain steadier with an advance of 3 annas per cwt. Improvement in ready has been mainly due to demand for Java sugar ex-Bond delivery for transhipment at a premium of 4 to 6 annas per cwt. over the prices ruling in the local market. As regards forward positions, there has been a sharp advance of 8 to 9 annas in March and 5 to 6 annas in September mainly due to enquiries from Colombo and Kathiawar Ports for March and some speculative demand for September. Another reason for recent rise has been due to reports from Java that the Conference Line has increased freight from Java to W. C. Ports to shi. 40 per ton i.e. an increase of 12/6d per ton or 7 1/3d. per cwt. from 1st of April 1940. According to the terms of contract of the local market, above rise in freights is included in the selling price and therefore actual increase in forward contract is 3 annas in March only. Owing to the great uncertainty as to freight and other difficulties for shipments, business is very restricted as most of the local merchants prefer not to do anything at present. Java market on the other hand is reported to be firm and business is not possible except at much higher prices i.e. at Java Exporters' limits if actual sugar is required for any of the Ports. Locally there was limited turnover between dealers at current prices. At the close tone of the market was firm owing to scarcity of sellers for fixed ports.

INDIAN SUGAR

Market for Indian sugar continued to remain quiet with prices fluctuating within narrow limits. There was no interest in fresh business as local prices are lower than replacing cost and there is possibility of the syndicate reducing its selling limit during its next meeting on the 2nd April 1940. It is rumoured that the Syndicate is also going to consider some special reduction in price for sales in Ports to meet competition from Java. At the moment, market is in a very uncertain state and naturally therefore the merchants prefer to wait and watch fresh developments before entering into business. The general impression is that since the current Indian crop is estimated at over a million tons and present stocks are heavy, the Syndicate will shortly be compelled to reduce its selling limits. Arrivals are now much reduced and with the reduction in stocks, it is likely that present prices will be maintained until there is change in limits of the Syndicate.

FOREIGN MARKETS

There is practically no change in New York Terminal market. Java second hand market is reported to be steady after severe decline during the beginning of March. The present second hand prices in Java are much higher and sellers are firm as Nivas' ideas are understood to be firm for the Eastern destinations.

CALCUTTA AND KARACHI

There is little interest in Java sugar except for transhipment sales to P. Gulf etc. from Karachi. As regards Indian sugars, both markets remain quiet owing to uncertainty about Syndicate's policy regarding future sales.

GENERAL

Local market for ready Java sugar is likely to remain steady with some improvement in present prices as the local stocks are now much reduced and fresh arrivals are quoted higher. As regards forward positions, it is likely that there is further advance in prices as there is possibility of demand from Out Ports owing to recent rise in freights and prices ruling in Java are much above local parity.

ABSENCE OF YARN DEMAND FROM UPCOUNTRY DEALERS

Bombay, March 27

As reported in our last review prices of raw cotton ruled easier as the week bulls were sellers owing to the approaching tendency period for Broach. Calcutta speculators were predominant sellers for forward position of raw cotton. Owing to absence of demand for yarns from up-country dealers, consumers and weavers, prices of yarns have also been weaker and no business of importance has resulted during the week. Political situation has eased but the future trend of events is still obscure. Besides owing to Easter holidays, holiday feeling was prevalent amongst the dealers and middlemen. The local labour strike still continues but it is expected that the labourers may resume work within the course of a week or two.

ENGLISH YARNS.

No business is possible in this class of yarns at present owing to comparatively much higher prices.

JAPANESE AND SHANGHAI YARNS

Prices are easier with a few buyers. There is practically very little demand for Mercerised yarns and the trend of prices is easier. The Yen Exchange rate has firmed up to 85 5/8 on the 26th instant and due to further weakness in Dollar Sterling cross rate, which is reported at 3.53 1/2, the Yen Exchange rate has opened very strong and it is quoted at 89 1/8. The tone seems very firm and it is quite likely that it may firm up even to Rs. 95 per Y100.00.

ARTIFICIAL SILK YARNS

There has been practically no change in prices than what were ruling during last week. Prices in Japan are same as last week but forward business has not been booked. Owing to poor demand traders are nervous about the future tendency of the market and hence they are reluctant to enter into any commitments whatsoever at the present level of prices.

INDIAN YARNS

Business in 20 1/2s and 10 1/2s on the Bombay Yarn Exchange Ltd., has been very negligible and the price has remained near to the last week's quotations. Today's quotations are as under:—

	April	June	August
20 1/2s	Rs. 211	Rs. 214	Rs. 217
10 1/2s	Rs. 160	Rs. 163	Rs. 166

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay, March 28

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

	Yesterday	This year Since 1st Sept.	Last year Since 1st Sept.
In full-pressed bales			
Khandesh	212	49,940	38,976
Central India	794	99,783	200,409
Barsi and Nagar		106,473	61,708
Hyderabad Gaorani	112	42,642	4,183
Berar	1,646	221,822	148,143
Central Provinces	55	69,480	32,638
Total Comras	2,819	630,856	485,053
Dholera	602	89,209	140,479
N W Provinces	74	23,846	2,287
Rajputana	29	26,711	51,802
Sind Punjab	1,209	508,946	883,689
Broach	4,447	292,186	246,169
Coompta and Dharwar	149	17,671	17,886
Westerns Northerns	409	18,726	28,980
Cocanada		63	84
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		1,309	2,851
American	7	53,207	2,577
Egyptian, African and Sudan		203,189	287,779
Comilla, Burma and other ports		2,624	6
Total		2,948 1,544,479	1,463,376
Arrived by road to 31st March 1940			224,388

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY

1st Sept to 31st March

In full-pressed bales	Yesterday	This year	Last year
Total		2,650	

SELLING INDIAN GOODS IN AMERICA

Big Jump In Exports

A jump in the imports of certain Indian goods into America is reported in the Quarterly Report of the Indian Government Trade Commissioner in New York for July-September 1939.

In kid skins, dry and dry salted, India increased her share by nearly 200 per cent compared with that in the corresponding period for 1938, in nux vomica by 86 per cent, in lac (crude, seed, button and stick) by 73 per cent, in shellac unbleached by 260 per cent, and in manganese concentrate (35 per cent and over) by 90 per cent.

India exported over 20,000 lbs. of sheep and lamb skins, doubled her exports of walnuts shelled, and contributed 291,800 lbs. more of pepper black and unground, 7,527 tons more of pig iron, and 5,573 lbs. more of sausage casings. She was almost the sole supplier of jute and jute butts, cashew nuts, nux vomica, lac, shellac unbleached, and myrabollams.

Decreases were, however, recorded in the imports of buffalo hides (dry and wet), calf skins, goat and kid skins wet, goat and kid skins dry, jute bagging for cotton, jute bags and sacks, burlap, tea, pistache, and psyllium seed.

There was a steady improvement in the general economic conditions in the United States of America. The various pointers of economic conditions such as stock market, industrial production, employment and payrolls, department store sales, and commodity prices registered some improvement in the first half of the quarter. This improvement was considerably accentuated in the last month of the quarter by the outbreak of the war in Europe which was followed by a considerable industrial and business activity.

Imports into America in July 1939 were 30 per cent higher than in 1938 while exports were only slightly higher. In August the improvement was six per cent and nine per cent respectively and in September eight per cent and 17 per cent.

Weekly Clearings And New Crop Contracts

The Secretary, East India Cotton Association writes:—

The Association at its extraordinary General meeting held on Tuesday last decided in favour of the introduction of weekly clearings with respect to new Crop Contracts for the season 1940-41 and thereafter and approved of the necessary amendments to the by-laws for the purpose subject to the sanction of the Government of Bombay. Government have now sanctioned these amendments to the by-laws, which have been notified in the Government Gazette dated 28th March, 1940, under Finance Department Notification No. 4233/38-D dated 27th March 1940.

The weekly clearings will come into force with effect from 1st September, 1940, and trading in new Crop Contracts for the season 1940-41, which has been permitted by the Board from Monday, 1st April, 1940, shall be subject to the amended by-laws referred to above.

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVED

Bombay: March 28.

Greek s s Prescus of 3073 reg tons Capt A Costaropulos arrived from Alexandria in ballast.

Volkart Bros Greek s s Mount Mycale of 2280 reg tons Capt P Kolkitis arrived from Karachi with cargo of cotton.

LOADING

The following vessels are booked for loading on 28-3-40:—

Greek s s Prescus

Dutch s s Siam.

EXPORTS

Bombay: March 28.

100 bales raw cotton Konishi and Co Ltd; 100 bls raw cotton P Hirachand and Co; 100 bls raw cotton M S Kalsha Ltd; 100 bls raw cotton A Khimji and Co; 100 bls raw cotton Viram Lodha and Co; 100 bls raw cotton Valji Lodha and Co; 300 bls raw cotton G K Kalsha Ltd; 100 bls raw cotton M Amersey and Co; 100 bls raw cotton N Futehally and Co; 100 bls raw cotton J Jeevan and Co; 100 bls raw cotton Brasl and Co; 300 bls raw cotton Podar Trading Co Ltd; 100 bales raw cotton Hissaraj and Co; 100 bls raw cotton K Vishram and Sons; 100 bls raw cotton N Manilal; 100 bls raw cotton A Ravchand; 200 bls raw cotton A Clayton and Co; 100 bls raw cotton V Morarji; 100 bales raw cotton G Desai and Co; 200 bls raw cotton Ramnarain Sons Ltd; 100 bls raw cotton K Poonja and Co; 200 bls raw cotton Kotak and Co; 100 bls raw cotton Saleman and Co Ltd; 100 bls raw cotton K M Nathoo; 100 bls raw cotton C Jethabhai and Co; 100 bls raw cotton N Nagsee and Co; 100 bls raw cotton S R Tulshan and Co Ltd; 200 bls cotton twist waste L O Vore; 1967 bags myrabollam H Bhagwandas and Co; 20 bls cotton grey piecegoods Aroom and Co; 72 drums magnesium chloride P Magnesia Works Ltd; 14 bales D/s goat skins D Abraham and Sons; 150 bls cotton waste L O Vore; 10467 bags grd nut oil cake exp H Ravji and Co; 2000 bags grd nut oil cake meal K Prasad and Co Ltd; 6000 bags grd nut oil cakes Raili Bros Ltd; 110 bags dry ginger A P Gupta; 66 bags fennel seed A P Gupta; 5036 bags grd nut kernals S M Rajgor and Co; 2730 bags grd nut oil cake exp The East Asiatic Co Ltd; 18 bls cotton piecegoods The Jassam Carpet Co; 105 bgs sient

From TO-DAY!
REGAL
Daily, at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
A WHOLE CITY CRIED— STOP HIM!
But how can you stop something you can't see?
A NEW FANTASTIC SENSATION
Stories by The Invisible Man by
H. G. WELLS
THE INVISIBLE MAN RETURNS
SIR CEDRIC HARDWICKE
VINCENT PRICE
NAN GREY
John SUTTON
Cecil KELLAWAY
FREE LIST ENTIRELY SUSPENDED

2ND WEEK!
1940's SENSATION OF SENSATIONS!
Mightiest Movie of All!
Charles LAUGHTON
VICTOR HUGO'S
THE HUNCHBACK OF NOTRE DAME
RKO RADIO Picture
NEW EMPIRE
3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
FREE LIST ENTIRELY SUSPENDED

TODAY—LAST DAY!
CAPITOL At 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
BARBARA STANWYCK
JOEL McCREA in
"UNION PACIFIC"
FLAMING ROMANCE!
From TOMORROW:
VICTOR McLAGLEN JACKIE COOPER
THE BIG GUY
SUNDAY 10-30 A.M.
MICKEY MOUSE
SELECTED PROGRAMME

HE STOLE MY PEARLS! HE STOLE MY WATCH!
HE STOLE MY HEART!
The family jewels or the family's daughter were easy game to Raffles!
SAMUEL GOLDWYN presents
RAFFLES
starring
DAVID NIVEN and OLIVIA de HAVILLAND
directed by SAM WOOD
EXCELSIOR
4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu: Falgun Vad 6, 1996
Muslim: Safar 19, 1359
Parsi: Meher 26, 1309
Hightide: 3-35; 16-37
Lowtide: 9-45; 22-47
Sunrise: 6h. 36m.
Sunset: 6h. 52m.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN
Special Jurors' attention is drawn to the Notice appearing in the Public Notification Column.

IN AID OF Y. M. C. A.
In aid of the Y.M.C.A a concert will be held to-day (Friday) at the C. J. Hall.

KARNATAK ASSOCIATION, BOMBAY
The annual general meeting of the members of the Association will be held at R. N. Motabhoy's house, 311, Tardeo Street, Nana Chowk, Bombay, on Sunday, the 31st inst. at 4 p.m.

PUBLIC SCHOOL EDUCATION
A lantern lecture will be given on Public School Education for Indian Boys by Mr. F. G. Pearce, Principal of the Scindia School, to-day (Friday) at 6-45 p.m. in the Anjuman Hall, next to the "Times of India" Building, Fort.

INDIAN PROGRESSIVE GROUP
The annual general meeting of the Indian Progressive Group will be held at Greens to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. to adopt the annual report and elect office-bearers and members of the Standing Committee for the current year.

AUDICHYA BRAHMINS' CONFERENCE
The 24th session of the All-India Audichya Conference is to be met on 26, 27 and 28th April at Vasai (Gujarat) under the presidentship of Rao Saheb M. C. Raval, ex-Manager of the Durbar Bank, Bhavnagar. The Chairman of the Reception Committee is Mr. C. D. Pancholy.

ALL-INDIA TRADE UNION CONGRESS
The General Secretary, A.I.T.U.C. writes: The General Council of the A.I.T.U.C. will meet at the Servants of India Society's Home, Sandhurst Road, Girgaum, at 2 p.m. (S.T.) to-day (Friday). The General Council has on its agenda various important items such as the situation created by the war and the necessity of dearness allowance being given to the workers, the present textile strike in Bombay and similar other industrial disputes elsewhere in India. The General Council will also elect the Indian workers' delegate to be sent to the next session of the International Labour Conference to be held at Geneva during the first fortnight of June.

DNYAN-PRASARAK MANDALI
A public lecture in Gujarati will be delivered under the auspices of the above Society to-day (Friday) at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.) at "Sir Jivanji Mody Memorial Hall," "K. B. Cama Oriental Institute," Apollo Street, Fort, by Mr. K. J. B. Wadia on "Child-Rearing, Child Protection and Child Education." Miss Amy B. H. J. Rustomji, Inspectress of Schools, will preside.

'F' WARD CONGRESS EXECUTIVE
The Council of Management of Elections of the 'F' Ward District Congress Committee, which were announced to take place on the 31st March 1940 will now not take place as two of the validly nominated candidates having withdrawn the remaining 25 candidates are declared elected.

Amusements Of The Day

CAPITOL—"Union Pacific". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"The Invisible Man Returns." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Balalaika." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Raffles." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"The Hunchback of Notre Dame." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Laigad". Daily at 4-15, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
PATHE—"Mud" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
ROXY—"Kangan". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Ardhangi" Daily at 4-15, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Zindagi". Daily at 4-15, 7-15 and 9-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Naked Truth". Daily at 4-15, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Kum-Kum". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Holi". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Gorakhnath". Daily at 4-15, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
PLAZA—"My Beloved". Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.

B. P. C. C. ADJOURNS

Protest Against Pathar's Arrest

The Bombay Provincial Congress Committee adjourned without transacting any business as a protest against the arrest of Mr. S. G. Pathar, a member of the A.I.C.C. and one of the Secretaries of the Girni Kamgar Union (Red Flag).

David Sassoon Industrial School

The Annual Prize distribution ceremony of the David Sassoon Industrial School, took place in the school's premises at Matunga on Thursday evening under the presidency of Sir John Beaumont, Chief Justice of Bombay.

A few hundred of the juvenile delinquents of the city took part in an interesting programme consisting of magic, drill, dialogue and dramatics, dance and music.

Prizes were given away by Lady Beaumont, to the inmates of the house who had excelled either in games or in the different arts and crafts in which training is given in the institution.

The years' activities were outlined by Mrs. Tarabai Manecklal Premchand, Chairman of the institute.

Sir John Beaumont congratulated the staff on the good work they had done.

Presidency Infant Welfare Society

The annual general meeting of the Bombay Presidency Infant Welfare Society was held, on Thursday evening, at the Secretariat. Lady Lumley presided.

Lady Lumley expressed satisfaction at the progress made by the society and hoped that the pioneering work done by them would win against apathy and superstition. She commended the work of the Health Visitors' Institute and emphasised the need for recruitment in this sphere.

The annual report was read out by Dr. C. Manschardt.

ADVENT CEREMONY OF SRI KRISHNA CHAITANYA
Sri Krishna Chaitanya's 454th advent ceremony was celebrated by thousands of people in the various provinces last Saturday. His Advent ceremony was celebrated by the members of the Sri Gaudiya Math, Gowalia Tank Road, amidst a crowded programme of religious discourses, rituals, sankirtan and distribution of mahaprasadam. About 1,000 poor persons were fed in connection with the above ceremony.

Bombay Sweep!
It's not the Derby kind!
It's on the Indian Screen!
"LAXMI"
Is coming NEXT WEEK
To Sweep All Bombay with ABSORBING Story, ENCHANTING Music, DAINTY Dances, showing the
Resurrection of Man by Woman
"LAXMI"
"CIROO" Production
*
"LAXMI"
"ROYAL"-JEWEL NO. 11
WORLD PREMIERE
*
Next Week
IN GIRGAUM AT THE
MAJESTIC

Erwad Framroze Ardeshar Bode, who was installed as Dashturji (High Priest) of the newly opened Fasli Agiari at New Marine Lines, Bombay on Jamshedi Navroze Day (March 21st) and who was the recipient of over 400 shawls from individuals and institutions from all parts of India as tokens of congratulation on his appointment.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

Civil Appointments

Mr. D. S. Bakhle, I.C.S., Commissioner of Labour, Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation, Bombay, and Registrar of Trade Unions, is granted with effect from the 1st April 1940 leave on average pay for four months.

Mr. S. R. Deshpande, Assistant Commissioner of Labour, Bombay, will officiate as Commissioner of Labour and Registrar of Trade Unions and Mr. H. K. Chainani, I.C.S., will officiate as Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation, Bombay, during the absence of Mr. D. S. Bakhle.

Rao Bahadur V. H. Vachhrajani, M.A., LL.B., J.P., is confirmed in the post of Deputy Secretary to Government, Political and Services Department, with effect from 1st April 1940.

A temporary appointment of a Second Grade Deputy Collector is created for a period of six months or till an Assistant Collector is available, whichever is earlier, in place of Mr. R. F. Keith, I.C.S., and Mr. D. A. Sontake is appointed to hold it and to do duty as District Deputy Collector, Nasik.

The continuance of the temporary post of Public Relations Officer has been sanctioned till the end of September, 1940, and to direct that Mr. A. S. Ekambara Iyer should continue to hold it.

Government Notification granting Rao Saheb S. G. Achrekar, Superintendent of Police, Bombay City, leave for one month with effect from 1st March 1940, and appointing Mr. S. P. Bhatkal, Inspector of Police, Bombay City, to officiate as Superintendent of Police, Bombay City, during the leave of Rao Saheb S. G. Achrekar, is hereby cancelled.

Mr. R. K. Anpat, Huzur Mamlatdar, Satara, to officiate as Huzur Deputy Collector and City Magistrate, Sholapur, vice Khan Saheb Suleman Kalubhai Desai transferred.

Khan Saheb Suleman Kalubhai Desai, Huzur Deputy Collector, Sholapur, on relief, to be City Magistrate, Poona, vice Mr. S. T. Fernandes, M.B.E., proceeding on leave preparatory to retirement.

Mr. C. V. Gokhale, L.C.E., B.S.E., to act as Executive Engineer, Ahmednagar Division, vice Mr. Phillips granted leave.

On return from leave Mr. Phillips to be Executive Engineer, Ahmednagar Division, relieving Mr. Gokhale, who will then revert as Assistant Engineer in the Deccan Irrigation Circle.

Mr. N. S. Lokur, LL.B., District and Sessions Judge, Poona, is appointed, in addition to his own duties, as Additional Sessions Judge in the Ahmednagar Sessions Division.

Mr. M. C. Pereira, B.Sc., M.B.B.S. (Bom.) has been appointed as Honorary Venereologist at the Civil Hospital, Ahmedabad, for a period of two years with effect from the date on which he assumes charge of his duties.

J. N. Petit Institute

The annual general meeting of the Jamsetji Nusserwanji Petit Institute was held on Thursday. Sir Byramjee Jeejeebhoy presided.

The audited statement of accounts and the Managing Committee's report for the year 1939 were adopted at the meeting.

NEW EXTENSION
The report referred to the extension of the Institute building comprising of the Reading Hall and Library, which were fitted up in an ideal fashion. Additional storage for 50,000 more books had been provided which it is hoped will last for 20 years to come at the rate the Institute was progressing.

A new Reference and Study Room was opened during the year with 2,000 valuable books. The effort was being much appreciated by those of the members engaged in research.

The President announced that the committee would shortly instal a telephone in the extension near the new reading room.

The wedding of Mr. Satish D. Kalelkar, son of Kaka Kalelkar, with Miss Chandu Parekh, under the Civil Marriages Act, took place on the 18th inst. in Bombay. Mr. Kalelkar is a graduate of the Bombay and Oxford Universities, while his bride is a graduate of Indian Women's University and an M.A. in Sociology of Boston University.

CITY FATHERS IN JOVIAL MOOD

The last meeting of the official year of the Municipal Corporation on Thursday was marked with a number of humorous sallies which kept the councillors jovial and in good mood. Being the last meeting, according to the usual practice, a photo of the Municipal Corporation "in action" was taken. When the protographer was ready for his last "click" of the camera, he shouted "Ready please" and instantly Mr. K. F. Nariman raised a point of order, whether the Mayor could be asked to be steady. This created of course a hearty laughter as the reply was given by the Mayor.

The House heard a number of speeches of Mr. B. J. Deorukhar on various items. One was:

"That the Corporation are of opinion that a convention should be established that the election of the Chairman of the three Statutory Committees, viz., the Standing Committee, the Improvements Committee and the Schools Committee should be made by communal rotation as is being done in the case of the Mayoral election.

Mr. Suleman Darvesh seconded the proposition and urged the Congress Party to give a chance to all communities by turn.

The proposition was thrown out.

Mr. Deorukhar then moved that the Corporation are of opinion that no member of the Corporation should be appointed as Honorary Magistrates in the interest of public justice.

Mr. Suleman Darvesh seconded the proposition but it was thrown out, when put to vote.

The House then adjourned till Monday.

MADRAS CHEMICAL INDUSTRY LTD.

The Madras Chemical Industry Ltd., aided by the local Government has been started to manufacture standardised B. P. preparations, chemicals, disinfectants biological products etc., which hitherto being imported from foreign countries have been costing over seven crores to the Indian tax-payer.

The Company expects to declare dividends from 10 to 20 per cent, in view of the abundant quantity of raw materials available in Southern India at very low prices and owing to the facilities offered by the Government of Madras.

The authorised capital is Rs. 5,00,000 divided into 50,000 shares of Rs. 10 each, payable in four equal instalments. Share application money may be tendered at any office of the Imperial Bank of India in Burma and Ceylon for transfer to the Company's Credit with Madras office,

(Advt. on page 9.)

SITUATION IN ALLAHABAD

ALLAHABAD, March 28.
The extension of the curfew order last night to two more localities in the city and the constant vigilance of the police authorities is expected to ease the situation.

This morning, however, most of the shops are closed and the city presents a deserted appearance.—A. P.

HOSHANGABAD:— Representatives of the Jobat State people met Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, President of the All India States' People's Conference and acquainted him with the action of the State authorities in deporting more than 150 persons from the State territory. Jobat is a state in Central India.

ALLEGED INFRINGEMENT OF PROHIBITION RULES

Taxi-Driver Assists In Effecting Arrests

BOMBAY, Thursday
The plucky action of a taxi-driver who grew suspicious of the contents of some suit cases of his passengers brought to book three persons who are alleged to have infringed the Prohibition Law.

It is stated that Mohamed Abdul Hai and two others alighted from a local train at Currey Road at 1 a.m this morning and engaged a taxi to Dongri. They asked the driver to tie some heavy suitcases to the carrier which aroused the driver's suspicion and he straightaway drove to the Delisle Road police station.

The accused who, it seems, attempted to escape were caught by the police.

The suit-cases contained 37 pints of Mosambi liquor in 13 bottles labelled "Government Liquor Warehouse, Kalyan" and valued at Rs. 126. It is alleged that the accused were carrying on the "business" regularly.

The accused were offered bail at the Dadar police Court, to-day.

VIKAS MANDAL, VILE PARLE
Under the auspices of "Vikas Mandal" a public meeting will be held at Liberty Lodge Hall to-day (Friday) at 8-30 p.m. when Syt. Yagnesh Shukal will speak on "My Italian Tour." Shree. C. J. Bhatt will preside.

DEMAND OF SECURITY FROM PRESS
The Government of Bombay has demanded a security of Rs. 1,500 under section 3(3) of the Indian Press (Emergency Powers) Act 1931, from Mr. Lakshman Narayan Chapekar, keeper of the Aryasanskriti Press, Poona, because that printing press was used for printing a book containing matter expressing approval and admiration of the offence of murder and of persons committing such offences and has also declared all copies of the book to be forfeited.

METRO
DAILY AT 3-30-6-30-10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 20848
BALALAIKA
Starring
NELSON EDDY
JEANETTE MacDONALD
ATWILL
SIDNEY
TOMLIN
TAMIROFF

THE ONLY ANTIDOTE
for Depression and Blues is genuine entertainment!
You can have plenty of it in the years most Spectacular Film Show
THE STORY OF THE MAN WHO OUTWITTED THE WITTIEST OF ROBBERS

ALI-BABA & 40 THIEVES
SAGAR'S COLOURFUL INTERPRETATION OF THE CHARMING ARABIAN NIGHTS FANTASY
Starring: Surendra, Sardar Akhtar, Wahidan, Gulam Md.
Directed by: MEHBOOB
OPENING TO-MORROW
SAT. 30th MARCH AT
PATHE
LAMINGTON ROAD
Time: Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
MAT. at 1 p.m. on Sat., Sun. & Holidays
A SUPREME RELEASE!
Advance booking now on at the theatre. Daily from 10 a.m. onwards.

Telephone No. 22620
Telegrams: "Chronicle."
Registered No. B. 1068.

The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, MARCH 29, 1940.

BRITAIN'S TWO VOICES

We knew that vested interests would promptly make capital of the Muslim League's proposal to dismember India. They have already begun to do so. They make out that if India is given even Dominion Status, let alone complete independence, it will mean irretrievable disaster to the country. The "Statesman" for instance, says that "if India receives Dominion Status partition seems the inevitable result in view of the attitude which the Moslem community appears disposed to adopt." The "Times" of London is more explicit and says: "To talk of conferring Dominion Status on the country is to misunderstand the meaning of the words and any suggestion that the British Government intend to impose it, will meet with the implacable opposition of both the Moslems and the Princes." And the paper attributes their fear of Dominion Status to the fact that "it means the virtual disappearance of British Paramountcy and the elimination of the Special Responsibilities, now vested in the Provincial Governors and the Governor-General." We cannot vouch for the Princes or other puppets of the Paramount Power, but neither the Muslims nor other minorities would care to rely on British Governors and Governor-General for safeguarding their special interests. All minorities have come to realise that their best safeguard is the goodwill of the majority or their own strength and organisation.

India Alone Can Decide

Referring to the Viceroy's offer "with regard to Dominion Status", the "Times" suggests that "the Congress circles will be well advised to reconsider the offer remembering that to the Muslims and the Princes Dominion Status makes even less appeal than did Federation." The suggestion is that the Congress should accept something much less than Dominion Status retaining all the "special responsibilities" of the Governors and the Governor-General. The "Times" will be well advised to realise that, whatever may be the differences between the Congress and the Muslim League, they both heartily distrust Dominion Status, both are heartily sick of the Britishers' solicitude to safeguard the interests of Indian minorities and both demand complete independence. We agree, however, with the "Times" that "the final constitution for India can only emerge from an agreement between Indians themselves." It is for this very reason that the Congress asks for a Constituent Assembly or its equivalent to enable the people themselves to forge their constitution.

Will Britain Be Too Late?

The "Daily Herald" seems to understand the Indian position a little better but not clearly enough. Contrasting Canada's enthusiastic support to the war with the lack of it in India the paper says that, if only India had had the same status as Canada has to-day, Indians would have taken the same free decision to stand with Britain" It is well said that of all the sad words of the tongue the saddest are "it might have been." But it is also commonly said that the words "too late" are writ large on the pages of British Indian history. The "Daily Herald" fondly hopes that "there is still time, though not much time now to retrieve the mistakes of the past six months" and suggests that "there must be no delay or equivocation in offering India full idependence within the Commonwealth on terms to be agreed upon by all sections of Indian opinion with Great Britain." If by "all sections of Indian opinion" is meant a thoroughly representative democratic body like a Constituent Assembly or its equivalent acceptable to all parties, we endorse the suggestion. But if a packed body like the past Round Table Conferences is meant, the Congress can have nothing to do with it. However, we endorse the specific suggestion about the next step that the "British Government should welcome and act upon Gandhiji's undoubted desire for a peaceful compromise." Will Britain be too late even in this?

Strike Relief Fund

The Bombay strike has gone on for over three weeks but it is a pity there is no prospect yet of a settlement. It is admitted by all that the strikers have a just cause and that they have no other weapon than a strike in the fight for their rights when the employers are recalcitrant. In response to the suggestion from the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and the Mayor the workers agreed to accept arbitration. But the suggestion was summarily turned down by the millowners, who also refused to give an undertaking suggested by Government that they should give a war bonus to workers if they made "large profits" owing to war conditions. A refusal to give such a reasonable undertaking shows that the millowners are out to starve the workers into submission.

But the wrokers, their wives and children shall not be starved. Those who are clothed by the toil of the workers, ought to come to their rescue when they are in distress, particularly because they have a just cause. Before our eyes is being enacted a tragedy which affects four lakhs of men. It is impossible for the citizens to be unconcerned in the matter. We trust they will generously contribute to the Strike Relief Fund till the workers' just demands are conceded or at least till the dispute is referred to arbitration. The Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and Municipality have a special responsibility in the matter. Their duty has not ended with asking both sides to accept arbitration. They owe something more substantial to the workers in distress. On a similar occasion in the past the Municipal Corporation sanctioned a generous grant for the relief of the hungry families of the strikers. It should do no less on the present occasion; especially as it has a Congress majority.

Ramgarh And After

By DR. PATTABHI SITARAMAYYA

Few people realise what an inestimable national asset India has to-day in Mahatma Gandhi. They freely concede that he has given a new turn to Indian politics, exalted the national ideal and yet brought it within the realm of the real, carried national consciousness to the man in the street and filled the masses with a sense of self-respect as well as adequate confidence in themselves. Albeit not a few be they—notably among the young and middle-aged, who are filled with doubt because his pace is slow and his method wearisome. How often do not pilgrims on return home try to hurry up their pace and get impatient over reaching their destination! In counselling, therefore, patience and circumspection at this juncture let us pass in review the salient points in the events of the past two decades.

★

Mahatmaji entered the scene of Congress politics in 1919 and helped to shape the decisions of that august body from the Amritsar session. He inaugurated the Non-co-operation movement in 1920 and was hustled more or less into individual Civil Disobedience on account of the visit of the Prince of Wales to India in November, 1921. His plan of mass disobedience contemplated for Gujarat had to be given up in unavoidable circumstances. His next attempt at Civil Disobedience was at a time that he had chosen on lines that he had chalked out and to the end that he had had in view. His famous eleven points constituted his criteria. The Gandhi-Irwin Agreement may not have solved India's problem, but there it stands as a landmark in history, with its lessons as well as its warnings for posterity. Now Mahatmaji is about to enter upon his third and possibly his last essay in C. D.; for he is aging. He was fifty when he began the first movement, sixty when he carried out the Salt Satyagraha and seventy when he is about to give his final battle to Britain. It is, therefore, necessary that there should be no uncertainties and no avoidable risks in respect of the coming movement. Unfortunately, however, on this occasion his strategy is not of his shaping. It is largely influenced by the tactics of his opponent, on the one hand, and the untutored impatience of his following, on the other. When a warrior is on the offensive, the choice of time, place and circumstance would be his, but when he fights a defensive battle, he has to answer the opponent on the opposite side and control the soldiery on his own. This is the position in which Mahatmaji finds himself. He is the General and no General would allow himself to be jockeyed into an offensive suddenly when he is fighting on the defensive side, by mere concatenation of circumstances. The European war is not of our choice. It began under its own conditions. Mahatmaji is averse to exploiting the opponent's distress for his (country's) own end. In the first place his cult of non-violence and his conscience dictated one way. The actualities of the nation necessitated a different course. He would have liked to be left alone at such a juncture but his countrymen would not allow it. Nor would they allow him to shape the strategy of his Generalship according to his own lights. Here is the unusual and absurd instance of the soldiery seeking to determine the tacticts of the General. But Gandhiji has stoutly resisted such adverse and dangerous influences and the pitfalls to which they would doubtless lead. It has taken a whole session of the Congress to accept Gandhiji's advice in the matter,—not that the session and its spectacular effect were pressed into service for the purpose, but that a whole half year from September 3, 1939 to March 20, 1940 was spent in carrying conviction to the nation, the soldiers that must really fight the battles ahead that they should hasten slowly. Not to do so would be folly of the first magnitude. To precipitate the crisis would be not merely suicidal to the movement for the time being but would doom it for ever, for if the movement failed in the life-time of Mahatmaji few can expect it to succeed after him. It would be doomed for ever.

★

The difficulties of the situation —complex in itself—are greatly aggravated by a series of events. The incompatibility of temperaments as between Mahatmaji's and the nation's is already adverted to. Gandhiji, who has publicly declared that the substance of Independence would satisfy him, has lately stiffened his demand and this appears to have happened in his last conversation with the Viceroy on the 6th February. He has stiffened his demand for complete independence and given no loophole anywhere, unless his subsequent commentaries constitute any such. His conception of Independence is not that the English should quit bag and baggage now and here but that India should have her right acknowledged and declared to shape her own destiny. There are really three ways of settling the destiny of India—'self determination', 'joint determination' and "'other' determination." The Minto-Morley Scheme, the Montford Reforms and even the Act of 1935 are examples of the last. There was an attempt to inaugurate the middle course both in the Gandhi-Irwin Agreement and in the Second Round Table Conference but it aborted. Gandhiji is, therefore, now convinced that nothing short of self-determination would satisfy himself or his charge. The visible expression of such a principle is the Constituent Assembly. To deny this to India is to negative the democratic principle and to own up on the part of Britain unwillingness to forego India as a factor of the Empire. In other words, Britain would then stand convicted through her own commissions and omissions, of her eternal faith in her imperialism. On the contrary merely because Gandhiji demands a Constituent Assembly for India, he does not deny Britain her right to plead before it for suitable measures for the protection of her own rights and investments, nor to the minorities their inherent and indefeasible rights as essential and ancient factors of Indian Nationalism. It is India's right to secede from the Empire and to strike up a pact with Britain, or to strike up a pact and remain with Britain on terms—not of partnership as is so often stated by Hoares and Zetlands, but on terms of perfect equality as Allies. On this Gandhiji would accept no compromise, though any one that knows him should know that he would throw his full weight on the side of enlarging the groupings in the world so as to contract the chances of mutual friction and bitterness.

★

At this stage it is necessary to deal with an aspect of the problem which is not wholly imaginary. If Mahatmaji has doubts about the preparations in the country, the persistence of the fighting wings of the Congress and its followers, as well as the measure of sincere adherence to the cult of non-violence in spirit and truth, then why not he lower his demand and strike up a settlement as a halfway house between complete Independence and now? To ask this question is not to understand the thesis of the previous sections in which have been described the fact and the reason for the fact that Mahatmaji has stiffened his demand. If we could be satisfied about the absolute sincerity of the British in India we could parley with them and scale the height to freedom in easy stages. But if every time we strive to roll up the stone to the hill-top, the stone comes down to the foot, we should be less than wise not to draw the moral from the experiences of Sysiphus. The British are adepts in showing one thing and giving another—in showing you, the palm and making you lick the elbow as the adage says, —and even at that, in preventing the swallowing of what you chew and the digestion and absorption and assimilation of what you have swallowed. It is, therefore, Mahatmaji's ambition that the next fight must be a fight to the finish and for that very reason we should not lightly embark on it. To say that is not to indulge in theoretical perfections and make them lead to practical denials. Whenever Gandhiji points out a defect or an error, his object is not to damn the institution guilty of it but to correct it and improve it so as to enable it to achieve greater ends.

(TO BE CONCLUDED)

The Pakistan Bubble

By D. F. KARAKA

India is a country which constantly washes itself in the soap of politics. In this process of washing and drying and washing again there is an occasional bubble that froths and floats on the surface. In time the bubble bursts and disappears in the mainstream of dirty water leaving India a little cleaner for the experience. One such bubble is of Mr. Jinnah's blowing. At the moment it is very prominently on the surface.

* * * *

Mr. Jinnah first began with the complaint that the Congress refused to recognise the Muslim League claim to be the sole representative of the Muslims of India. Nor was the Congress attitude wrong because if such recognition were given, it would mean that the Congress would deny itself its national character and become a purely communal organisation. This it was not and never wanted to be.

Mr. Jinnah's next step was to play the role of a minority leader —a sort of supper-Dr. Ambedkar who was being oppressed and harassed by the majority community. With this idea he asked for the appointment of a Royal Commission and for an investigation of his charge of oppression during the Congress regime. As time passed he was not content to play this minority leader's role and at the Lahore Conference of the Muslim League he came out with his new idea of a partition, which would separate the Hindus and Muslims of India, a partition as artificial as if it were made between England, Scotland and Wales.

* * * *

However absurd may be the suggestion he has made, one has to examine it unbiasedly because it comes from an organised party. The Muslim League has made it the main issue in its programme and the Pakistan idea certainly can claim to be one of the much discussed issues of the day. It has been said, perhaps a little ungraciously, that it was the natural consequent to Mr. Jinnah's desire to take his place beside the Mahatma and that if there are to be two leaders there would also have to be two Indias. But we will dismiss this criticism for the present. Mr. Jinnah's personal motives are not for us to know. We must judge him by what he has said in defence of Pakistan and nothing more. Mr. Jinnah says: "The Hindus and Muslims have two different religions, philosophies, social customs, literature. They neither inter-marry nor inter-dine and indeed they belong to two different civilisations which are based mainly on conflicting ideas and conceptions."

The basis of the claim Mr. Jinnah has made for a separate national state is, therefore, the fact that the two communities do not inter-marry nor do they inter-dine. One would have thought that the cure for that should be the initiation in India of inter-marriage and inter-dining rather than that because of social separatedness of the two tributaries the national stream should be made to flow in different directions.

* * * *

At the head of the Congress to-day is a Muslim divine. It is fitting that in a year in which Mr. Jinnah has widened the gulf between the two communities, the Indian National Congress was able to retort with the election of a Muslim to preside over what is alleged to be a predominantly Hindu body. It is not as if the Maulana was a toy in Hindu hands, a mouthpiece of Hindu policy or a puppet in the hands of a Hindu master. The present President of the Congress commands very great respect both as a person and as a President. We regard him not as a Muslim but as a devout Indian; a nationalist in the truest sense of the word, one who has learnt to think and act in terms of India. That the Congress should have been able to produce such a man does credit to itself. It is the true test of the national character of that institution.

Says Maulana Abul Kalam Azad in his Presidential Address: "I am a Muslim and am proud of that fact. Islam's splendid traditions of thirteen hundred years are my inheritance. I am unwilling to lose even the smallest part of this in-

(Continued on page 7, col. 1)

Frankly Speaking

Britain And Wang Ching-Wei

Says a London cable: "Reuter's diplomatic correspondent learns that although it is inevitable that some foreign business interests will of necessity have to work in co-operation with the new Government in China under M. Wang Ching-Wei, so far as the British authorities are concerned, it is understood that their attitude will be one of complete non-recognition." The British Government. If the report correctly represents them, are to be congratulated on this attitude which is not only fair but is also morally due to China. We hope other Powers also will adopt a similar line of policy and what is more important and urgent openly proclaim it. But the inevitability of some foreign interests being obliged virtually to recognise Wang Ching-Wei is a dangerous snag. Such excuses have by natural transition led in many cases to British recognition of agression.

Hitler's Failure

Herr Hitler, it was recently suggested by a neutral paper, was working on a speech which was designed to dispel popular disappointment arising out of the barrenness of the Brenner meeting. When he will make this heartening speech, if at all, is not known. But it is obvious that the Nazis themselves have now accepted the Fuhrer's Brenner offensive as more or less a fiasco. As an Amsterdam paper pointedly emphasizes, the resounding cries in the Nazi press of a "new Europe" have suddenly died without even a single echo of them now. Which is, of course, inevitable due to the two-fold veto placed upon the Fuhrer's move. Herr Hitler proposed to dispose of the destiny of Europe through a Berlin-Moscow-Rome Alliance. Moscow, says the "Telegraaf", felt unable to agree owing to the demand for guarantees to Rumania and Turkey. This, if true, would indicate aggressive designs which, in Russia's own interests, would be a misfortune. The correspondent suggests further that the Russo-German difficulties concern not only the future but even the present relations. If this is so, some interesting developments may be expected soon.

Still On The Fence

Italy, too, has apparently administered a severe snub. A Russo-Italian rapprochement so ardently desired by Herr Hitler would seem to be out of the question after denials by the Rome radio and other hints by the Fascists. But Italy is upsetting the whole of the South-East apple cart of her friend. Although Signor Mussolini can change his policies suddenly and without warning—as in the case of Austria—Count Teleki's mission seemed to have ensured Italian protection of Hungary against both Germany and Russia. A number of things can be clearly read between the lines of the various official and semi-official statements dealing with Count Teleki. The two most important things are that Hungary, guaranteed by Italy, does not propose to become a German or Russo-German vassal. Secondly, Italy maintains her old independent attitude in the Balkans "vis-a-vis" not only the Allies but also Germany and Russia.

Wise Decision

In response to an official demand by France, Russia has recalled M. Sourritz, the Soviet Ambassador in Paris, who, according to the French, had ceased to be "persona grata" with them. There is, of course, a controversy as to whether the telegram sent by M. Sourritz to M. Stalin justifies the French objection to the former. But, whatever, the rights and wrongs of the case the Soviet have acted with commonsense in closing the incident as they have done. Their new foreign policy has not been a great moral success. And from a material point of view they should avoid precipitating new quarrels.

Hindustani Text Books

While the present Bombay Government continue their predecessors' policy of compulsory teaching of Hindustani in the lower secondary and upper primary classes, they have invited authors and publisher to publish more text books in Hindustani than are now available. Evidently the object is to provide a wide field for the choice of books best suited to the requirements of different schools, within the limitations prescribed about the contents of the books. So far as sanctioning the books is concerned, we trust the old policy of discouraging a national tone in them will no longer be followed. We also trust the schools will choose from among the sanctioned books only such as strengthen nationalism and patriotism among the students.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"The Lahore resolution of the Muslim League did not mean division of India, but that Muslims in North India should occupy the same position as the Muslim in the south. Nothing more was intended."

—Maulana Zafar Ali Khan in the Central Assembly.

* * * *

The President and Secretary of the Delhi Provincial Forward Bloc have resigned.

If provocations like this continue on the eve of the historic forward struggle that is about to be launched, early in April the Deshgaurab will himself resign in protest.

* * * *

Reminded of the deadlock in India by the Canadian general election, the British Labour paper, the "Daily Herald", invites the British Government to learn from the example of Canada.

Could somebody teach Labour statesmen the wholesome principle that practice is better than precept?

* * * *

Mr. Gandhi, Best Known Indian In America
—Press Headline.

It's lucky for the federated unity of the U. S. A. that it cannot be dissolved by Mr. Jinnah for this obviously anti-Muslim atrocity.

* * * *

LIGHT ON THE OBVIOUS

To remove, "an utter lack of understanding of the true position taken up by the League" Chaudhari Khaliquzzaman declares:—

"The League wants no redistribution of population. "It simply wants the setting up of three independent federations in India. The Muslim federations will consist of Sind, Baluchistan, North West Frontier Province and the Punjab in the North-West and Bengal and Assam in the East. The rest of India will be under the Hindu federation."

Wonderful, wonderful!

But we wish the Chowdhri Sahib had removed his own utter lack of understanding about the understanding of others before throwing such dazzling revealing light on the League position.

* * * *

AND ALAM FOLLOWED

Here is something which you must read. But for heaven's sake don't laugh lest you precipitate a 'civil war' in India.

It is, on the other hand, required of your emotions that you should weep in passionate pride.

The speaker is Doctor Md. Alam and the occasion the debate on the "land-mark" resolution of the Muslim League:—

"He asked Mr. Jinnah if he would maintain his attitude against direct action even after giving the League the lead that was being given in the resolution. The reply was that the resolution carried them far; if they had to fight the British for it, Mr. Jinnah said: "Alam, I will give my life for it."

Dr. Alam said that he next questioned Mr. Jinnah if he would be prepared to go to jail in fighting for the goal which he had set before him. Mr. Jinnah, according to Dr. Alam, said: "Alam, before you, you will follow me." After these assurances, Dr. Alam said that he told Mr. Jinnah, that he (Mr. Jinnah) was his leader."

* * * *

A Muslim Zemindar of Bihar opposes "Mr. Jinnah's 'two nations scheme' based on religious, cultural and racial grounds."

Yes, that is the priceless jolge put across by the Qaid-e-Azam.

* * * *

Fritz Thyssen the German ex-steel magnate has left Locarno for France, says a report.

He is seven years too late.

* * * *

"That suit you're wearing is certainly a credit to your tailor."

"Debit, old man debit."

CONFIDENCE IN FUTURE

Craigie Blames Third Parties For Anglo-Japanese Difficulties

TOKIO, March 28.

Speaking at a luncheon given by the Japan British Society, Sir Robert Craigie reviewed the general trend of Anglo-Japanese relations following two and a half years spent in Japan.

THIRD PARTIES BLAMED

Sir Robert Craigie said that no one could deny that there had been difficulties during this period, but there was room for satisfaction in the thought that the innate good sense of their two nations, reflected in the wisdom of their respective Governments, had prevented animosities of a moment from hardening into deepseated resentment or permanent estrangement. What had struck him most was the extent to which the real differences had been overlaid by mass misunderstanding and misrepresentation, all too often fostered by unwelcome attentions of third parties.

"But the truth will be out and already there is growing up in each country an appreciation of the extent to which the actions of the other have been vilified and misrepresented during these last years."

Sir Robert Craigie added that bearing in mind the declared intentions of the Japanese Government and the measure of success achieved he had a definite feeling of confidence in future Anglo-Japanese relations.—Reuter.

Pope Receives Count Teleki

ROME, March 28.

Count Teleki the Hungarian Prime Minister was received by the Pope to-day.—Reuter.

THE PAKISTAN BUBBLE

(Continued from page 6)

heritance. The teaching and history of Islam, its arts and letters and civilisation are my wealth and fortune. It is my duty to protect them.....But in addition to these sentiments I have others also, which the realities and conditions of my life have forced upon me. The spirit of Islam does not come in the way of these sentiments. It guides and helps me forward. I am proud of being an Indian, I am part of the indivisible unity that is Indian nationality. I am indispensable to this noble edifice and without me this splendid structure of India is incomplete. I am an essential element which has gone to build India. I can never surrender this claim.....Eleven hundred years of common history have enriched India with our common achievements...Everything bears the stamp of our joint endeavour. There is, indeed, no aspect of our life which has escaped this stamp. Our languages were different, but we grew to use a common language; our manners and customs were dissimilar, but they acted and re-acted on each other and thus produced a new synthesis.—This joint wealth is the heritage of our common nationality."

Thus spoke the President of the Indian National Congress, a devout Muslim, who touches Islam in every phase of his life and existence. Even Mr. Jinnah cannot claim to have lived a more Islamic life than the Maulana. The Maulana showed how Islam was consistent with the idea of a national Indian existence and how India as it has grown up to-day bears the stamp of the joint endeavour of two communities. You cannot now separate the two and still preserve the edifice. It is as if a house stood on two pillars and you tried to remove one and plant it in a different place. India is also like that with an existence that depends on the harmony of its two major communities.

* * * *

They are other difficulties in the way of such a partition. A large section of young Muslims, who rushed to the Muslim League in the days of its early existence are beginning to realise that the isolation, which their leader plans, will do Muslim India little good. Economically the two are so interdependant and if at all the Muslim stands to lose by such communal emphasis and certainly by a separation.

Already the first sounds of dissent have been heard and one or two of the younger men have left the League fold. They believe in Muslim unity, but they equally believe in the greater unity of the Indian people. And when Mr. Jinnah forces upon them the issue of partition, they have preferred to be out of the League and wait till someone is found to lead them, as Muslims, to achieve a greater unity and to live a fuller life in the orbit of a free India than they are doing now. That is the position as it stands at the moment. It is to be seen how far these enlightened Muslims will prevail upon Mr. Jinnah and induce him to alter his outlook.

City Strike Situation

Crop Of Arrests Of Labour Volunteers

S. G. Patkar Arrested: Workers Continue Peaceful Picketing: More Volunteers Being Enrolled

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. S. G. Patkar, a member of the A. I. C. C. and one of the secretaries of the Girni Kamgar Union (Red Flag) was arrested this noon, under Government of India Defence Rules.

He was removed to the Yerwada Jail.

Mr. Patkar belonged to the first batch of arrests along with Mr. S. A. Dange. But he was alleged to have eluded the Police who combed almost every chawl in the city. While a warrant for arrest was pending against him he attended the Ramgarh session of the Congress. After his return to Bombay, Police again resumed their hunt.

To-day he attended the Chief Presidency Magistrate's court at the Esplanade Court, as the case against him and six others with regard to the Phoenix Mill dispute pending in the court for a time, came up for hearing.

As Mr. Chari, Defence Counsel, applied for adjournment, on the plea that the arrest and removal of Mr. Dange, one of the accused in the case, left him without sufficient instructions and as he was not in full possession of the relevant records, Mr. Velkar, Police Prosecutor, stated that Mr. Patkar was not present in the court.

When Mr. Chari retorted that Mr. Patkar was sitting behind him there was laughter in the court. Mr. Velkar explained, amidst renewed laughter, that he was told the previous evening that he was not in Bombay.

After the case was adjourned, a C.I.D. Police officer informed Mr. Patkar in the court that he was wanted by the Commissioner of Police at the latter's Office. Subsequently he was arrested in the Commissioner's Office.

With the arrest of Mr. Patkar, the total number of leaders' arrests in Bombay under Defence of India Rules, since the textile strike began numbered eight. Two more Mr. Parulekar and Mr. Phadke will be tried for sedition. A crop of arrest of volunteers for alleged breach of Commissioners orders and conviction of some, has given a further blow to the organisational strength of the Girni Kamgar Union in the conduct of its strike.

HOPE REVIVED

But with the arrival of Mr. M. N. Joshi on the scene with the intention of advising those who are conducting the strike movement and supervising it, hope has been revived in the Labour ranks. Picketing has been resorted to in all the mills. Chawl to Chawl propaganda every day has been decided upon. More volunteers are being enrolled.

Mr. R. S. Nimbkar, General Secretary, stated in the course of an interview: "We are satisfied with the manner in which the strikers have effectively counteracted the attempt to requisition blacklegs. We are sure that the workers will stand firmly by the strikers."

The Millowners, on the other hand, claim that 25,000 workers have attended the mills to-day. According to their Association, six mills are working with a full complement, 12 with a complement between 25 and 60 per cent. and nine more with a complement of 25 per cent. They further claim that the situation has much improved.

Mr. Nimbkar stated that the figures cited by the Millowners are highly exaggerated and fantastic. The Police, however, reported that 20,000 workers attended the mills in the morning.

Except for a few stray assaults in the mill-area, the situation was peaceful. Workers moved freely on the roads.

In the morning two clerks were alleged to have sustained slight injuries, as a result of stone-throwing near Alexandria Mill, Kalachowkie. There were altogether four arrests, two of whom were women at the De Lisle Road.

JOSHI'S PLEA FOR LARGER SUPPORT TO STRIKERS

Commending the general fairness shown by the Press in Bombay in regard to the strike situation Mr. N. M. Joshi, President of the Citizens' Relief Committee at a conference with the newspapermen at Tambe's Health Home, Hamam Street, Bombay, on Thursday appealed for larger support as the cause required special efforts.

As the causes and the progress of the strike, which had been dealt with by the Press most thoroughly were well-known, he confined himself to the work of the Citizens' Relief Committee, because he was concerned with it. The Committee was appointed on March 10 and since then it had met twice and had issued appeals for contributions to various associations and organisations. They also proposed writing to the B. P. C. C. in that connection. They expected good response to their various appeals. Poona had already appointed a committee to organise relief. Satara had sent a contribution of Rs. 100 and they had also got contributions from Ahmednagar.

COLLECTION DAY.

The Committee had appointed two sub-committees, one to issue appeals and the other to organise volunteers' corps to make collections at street corners. They had fixed April 1 as a collection day in the Fort area and April 7 as far as the whole city was concerned. One of the proprietors of a cinema theatre had offered to run a benefit show. He pointed out that the cause required special efforts because it did not evoke as much sympathy as a nationalist cause did. But he had no complaint to make. He also suggested that English and other newspapers could more easily approach the public for contributions. In this connection he remembered how for public causes the "Bombay Chronicle" had started funds. He had no doubt that his appeal would evoke good response.

After the guests were treated to light refreshments, Mr. Joshi thanked the gathering and Mr. Tambe.

Among those present at the party were Mr. K. F. Nariman, Mr. S. A. Brelvi, Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, Mr. S. C. Joshi and Mr. Khedgikar.

FIVE STRIKERS ARRESTED

For Assault On "Loyal" Workers

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Two mill workers who were said to be 'loyal' workers while returning from their duties were, it is alleged, set upon by some of the strikers and assaulted near Crown Mills at Elphinstone Bridge.

Two other workers an hour later were, it is alleged, similarly assaulted near Madhavji Dharamsi Mill by another party of strikers.

Police immediately appeared on the scene and arrested five persons.

JOSHI'S TALKS WITH G. K. U. LEADERS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. N. M. Joshi had a lengthy discussion with Labour leaders at the Girni Kamgar Union Office to-night regarding the strike situation.

Four Mill Clerks Arrested

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Four clerks employed in the Mills and who have joined the strikers were arrested this evening by the DeLisle Road Police on a charge of violating the Commissioner's Order.

Assault On Loyal Workers

There was an incident in Nagu Sayaji Wadi, when 15 workers who were returning from the textile mills in the evening were alleged to have been attacked with soda water bottles near the Elphinstone Bridge by a group of strikers. Six persons were injured, two seriously, and were admitted into the K. E. M. Hospital. The Police arrived on the scene immediately and effected four arrests.

AHMEDABAD SENSATION

Hon. Medicos Of Civil Hospital Resign "En Masse"

(From Our Correspondent).

AHMEDABAD, March 28.

Thirteen honorary doctors of the Civil Hospital have resigned their posts as Col. Harty, Civil Surgeon, has fined three doctors Re 1 each. The reason of fining said to be, that one doctor was conversing about a certain matter with the aged sister, about which complaint was made. All honorary doctors resigned as they felt it an insult.

They have wired to the Surgeon General, Bombay, informing him of their resignations.

Redistribution Of Ahmedabad Civil Seats

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, March 28.

The Ahmedabad Municipality has passed a resolution by an overwhelming majority for the distribution of seats in proportion of population for the next election which contains 42 non-Muslims, 12 Muslims, 7 Harijan, 1 Christian and two women, the total number of seats being 64.

NOTORIOUS DACOIT ESCAPES FROM JAIL

(From Our Correspondent).

AHMEDABAD, March 28.

News has been received here by the Ahmedabad police from Dabhoda Agency village near Ahmedabad that Jesha Moti notorious dacoit has again escaped with two other dacoits from Dabhoda Jail by assaulting the gate-keeper and taking away loaded guns with him. Police persuaded them but in vain.

It is recalled that the same dacoits had escaped before from Dehgam Jail.

WHERE BELLIGERENTS MEET

Committee For Economic Peace At The Hague

THE HAGUE, Mar. 28.

One Briton, two Frenchmen and three Germans have arrived to attend the meetings of "the Committee for Economic Peace" formed through the efforts of the International Chamber of Commerce aided by the Carnegie Endowment for Economic Peace. Germans are attending as representatives of the Reich, although the British and French delegates are not official but solely representatives of the International Chamber of Commerce. American, Dutch, Belgian, Swiss and Swedish representatives are also attending including Belgium's ex-Premier M. Van Zeeland.—Reuter.

Azad Postpones Trip To Allahabad

CALCUTTA, March 28.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the Congress President, has postponed his departure for Allahabad which was fixed for to-day.—A. P.

Worli Malayalee Workers' Relief Committee

The Secretary Worli Malayalee Mill Workers Relief Committee, writes:—

Under the auspices of the Worli Malayalee Mill Workers' Relief Committee a meeting of the Malayalee mill workers of Sewri was held at Sewri at 8-30 p.m. on Wednesday last.

By a resolution five more Committee Members were elected from the Malayalee mill workers of Sewri, to the Worli Malayalee Mill Workers' Relief Committee representing Sewri section.

The decision of the Committee to start relief work in two centres at Worli and Sewri by the 10th April, 1940, was announced in the meeting by the Secretary Mr. K. K. Paniker.

In view of the above, the Committee again appealed to the Malayalees and their organisations in Bombay and outside to render all possible help for the successful prosecution of the most humanitarian mission they have undertaken under abnormal circumstances. The office of the Committee is at Room No. 2, Chawl No. 9, Worli, Bombay.

Patkar Detained At Yeravda

Mr. S. G. Patkar was arrested in Bombay on Thursday morning (March 28) on a warrant issued by the Government of India under Rule 26 of the Defence of India Rules. He is being detained in the Yeravda Central Prison.

Retrieve Mistakes Of Past Six Months Without Delay

GIVE INDIA INDEPENDENCE AND WIN SPONTANEOUS CO-OPERATION IN PROSECUTION OF WAR, SAYS "DAILY HERALD"

LONDON, March 28.

CONTRASTING THE RESULT OF THE CANADIAN ELECTION WITH THE SITUATION IN INDIA, THE "DAILY HERALD" SAYS, "IT IS IRONICALLY PROBABLE THAT IF INDIA HAD HAD THE SAME STATUS AS CANADA TO-DAY, INDIANS WOULD HAVE TAKEN THE SAME FREE DECISION TO STAND WITH BRITAIN.

"There is still time, though not much time now, to retrieve the mistakes of the past six months. There must be no delay or equivocation in offering India full independence within the Commonwealth on terms to be agreed upon by all sections of Indian opinion with great Britain.

THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT SHOULD WELCOME AND ACT UPON MR. GANDHI'S UNDOUBTED DESIRE FOR A PEACEFUL COMPROMISE. AND WHY NOT OFFER MINISTERIAL POSTS IN THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT TO REPRESENTATIVE INDIAN LEADERS WHILE A FULL DEMOCRATIC CONSTITUTION IS BEING AGREED UPON?

WAR VOTE

The result of the Canadian general election is welcomed in British press. All newspapers emphasise that whichever way the election had gone between the two great parties it would have been a win-the-war vote.

The "News Chronicle" says, "Liberals and Conservatives viewed with each other in patriotism".

The "Daily Mail" writes, "Canada will be able to concentrate on the war undistracted by serious party difference".—Reuter.

Soviet Ships And Contraband Control

LONDON, March 28.

The Allied contraband control in the Far East has been the subject of discussion between the Soviet Ambassador in London, M. Maisky and the British Government. M. Maisky had another discussion with Lord Halifax, the first interview after Russia's invasion of Finland.

It is believed that Russia contends that her ships should be immune from contraband control, because they are owned by the State.

Britain recognises that State-owned ships, such as warships, are free from examination, but if they are used for ordinary commercial transactions then the contraband control must treat them in the same way as ships owned by private companies.—Reuter.

FUEHRER WORSHIP IN PROTECTORATES

BERLIN, March 28

All Administrative offices in the Protectorate of Bohemia and Moravia must in the future have a portrait of Hitler hanging alongside that of the President, states a Prague dispatch.

The Government has decreed this because it is "desirous of showing symbolically the position of the Protectorate in relation to that of the Great German Reich."

The portrait of the President must stand on the left of Hitler's picture.

LID OFF 'GRAF SPEE'S' SCUTTLE

LONDON, March 27.

An authoritative report now received by the Admiralty on events preceding the scuttling of the "Graf Spee," extracts from which are issued to-night, indicates that it was the refusal of the "Graf Spee's" Crew to take the ship to sea, to meet the waiting British warships, that led to the decision to scuttle her. Eight times, according to the statement, officers, including, finally, Captain Langsdorff himself, appealed to them in vain to fight, and when, in protest against the decision to scuttle the ship, the officers asked for volunteers to fight, only 60 stepped forward. The remainder stood sullen and silent and refused to volunteer.

The report says that the Uruguayan authorities were confident that the "Graf Spee" would make a break away during the night of December 16, but a factor arose which the German High Command had not taken into account. The crew of the "Graf Spee" refused to take the ship to sea.

The German colony, who made much of the crew for the first two days, boycotted them when the news of their refusal to fight got around.

The statement concludes that reports of the crew's refusal to obey orders and their insubordination are confirmed by observers aboard the merchantships "Lynton Grange" and "Trekieve" and other vessels, both naval and mercantile, moored close to the "Graf Spee", including a tug lying alongside her. These observers were witnesses of the occurrences aboard the "Graf Spee."—Reuter.

38 STRIKERS ARRESTED

Sequel To Assault On Loyal Workers

CALCUTTA, March 28.

Cholera may break out in Calcutta within four or five days, if the scavengers' strike continues and if no co-ordinated effort is made by the citizens to clean the streets.

This is the view of medical experts, who express alarm at the rate at which refuse has accumulated during the 60 hours, since the beginning of the strike.

Thirty-eight scavenger strikers were arrested early this morning on a charge of rioting.

The Superintendent of the Gowkhana and Conservancy Department took with him in a lorry 30 loyal workers in order to clean the roads in front of certain polling booths in South Calcutta at about 1 a.m. While the sweepers were at work, it is alleged, that about 200 strikers appeared in a body and started assaulting the men with lathis. The loyal workers, with a view to escaping further assault, took shelter in roadside shops, while the Superintendent ran into the house of an engineer for safety.

On receipt of the information, the police arrived at the spot and made the arrests.

Two of the loyal workers sustained serious injuries and were removed to hospital.—A. P.

MORE YOUTHS JOIN HUNGER-STRIKE

Calcutta College Dispute Sequel

CALCUTTA, March 28.

Youthful hunger-strikers are on the increase in Calcutta.

Besides the two already fasting in connection with the dispute in the Scottish Church College, 21 have, from this morning, resolved to go without food in the Tomory Hostel of the College.

Of the two who have been on hunger-strike since March 26, one, a Hostel student, has been removed to the Hostel and is being medically treated for pain in the abdomen. The other is still lying in the shed in front of the College being vigilantly watched by his fellow students. His only sustenance to-day consisted of lemon, salt and water.—A. P.

CLUE TO CALCUTTA ROBBERY

CALCUTTA, March 28.

The taxi cab that is believed to have been used during the robbery in Clive Street yesterday in which a durwan and his armed companion were set upon, has been traced to a place in South Calcutta and taken possession of by the police.

The driver has been taken under arrest.—A. P.

MORE KHAKSARS ARRESTED

LAHORE, March 28.

Five more Khaksars were arrested to-day on arrival by a noon train and remanded to custody.—United Press.

Australian Force Parade

LONDON, Mar. 28.

According to the Sydney Radio 5,000 men of the second Australian Imperial Force paraded through Sydney streets and about 100 mechanised units also took part.—Reuter.

Remove the mask—
that hides your natural beauty
Are you hiding a complexion of ex-quisite loveliness under a mask of lifeless pallor?
To keep your complexion clear and fresh as a child's Nature provided that the outer layer of your skin should be ever-changed and discarded to reveal the pure loveliness beneath. But modern cosmetics and consequent make-up blocks this natural process and so the real beauty of your skin becomes masked by the old dried-up outside.
Nature needs your help to clear this mask away, and here is the best way to do it. Just get from any chemist, store or hairdresser some pure Mercolized Wax and gently rub it in with the finger-tips before you go to bed. While you sleep the Mercolized Wax will be subtly, imperceptibly dissolving away all those tiny particles of old, worn-out skin, leaving the fresh, young pink-and-white beauty clear and beautiful — and revealed shades lighter.
Even one night will show you how this natural way transforms all sallowness, muddiness and lifeless. But be sure to get Mercolized Wax (containing no animal fat) and follow the instructions to the letter.
MERCOLIZED WAX

Encouraging Hitlerian Tactics

Hypocrisy Of London "Times" Article On Pakistan Scheme

NEW DELHI, Mar. 28.

"The scheme of Muslim segregation, which the League has announced, spells the maximum danger to Indian Muslim themselves," observes Mr. Asaf Ali, member of the Congress Working Committee, in a statement to the press.

WHO IS TO BLAME.

"India's unity may appear a dream to certain leaders of the League but the isolation which they have declared to be their aim is a positive nightmare. The insidiously specious argument, which the "Times" of London has built up on the analogy of France and Germany to justify the League's tendencies, is eloquently significant in the face of all the responsible pronouncements, which point to the Federalisation of Europe and a world Federal Union.

To Fight Hitler in Europe and to encourage Hitlerian tactics among those in India who do not possess Hitler's military resources is a species of hypocrisy, the poisonous nature of which cannot be missed by those who have known the policy of "Divide and rule" in many forms.

"It is unfortunate that the present leadership of the League has, perhaps quite unconsciously, and possibly with contrary intentions, but in a paroxysm of anti-Hindu rage, become an instrument of reactionary forces. While the forces of political sanity are moving towards continental and even world unity, the League has persuaded itself to commence a retrograde march."

Mr. Asaf Ali concludes; "The League's reactionary leadership instead of working for an honourable settlement is obviously heading towards a fruitless civil war, the brunt of which will fall on the innocent masses.

"Independent and Nationalist Muslims can no longer remain silent spectators of so glaring a tragedy and, therefore, they must bestir themselves and save the situation from developing into a crisis. The old reactionaries, now working in an unholy alliance with thoughtless visionaries must not be allowed to play with the destiny of nine crores of Indian Mussalmans."—A. P.

FIRE IN CITY OIL MILLS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Fire broke out in Jacob Circle oil mills this evening at about 7 due, it is said, to the lighting of a match stick. The immediate arrival of the Fire engines from Byculla and other places saved the situation.

The damage effected is not yet

A Farewell Party

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A farewell party was given by the Indian Staff of Messrs. Mackenzie, P. and O. and B. I. companies on Thursday evening in honour of Mr. A. H. G. Hogg, Senior Partner, [illegible] who is departing [illegible]

LIBERALS' CHIEF

Condemns Plan Of India's Partition

Appeal To Congress, League And Government To Come To Understanding

POONA, March 27.

"Indians cannot possibly accept this division of India into two Muslim India and Hindu India and the constitution of autonomous states based on religion. I think that the Congress, the Muslim League and other organisations should meet together and arrive at a possible settlement instead of the kind of long-range declarations from the two sides", says Dr. R. P. Paranjpye, President of the National Liberal Federation commenting on the recent decision taken by the Muslim League for the separation of India.

Minority Problems Won't Go

Continuing Dr. Paranjpye says "the two communities are so completely mixed with each other that the minority problems will remain in spite of any such rearrangement of Indian Provinces.

I think that the Congress, the Muslim League and other organisations should meet together and arrive at a possible settlement instead of the kind of long range declarations from the two sides. These tend to assume an extreme colour, which is very unfavourable for any settlement by compromise. I do not think that the differences separating Hindu and Muslim are more important than the points on which they agree with each other and one should stress the latter rather than emphasise the former.

USE OF INDIAN ARMY.

About the claim of the Muslim League that Indian Army should never be used against any Muslim State, I do not think that such a contingency is likely to arise in the immediate future as all Moslem States are at present enthusiastically on the side of the Allies. But no independent Comtry can bind itself to any such self-denying ordinance under all circumstances. History teams with wars with Moslem states and such a claim is quite irreconcilable with any freedom of action. We, of course, wish to live in peace with all other countries and especially with Moslem nations, but the policy enunciated by the League goes far beyond this.

As regards Palestine, I hope that a friendly settlement will soon be reached and the recent inunciation of the policy to the British Government as regards the ban on the sale of lands to Jews in most of the area in Palestine will go a long way to meet Muslim views.—A. P.

APPEAL TO LEAGUE, CONGRESS AND GOVERNMENT

BOMBAY, Mar. 28.

An appeal to the Congress and the Muslim League to give up this extreme position and to Government to do their best to rally all moderate opinion by taking steps to put India on the road to freedom and make India able to undertake her own defence is made by Dr. R. P. Paranjpye, the President of the National Liberal Federation, in the course of a statement.

NEED OF MODERATE VIEWS.

Dr. Paranjpye says:—

"The detailed accounts of the recent sessions of the Congress and the Muslim League cannot fail to have a very depressing effect upon all responsible Indians. Both these bodies have adopted an extreme attitude and show not the slightest desire to arrive at a peaceful solution of the Indian problem. While the Congress insists upon its favourite independence and Constituent Assembly the Muslim League demands the complete division of India into two nations based on religion. If such an intransigent attitude is adhered to by both sides, there is no hope for Indian progress unless persons belonging to neither side assert themselves and, while dissociating themselves from extreme demands of either side, consolidate the moderate opinion in the country and take a practical and realistic view of the situation. The British Government have, in my opinion, shown a commendable attitude and the foremost Indian political organisations should have shown a readiness to meet Government halfway.

CONGRESS IDEAL CRITICISED.

Mr. Gandhi's unwillingness to start a Civil Disobedience campaign for the moment is something to be thankful for but the continual insistence upon it by him and the other Congressman places a wrong ideal before the country. Mr. Jawaharlal Nehru in a recent speech says that he does not wish for the success of Germany in the war, but he or the Congress President do not wish to raise even their little finger to help the Allies to defeat Hitlerism. Nobody says that the British treatment of India and Britain's aims are all ideal but practical men have to choose the lesser evil and not assume an attitude of neutrality simply because neither side completely answers to their ideal.

Alternatives Before Country

The triumph of Hitlerism would mean the downfall of all that Liberals hold dear, while the success of the Allies would leave the way open for democratic progress, even though its pace may be slow.

The prospects before the country are:

The complete triumph of Germany with the inevitable consequence of the suppression of even such liberty of opinion, expression and action as we still possess in India,

or

A victory for Britain inspite of the indifference of the Indian people, which will necessarily result in the slowing down of Indian progress,

or

The continuance of the present intransigence of the Congress and the League, which is sure to lead to Civil War,

or

Indian co-operation in the war accompanied by a spirit of compromise between all sections of the people.

I have no doubt that the last is the only reasonable course that India should adopt.

APPEAL TO LEAGUE, CONGRESS AND GOVT.

I would earnestly appeal to both parties to give up their extreme positions and to Government to do their best to rally all moderate opinion in the country by taking steps to put India on the road to freedom and especially to make India able to undertake its own defence in co-operation with the other members of the British Commonwealth. It is necessary for the leaders of the Congress and the League, the representatives of all middle parties and Government to sit round a table and in a spirit of compromise and arrive at a peaceful solution. If such a solution is not reached soon, the prospect before India is dark indeed.

LONDON "TIMES" ON LAHORE RESOLUTION

Homily To Congress

LONDON, March 27

In the course of a leader on the Indian constitutional controversy "The Times" says. "The views of the Moslem League cannot be lightly brushed aside by those charged with seeking a settlement in India." The paper points out that there are 80 million Moslems, and says that the appearance of a common nationhood, which now exists in India, emerged from the British connection.

It may even be no exaggeration to say that, apart from British Paramountcy, there is no Indian nation just as it may be said of Europe that there is no European nation. The French are a minority in Europe. This does not imply that they must submit to German domination.

To Muslim minds this is an exact parallel to their own position in India. British faith in Federation derives from the belief that it represents a genuine effort to harmonise those conflicting opinions which prevent India from automatically attaining nationhood.

Referring to the Viceroy's announcement with regard to Dominion Status, "The Times" suggests that Congress circles will be well advised to reconsider the offer, remembering that to the Moslems and the Princes, Dominion Status makes even less appeal than did Federation. To them, it means the virtual disappearance of British Paramountcy and the elimination of the special responsibilities now vested in Provincial Governors and the Governor-General.

"The Times" continues "to talk of conferring Dominion Status on the country is to misunderstand the meaning of the words, and any suggestion that the British Government intend to impose it, will meet with the implacable opposition of both Muslims and the Princes. Already the Muslims are suggesting an alternative in the form of innumerable 'Ulsters' throughout India—a solution which none in this country favours or desires. It would mean the end to Indian unity.

"The Times" concludes that a final constitution for India can only emerge out of an agreement among Indians themselves, and the prospects of Indian nationhood will brighten when Indian leaders recognise this, and agree to harmonise their views in the interests of their country.

In this process, Congress leaders will find that the Muslims and the Princes are as anxious to obtain self-Government as they are, but are not prepared to accept complete independence, which the Congress Party demands.

However much the Congress Party may dislike it, the fact remains and it can only be overcome by some effort on their part to allay suspicions, and remove the fears of those who disagree with them.—Reuter.

SARDA CRITICISES PAKISTAN SCHEME

(From A Correspondent).

MHOW, March 28.

Mr. Chandkaran Sarda Vice-President, Hindu Sabha, was enthusiastically received at Dhar on March 27 and taken in procession.

During the course of his speech before a mass meeting he congratulated Maharaja of Dhar on assuming reins of Government hoped that Dharanagri, ancient glorious capital of Maharaja Bhoj, would regain past glory. Proceeding Mr. Sarda criticized the Pakistan scheme and Muslim League resolutions. Mr. Sarda explained that the Hindu Sabha's attitude towards the ruling princes and exhorted them to march with the times and grant Responsible Government.

CHAGLA EXPOSES FALLACY OF JINNAH'S HYPOTHESIS

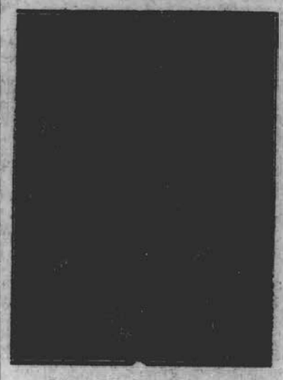
MUCH MORE IN COMMON BETWEEN MR. JINNAH AND BOMBAY HINDU, THAN MR. JINNAH AND MADRAS MUSLIM

BOMBAY, March 28.

Mr. M. C. Chagla has issued the following statement:—

"Mr. Jinnah's presidential address to the All-India Muslim League and the resolution passed by the League have caused both consternation and grief in the minds of all those Muslims who took upon India as their motherland and who are proud to be a part and parcels of the great Indian nation.

"It is indeed difficult to understand how and why India which was one country and the people of India who constituted one nation till recently should have undergone a sudden transformation in Mr. Jinnah's mind and have become a sub-continent on the one hand and two nations on the other. Even the misdeeds of the Congress are not sufficient to explain this cataclysmic change. The Muslim League was perhaps not conscious of the fact that in passing the resolution that it did it was going diametrically against the current of history and political progress. All over the world the present tendency for peoples is to coalesce and realise the harm that has been done by ideas of exclusive and aggressive nationalism. The League and Mr. Jinnah are trying to divide communities that have already come together and have been sharing common citizenship for hundreds of years past.



Mr. M. C. Chagla.

FALLACY CLEARED

"It is indeed a grievous fallacy to mistake religion for culture and confuse a community with a nation. Religion certainly does not connote culture; nor does the fact that people do not inter-dine or inter-marry necessarily mean that they belong to different cultures.

"In India the difference in cultures is on linguistic and provincial lines and not on communal. There is much more in common, I venture to say, between Mr. Jinnah and a Hindu of Bombay than between Mr. Jinnah and a Mussalman from Madras.

EGYPT'S EXAMPLE

"In saying this I am not overlooking the great democracy of Islam; but Islam has spread all over the world, and it has never been suggested that all who owe allegiance to the Prophet constitute one nation. In Egypt the Christians and Muslims found no difficulty in joining hands for fighting British Imperialism and presenting a solid National Front. That so astute a mind as Mr. Jinnah's should overlook so elementary a proposition as this that nationhood is purely a political concept is astounding. The whole of our modern political history—in which Mr. Jinnah himself till recently has played so distinguished a part—has evolved in the one great assumption of the oneness of the Indian people. Because two communities quarrel or distrust each other is no reason for scrapping the whole of our political past. A political faith should be something lasting—and I never thought Mr. Jinnah belonged to the category of men who foreswore their faith because of temporary irritation or momentary anger and indignation. Dadabhai, Pherozeshaw, Gokhale or Tilak, whom Mr. Jinnah acknowledges as his Gurus, did not deviate from their path because of difficulties or obstacles.

"What are the Mussalmans in Bombay going to do about it? Are we prepared to lose our citizenship, and become aliens in our own land so that a great Muslim State should spring up in the North? Are we going to sell our birthright for a mess of communal potage?

"But just as nations cannot be made so also they are not dissolved by resolutions. Millions of Hindus and Mussalmans are living all over the country in perfect amity and concord, happily oblivious of the fact that the League has decreed overnight that they are no longer citizens of the same country, that they must look upon each other as foreigners and that they must evolve a separate and distinct culture.

SEEDS OF DISCORD

"Because Mr. Jinnah has a quarrel with the Congress, is it necessary to enunciate a policy which is sure to sow seeds of discord between the two communities?

MISCHIEVOUS

"Mr. Jinnah is right in insisting that in any future constitution Muslims must have proper safeguards as a minority. But the Muslims can still have these safeguards while remaining a part of the nation. It is nothing less than a declaration of political bankruptcy to suggest that Muslim rights can only be safeguarded by the creation of an independent State. It is equally mischievous to suggest that Muslims need a homeland. The whole of India is our homeland, and not any part of it.

"There is enough hatred and disunity in this world, and Europe, at present, is paying a terrible price for it. Does Mr. Jinnah want to add to this volume of hatred and disunity? Does he seriously think that Hindus and Muslims will come closer to each other after being partitioned into separate States? The strength of India lies in her unity and in the wonderful natural frontiers a kind Providence has given her. Let us not shatter this unity and make two States where God intended there should be one."

SIKH LEADER'S POSER TO JINNAH

Will You Admit Three-Nation-Theory In Punjab?

LAHORE, March 28.

'If the Muslims cannot trust the Hindu majority they should also presume that the Sikhs cannot trust the Muslim majority," said Master Tara Singh, President of the S. G. P. C. commenting on the Muslim League resolutions.

He added: "In order to strengthen the Muslim demands the Muslim League claims to represent all the minorities in India, but in reality, it ignores all the minorities altogether as and when it suits its purpose. The "Two-nation" theory is good as long as it benefits the Muslims but when the Sikhs put forward the "three-nation" theory it was bad as it did not suit the communal Muslim leaders."

Are Mr. Jinnah and his associates, asks Master Tara Singh, prepared to admit the "three-nation" theory in the Punjab and agree to an equal share for each community in the administration of the provinces.—A. P.

NEW LIGHT ON PAKISTAN SCHEME

LUCKNOW, March 28.

That the partition scheme suggested by the Muslim League was bound to create a more healthy atmosphere for the solution of the communal problem as well as the present stalemate was the view expressed by Chaudhr. Khaliquzzaman in an interview

He held that comments in a section of the press on the partition scheme showed an utter lack of understanding of the true position taken up by the League

"The League wants no redistribution of population," he stressed. "It simply wants the setting up of three independent federations in India. The Muslim federations will consist of Sind, Baluchistan, North West Frontier Province and the Punjab in the North-West and Bengal and Assam in the East. The rest of India will be under the Hindu federation."

Concluding he opined that the presence of two independent Muslim States in the west and east would have a steadying influence on the rest of India and the Muslim minorities would be much better treated in the Hindu provinces than they were now and so would be the Hindu minorities in the Muslim States.—A. P.

ANGIER'S is the answer

Angier's Emulsion is widely and successfully used in the treatment of consumption and in all forms of ill-health in which there is loss of weight. Pleasant to take, it promotes appetite, aids digestion and builds up weight and strength.

In addition to its tonic properties, Angier's Emulsion exerts a pronounced soothing, healing action which makes it invaluable for inflammatory and catarrhal affections of the lungs or digestive organs. Angier's Emulsion is strongly recommended for consumption, scrofula, rickets, anæmia, wasting bowel disorders and after any serious illness.

In sub-acute and chronic bronchitis, Angier's not only relieves the cough, but also improves nutrition and effectively overcomes the constitutional debility so frequently associated with these cases. It has won a splendid reputation throughout India.

Of all Chemists and Bazars in two sizes.

Angier's Emulsion contains no animal oil, and in its preparation is untouched by hand. It is therefore acceptable to all castes and religions.

EYES RIGHT!

After washing the eyes with STANISOL EYE LOTION insert a little

EAGLE EYE OINTMENT between the lower lid and the eye ball

If this is done regularly, preferably at night, the inflamation and discomfort will subside rapidly

Distributors of Stanistreet Products in

Distributors of Stanistreet Products in Bombay: BOLE BROTHERS, Princess Street.

BLEEDING GUMS WARN OF PYORRHOEA!

Save Your Teeth with FORHAN'S

At the first suspicion of trouble—bleeding or tender gums—guard against dread pyorrhoea! Even strong white teeth may loosen and fall out when attacked by this virulent disease . . . See your dentist and follow his advice. *Massage your gums* with Forhan's toothpaste, each time you brush your teeth. Thousands of dentists everywhere advise the regular use of Forhan's for firm and healthy gums. The special astringent contained in Forhan's toothpaste, originated by Dr. R. J. Forhan, is used by dentists themselves at the chair for the *prevention* of pyorrhoea. Be on the safe side. Guard your teeth! See that *all* of your family start using Forhan's today!

Only Forhan's brand original dentifrice contains a special anti-pyorrhoea astringent!

60F11

"BRUSH YOUR TEETH NOW WITH FORHAN'S

MUTT AND JEFF—Some Guys Can't Get Out of Jail, But Jeff Can't Even Get In — By BUD FISHER

IT DON'T LOOK LIKE I'M GONNA HAVE A BIG CHRISTMAS FEED THIS YEAR!
IT SAYS HERE ALL THE PRISONERS IN JAIL ARE GONNA HAVE A FULL COURSE TURKEY DINNER THIS CHRISTMAS!
YOU MEAN SOUP AND TURKEY AND CRANBERRY SAUCE AND ALL THAT STUFF?
SURE! FROM SOUP TO NUTS!
SOCK!
WHY, YOU--- YOU'LL GO TO JAIL FOR THIS!
GOODIE!
ASSAULTING AN OFFICER IS A VERY SERIOUS OFFENSE AND THAT CALLS FOR A JAIL SENTENCE!
HOWEVER, I AM TOUCHED BY THE HOLIDAY SPIRIT - SENTENCE SUSPENDED! LET HIM GO, DUGAN!
?

Latest Gallops At Mahaluxmi

Vandyke And Rose Apple Impress

(From OUR TRACK CORRESPONDENT)

With the end of the season in view there has been a general easing up of horses who have been engaged in racing this season. No outstanding gallops were recorded during the week.

VANDYKE (Jadhav) traversed ten furlongs at a rousing pace. He has never been better. BILLARD (Brace) and LENS (R. Boy) were with him for the last six.

MARATHA EMPEROR (R. Boy) was sent ten furlongs on the race-track at a good pace. He moved freely and is now nicely to hand. CASH and ADONIS accompanied him over the last mile.

CAVE MAN (Maxwell) pleased in a sharply run nine furlongs on the race-track.

LOCH NESS (R. Boy) and PRESTIGE (Britt) were restricted to pace-work over nine furlongs Latter has made considerable improvement.

CASH (Brace) gave a smart display in a strong pace mile gallop on the race-track.

GANYMEDE (Whiteside) covered a mile at three-quarter pace. He went very well.

CHEER BOYS (Britt) was superior to PEARL QUEEN (R. Boy) in a sharp run over the mile.

MARK YOU (B. McQuade) had a good pace mile gallop on the race-track. Fit and well.

BUDAPEST (Marrable) was sent a smart mile gallop on the race-track. Always does well at exercise.

BRELAN (Marrable) outpaced MR. PIP (Bell) in a sharp mile run on the race-track.

MARCH WIND (R. Boy) moved satisfactorily in a nice pace mile gallop on the tan.

SHIPSTOLL (Marrable) held GIRVAN (Bell) in a brisk mile spin on the race-track.

LINGUAPHONE (Evans) went better than HASSINA (Cook) in a mile gallop on the race-track

PALL MALL (M. Wemyss) shaped satisfactorily in a mile run on the race track.

GOLDEN LINK (R. Boy) covered seven furlongs at a smart pace and gave satisfaction.

MONA LIZA (R. Boy) and APPENZELL (R. Boy) were level at the end of a good pace mile spin on the race-track.

TALKLESS (Meekings) beat ITALIAN BOMBER (R. Boy) in a dash over the six on the race-track.

BARNEGAT (R. Boy) easily held KIRIT (K. Hassan) in a good pace mile gallop on the tan.

ROSE APPLE (Brace) finished in front of TURF KING at the end of a brisk mile spin on the race-track.

STAR OF BARODA (R. Boy) shaped better than FANCY GLEN (R. Boy) in an useful pace mile gallop on the tan.

BELL BOY (R. Boy) had a striding pace gallop over 7 furlongs. He moved well.

ROMANTIC PRINCE (Thompson) accounted for Sheriff (R. Boy) in a good run over the mile.

Note: VEILED PROPHET, WANGALLA, AMULET and TERRACE.

WORLD OF SPORT: HOME AND ABROAD

More All-India Competitions In Bombay

(BY LOOKER-ON.)

Although the Ninth Olympic Games are over, there are still several games which are to be held in Bombay this year in connection with it. The Inter-Provincial Soccer Tournament is almost a certainty in September next. I have every hope the All-India Football Federation will accept W. I. F. A.'s proposal in regard to the Henrich's Shield. The opinion is gaining ground in football circles in Bombay that if the competition is staged soon after the Rovers, it is sure to meet with considerable success. As far as I can gather, the proposal has the support of some of the leading soccer provinces in India.

FOOTBALL

The only question which worries the W. I. F. A. is, I understand, the expenses of the visiting teams. Having met with a loss in the Rovers last year they are not in a position to guarantee any sum now. But that should not come in the way of the Tournament at all. If the W. I. F. A. agrees to share the profits of the tournament with the competing associations in a reasonable ratio, I am confident most of the provinces will agree to participate. Because there is no doubt that the tournament will yield a rich harvest, as the Inter-Provincial Hockey Tournament did last month, and the competing associations will stand to gain by sharing the spoils.

AQUATIC SPORTS

Then there will be aquatic sports in October next. Fortunately there is no question of paying the expenses of the visiting teams in this game. The Associations concerned will shoulder the burdens themselves, as they always do. I expect a big contingent to come from Bengal, the Punjab and Madras. It is sure to be a great attraction for this city. I do not yet know where the B. P. O. A. will stage the show. Most likely it will be at the Golwalla's Victoria Swimming Bath. Or it may be at the new pool at Chowpatty, if it is ready by then. Meanwhile, one would like to know what has happened to the dispute regarding the control of swimming in India.

BOXING

The last but not the least will be the Boxing Tournament in November. Keen disappointment was felt by many when the tournament was abruptly cancelled during the last Olympic Games. Of course the Organising Committee could not help it. I am told several provinces are now anxious to compete. So there will be no dearth of competitors and some of them will be of a really good class, although they will be all amateurs. The Army men will be allowed to represent the province in which they are staying. The interest will be heightened thereby. It is high time all the games are properly organised and controlled not only in the provinces but at the centre. I hope the above games will give impetus everywhere to put the Associations on sound footing.

Acceptances For Saturday's Races

THE DAMASCUS PLATE. Distance—1 mile.

Winner Rs. 1,500; Second Rs. 500; Third Rs. 250.

For Arabs in Class III.

W. A. reduced 3 lbs.

Penalties—Winners in India after 29th July, 1938, once 4 lbs.; twice 7 lbs.; oftener 12 lbs.

Allowance—Ponies, 14 hands and under 4 lbs.

Sa'ad Faruq 9-4, Dhib al Sahra'a 8-10, Aneed 7-12, Bayhas 9-0, Anzan Beg 9-0, Ingel Tara 9-0, Romantic Prince 8-10, Abdul al Mosul 8-10, Jawhar al Mosul 8-10, Mulbun 8-5, President 8-5, Diamond King 8-4, Prescot 7-12, Hazim Beg 7-12, Pride of Mosul 7-12, Nassar 7-12.

THE BROCKLESBY STAKES. Distance—1 mile, 1 furlong.

Winner Rs. 3,500; Second Rs. 1,250; Third Rs. 750.

A Handicap for Indian Horses Starred in Classes III and IV.

Maharaja's Choice 9-9, Pompom 8-9, Bell Boy 8-7, Rahana 8-4, Tomtit 8-2, Amulet 8-0, Prestige 7-11, Bright Lad 7-9, Rockball 7-7.

THE FOXHILL PLATE (Div. II.) Distance—1 mile.

Winner Rs. 2,000; Second Rs. 700; Third Rs. 300.

A Handicap for Horses in Class IV.

Appenzell 9-2, Conway 9-0, Ronaldo 8-9, Wangalla 8-7, Italian Bomber 8-4, Romney's Girl 8-0, Fun of the Fayre 7-11, Cybo 7-9, Reliable 7-9, Ruffle 7-7, Ajax 7-7, Kirit 7-7, Jubilee Essex 7-7.

THE MULLINGAR PLATE (Div. II). Distance—1 mile.

Winner Rs. 3,000; Second Rs. 1,000; Third Rs. 500.

A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Shipstoll 9-2, King of Sports 9-2, Final Glance 9-0, Reviresco 8-7, Brelan 8-12, Terrace 8-12, Guiding Queen 8-4, March Wind 8-0, Hassina 8-0, How's That 7-12, Lens 7-12, Private Seal 7-7, King's Highway 7-7, Dark Wings 7-7.

THE OWEN ROE PLATE. Distance—1 mile.

Winner Rs. 2,500; Second Rs. 1,000; Third Rs. 500.

A Handicap for Indian Horses in Class "A".

Shahenshah 9-4, Hectic 8-9, Star of Baroda 9-2, Vallena 8-11, Rathavon 8-11, Twine 8-2, Miss O. K. 8-9, Fancy Glen 8-5, Tap Dance 8-5, Princess Hilal 8-4, Mahboob's Choice 7-9, Pratap 8-2, Idar's Gift 8-0, Full Faith 7-9, Welfare 7-7.

THE CARNARVON PLATE. Distance—About 1 1/2 Miles.

Winner Rs. 5,000; Second Rs. 1,500; Third Rs. 1,000.

A Handicap for Horses in Classes I and II.

Loch Ness 9-2, Cavalier 8-6, Ravioli 8-5, Maratha Emperor 8-5, Cash 7-10, Dinah's Son 7-13, Bouldnor 7-8, Carioca 7-6, Vandyke 7-8, Le Duc 7-4.

THE MULLINGAR PLATE (Div. I). Distance—1 mile.

Winner Rs. 3,000; Second Rs. 1,000; Third Rs. 500.

A Handicap for Horses in class III.

Billard 9-4, Veiled Prophet 9-0, Girvan 8-13, Lord Byron 8-12, Golden Link 8-9, Galahad Star 8-9, Autoland 8-6, Sunnymorn 8-6, Pall Mall 8-4, Dabbs 8-2, Cotys 8-0, Leh 8-0, Pearl Queen 7-12, Panna Prince 7-7.

THE LINGFIELD PARK PLATE. Distance—1 mile.

Winner Rs. 3,500; Second Rs. 1,100; Third Rs. 500.

A Handicap for Horses in Class II.

Ticanto 9-4, Ravioli 9-4, Levant 8-2, Saxicola 9-0, Synagogue 8-11, Ganymede 8-8, Toltec 8-7, Chanak 8-4, Mark You 8-4, Cheer Boys 8-4, Teller 8-2, Hautboy 8-0, Budapest 8-0, Glanely 7-9, Tall Story 7-9.

THE FOXHILL PLATE (Div. I). Distance—1 mile.

Winner Rs. 2,000; Second Rs. 700; Third Rs. 300.

A Handicap for Horses in Class IV.

Little Son 9-2, Gold Gainer 9-1, Mona Liza 9-0, Mangcola 8-12, Melianthius 8-9, Wait-a-Bit 8-12, Gilderoy 8-12, Barnegat 8-8, Abundantia 8-7, Scion 8-5, Talkless 8-5, Rahana 8-2, Naidor 8-2, Linguaphone 8-2, King of the Ring 7-9, Bradeager 7-7, Spotlight 7-7.

AGA KHAN TOURNAMENT

Poor Hockey Witnessed On Wednesday

"The Times Of India" S. C. 0: Brothers Club, Lahore, 0

A poor game was witnessed in the Aga Khan hockey tournament on Wednesday, the contestants, the Brothers Club and "The Times of India" Sports Club, never rose to any heights. The game ended with the score indicators showing love all.

The Pressmen were without Easdon their regular hard working back. This young man was leading a fair lady to the altar. All hockey fans extend Mr. and Mrs. Easdon the best of health, abundance of wealth and abounded happiness. Easdon's absence was felt, though Speirs was a good deputy. With Easdon in action on Saturday in the replay, "The Times of India" should just win. On Wednesday to a very slight degree the Pressmen were better than the Brothers Club.

F. E. de Sousa, the centre forward, was easily the best man for "The Times of India." He was active, clever at dribbling and his passing correct. Unfortunately at least six good passes from de Sousa went abegging. Thomas was a hustling right inner. This brings us to the man, who many felt lost the match for "The Times." The sooner Correa sheds the idea that he is an artist with his stick, the better for the Black and White shirts. This player is a great egoist—passing is a rare thing in his game. The Press backs were good, Thomas played an untiring game and Speirs was a satisfactory deputy on his left.

The Brothers were strongest in their half-line where Himat Singh was the best. Mohsin, the visiting centre forward, was a good leader, and was a source of danger to "The Times" on occasions. In the defence, the left back, Sukhi, shone.

"The Times of India" goal had a narrow escape in the second minute when a nice pass from the right was sent in feebly by Raj, the left inner of the Brothers Club. In the tenth minute the Brothers were unlucky not to score, Masud was unfortunate with a good effort. Seldom could the "The Times of India" make much progress till half way through, when they were dangerous. Anwar in the Brothers goal, had a bad habit of rushing out at every approach, the spectators felt he would pay for this indiscriminate tendency. He almost conceded a point to "The Times" in the sixteenth minute. Anwar ran to meet a ball, he mishit in trying to clear, Correa was there, but a fraction of a second too late. The same thing happened shortly after. F. E. de Sousa, who was doing excellently as the leader of the attack, was exploiting the forward pass, and was tempting the Brothers' goalkeeper from his charge. Anwar left his goal a third time, but the pass was not caught up by Correa. The Pressmen were on top now, but once again fell away in the last seven minutes of the half. The Brothers, however, remained on par with their opponents when the first half closed.

BROTHERS DEFEND.

The second half opened with up and down hockey. "The Times" were the first to be dangerous, Correa wasting a good pass from de Sousa.

The Brothers Club at the other end were held up by Speirs, who deprived Mohsin and sent his men up with a powerful drive.

The visitors were defending now, the middle period of the half. A penalty corner did not help the Pressmen. The Brothers goal had another fortunate escape. A further short corner was awarded the Pressmen.

In the 20th minute Sain missed a great chance of scoring for the Brothers. He got to a pass from the right and flashed in a shot. It went a yard wide, the scorer hit it without steadying himself. The Northern India side remained in their opponent's area for a couple of minutes. The exchanges were a little in favour of the Pressmen. Nothing startling occurred and the teams left the field with the score love all.

TEAMS.

BROTHERS CLUB: Anwar; Krishen Gopal and Sukhi; J. Sequeira, Himat Singh and Mahmud Dar; Sain, Mohsin, Masud, Raj and Ugrar Sain.

THE "TIMES OF INDIA": Mendonca; Thomas and Speirs, Fernandes, Lynn and Grostrate; Mendes, Thomas, F. E. de Souza, Correa and Petty.

To-day's Game

Gymkhana Ground—5-20 p.m.—Y.M.C.A. Lahore vs. G. I. P. Railway. This match will be preceded by an exhibition game in which the Bhagwant Club (Tikamgarh) will meet St. Xavier's College.

Exhibition Hockey

Before the match proper on Wednesday the Bhopal Wanderers and the B. B. and C. I. Railway were concerned in an exhibition display in which neither side scored.

The Railway side were impressive.

Seven Crores worth of Drugs and Chemicals are imported into India Annually!!!

Stop This Huge Drain: Support Indian Industries

Take advantage of present conditions and Industrialise the Country

MADRAS CHEMICAL INDUSTRY LIMITED, MADRAS

(Registered under the Indian Companies' Act of 1913)

Mr. V. V. GIRI, M.L.A.,
Bar-at-law,
EX-MINISTER FOR INDUSTRIES AND LABOUR SAYS:—

The Madras Chemical Industry Limited is the first venture of its kind started in South India, for the bulk production of drugs and chemicals. The Government of Madras have rightly given State aid to the same. I find that expert medical men including the Surgeon-General with the Government of Madras and others speak highly of the products both as regards standard and quality. This Industry deserves to be encouraged by the public in every way, as it is bound to attain great success.

Manufacturers of Standardised B. P. Preparations, Chemicals, Disinfectants, Biological Products, Specialities, etc., etc.

State Aided By The Government Of Madras

Authorised Capital Rs. 5,00,000/- divided into 50,000 Shares of Rs. 10/- each, payable in four equal instalments.
Subscribed Capital Rs. 1,73,570/-
Paid-up Capital Rs. 1,66,305/-
Shares reserved for the Medical Profession only Rs. 75,000/-

Shares available to the public— Rs. 2,50,000/- (Subject to being unsold at the time of receiving applications).

An opportune time for profitable Investment

Major-General N. M. WILSON, O.B.E., K.H.S., I.M.S., Surgeon-General with the Government of Madras, says:—I took the opportunity of enquiring carefully into the preparations of Tinctures and am very satisfied that the Tinctures manufactured here are of a very high order.

THE HEALTH OFFICER,
Corporation of Madras, says:—
I have carefully gone through the testing section and I am of opinion that the work done here is quite satisfactory and the strengths of the drugs manufactured are of proper strength. I can confidently recommend the products of Madras Chemical Industry to those who desire to buy genuine drugs of the Specific Standard as declared on the labels.

Share application money may be tendered at any office of the

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA, in India, Burma and Ceylon for transfer to our credit with the Madras Office

On Contract with & Suppliers to:—

The Government of Cochin
The Government of Pudukottah
The Government of Banganappalle
The Corporation of Madras
The Madras & Southern Mahratta Railway Co., Ltd.
The Madanapalle Sanatorium and other Missionary Institutions

Board of Directors

Rao Bahadur Dr. T. S. Tirumurti, B.A., M.B.C.M., D.T.M. & H., Principal, Government Stanley Medical College, Madras—Government Director (Ex-Officio).
Dr. S. Jesudassen, M.B. Ch.B. (Edin.), Hony. Medical Officer, Government General Hospital, Madras (Ex-Officio).
Dr. V. S. Visvanathan, Medical Practitioner, Bangalore Cantt.
V. L. Govindaraj, Esq., Engineering Contractor, Director—The South Arcot Electric Corporation Ltd., Messrs. P. Natesan & Co., Ltd., Engineers, Madras, Rundall's Road, Vepery, Madras.
Md. Jaffer Abdur Rahman Sait Bahadur of Messrs. Siddick Meanjee Sait & Sons, Estate Owners, Planters and Landlords, 'Hope Villa,' Ootacamund.
A. P. Hawes, Esq., Editor—"Mysindia", Bangalore Cantt.
M. Ramachandra Rao Scindia, Esq., Partner—Sree Ramakrishna Oil Mills, Bangalore City, Director—The Mysore Paper Mills Ltd., The Chingleput Electric Supply Co., Ltd., Basvangudi, Bangalore City.
Ratnamani Rao B. Jhote, Esq, B.A., Proprietor—The Suryodaya Textile Mills, Yeswantapur, Bangalore.
D. R. Mawnay, Esq., F.R.E.E. (Lond.), Merchant, No. 23, Spur Tank 2nd Street, Egmore, Madras.

Medical Advisory Board

Lt.-Col. K. G. Pandalai, I.M.S., Superintendent, Government General Hospital, Madras (Retired).
Dr. M. R. Guruswamy Mudaliar, M.D.C.M., 1st Physician, Government General Hospital, Madras (Retired).
Dr. S. Subba Rao, M.B., M.R.C.S., etc., Senior Surgeon to the Government of Mysore (Retired).
Dr. R. Narasinga Rao, G.B.V.C., Dist. Veterinary Officer, Madras Provincial Service (Retired).
Dr. U. L. Narayana Rau, Medical Practitioner, Madras.

Managing Director

D. R. Mawnay, Esq., F.R.E.S. (Lond.), Ex-Hony. Presidency Magistrate, Madras, with 30 years' business experience and special knowledge acquired in the European system of working Pharmaceutical Laboratories after extensive travel in England and the Continent of Europe.

Gold Medal awarded for our Standardized Products at S. I. A. A. Exhibition, Madras.

Owing to abundant quantity of raw materials available in Southern India at very low prices, and owing to other facilities and encouragement given by the Government of Madras, the Company expects to declare dividends from 10 to 20 %

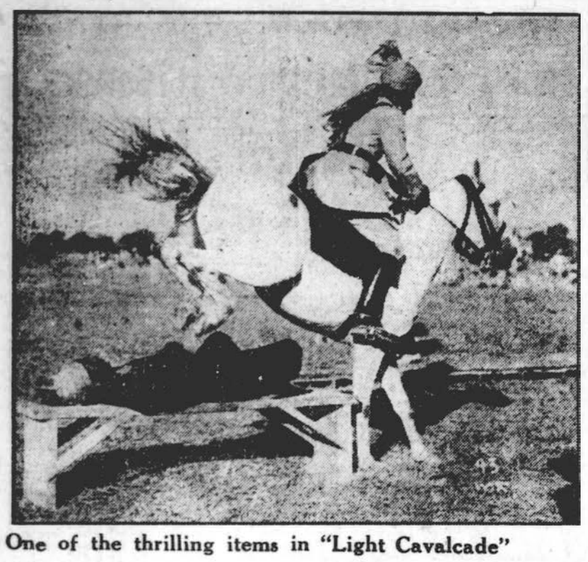
Amongst the eminent Medical men who have seen the standardisation of our Drugs and appreciated our products, are:—
Lt.-Col. T. S. SHASTRY, I.M.S.; Lt.-Col. ALAGAPPAN, I.M.S.; Lt.-Col. K. G. PANDALAI, I.M.S.; Dr. S. SUBBA RAO, Senior Surgeon, Mysore; Dr. D. R. RAO, Chief Medical Officer, Cochin State; Dr. M. R. GURUSWAMY MUDALIAR, M.D.; Dr. A. L. MUDALIAR, M.D., Principal—Madras Medical College; Dr. T. S. TIRUMURTI, M.B.C.M., Principal, Government Stanley Medical College, Madras.

Agencies and connections wanted all over India, Burma, Ceylon and the Straits Settlements. ***Terms of Business, Catalogues and Price-lists on application to:—***

TELEGRAMS:
"EMULSION"—MADRAS

Any further information regarding the prospects and working of the Industry will be sent on application.

The Managing Director,
MADRAS CHEMICAL INDUSTRY LIMITED,
17, Rundall's Road, Vepery, MADRAS.



One of the thrilling items in "Light Cavalcade"

Mr. Nanasaheb Shinde, President of the Physical Culture Conference held in Bombay last week, at the Robert Money School, is seen, at the left, taking the salute, while at the right drill by the students is in progress.

RED CROSS PAGEANT

Interesting Items In Programme

BOMBAY, March 27.

An entertainment so good that Lord Willingdon thought that the whole cast should be sent from India to present it in England is shortly to be seen in Bombay. It is the 7th Light Cavalry circus, which is to be staged during the Red Cross Pageant at the Brabourne Stadium on Saturday, March 30, Sunday, March 31, and Monday April 1.

And that is only one item on the splendid programme. There will be a spectacular display by the Bombay City Police and, on the second and third days, a mock air raid.

"Light Cavalcade," the 7th Light Cavalry circus, was presented originally at the Imperial Delhi Horse Show in 1933 and was so successful that Lord Willingdon, the then Viceroy, suggested that all the performers should go to England to repeat it there. It shows clearly what an efficient Indian cavalryman can do in the way of training and control of his horse.

"ROUND STABLE CONFERENCE".

To mention only some of the acts, there is a "Round Stable Conference," in which, of course, the delegates are horses and a horse which is able to distinguish colours and select whatever handkerchief is required from a closed trunk. Horses jump swords, flaming torches, men and other obstacles. There is a sharp-shooting act and splended trick riding.

The display by the Bombay City Police will also be well worth seeing. The force is deservedly popular for the precision of its ceremonial drill and gymnastic displays and the playing of its military and pipe bands—and at the Pageant it is out to excel it self.

There are still plenty of one-rupee seats left for the Sunday and Monday performances but, in view of the demand, it would be as well to purchase tickets early. They may be obtained from the Churchgate Street office of the Stadium.

Two-rupee tickets for the Gymkhana stands for all three days may also be purchased from the Stadium office or direct from the Gymkhanas.

TRAFFIC REGULATIONS.

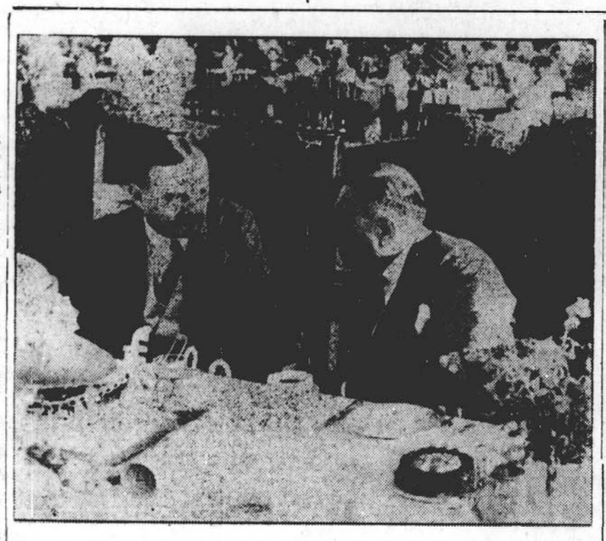
The Commissioner of Police has published a notification regarding the Traffic Regulations during the Red Cross Pageant from 8-30 p.m. onwards on Saturday March 30 and from 5-30 p.m. onwards on Sunday March 31 and Monday April 1.

Passengers' Deputation Meets B. B. & C. I. Railway Authorities

The following gentlemen waited on the General Traffic Superintendent, B.B. & C.I. Railway, today and represented the case of the general travelling public. The G.T.S. showed an inclination to give all possible facilities that could result from an adjustment of the new time-table that will be brought in force it appears from July 1940.

Members of the deputation:—Messrs. J. C. Mistree, N. B. Desai, R. J. Errunza, Madhaprasad Pandey, Nagardas I. Patel, Paul Pereira. (Orlem).

If you want a child use
"CONCEPTO"
Thoroughly Tried by Medical Men.
RS. 5/-.
BOMBAY:-
1. Beli Ram & Bros., Princess Street.
2. Popular Pharmacy Grant Road.



H. E. Sir Roger Lumley and Mr. B. N. Karanjia, Mayor of Bombay, in conversation at the Mayor's Party to the Governor at Pherozeshah Gardens.

DEATH OF WELL-KNOWN SPORTS WRITER

"Onlooker" of the "Ceylon Observer" writes as under:—

"Old Ceylon cricketers, especially Old Thomians, will learn with regret of the death in Burma of Mr. Charles B. Soertsz, at one time a practising lawyer in Colombo and Nuwara Eliya and afterwards a journalist who used to write occasionally for this paper. He was one of the best judges of cricket and tennis among contemporary critics and his articles on sport were always delightful reading.

After leaving Ceylon many years ago Charles Soertsz engaged in journalistic work in India and later he settled down in Burma. He was about 60 years of age.

A GREAT SOCIAL REFORMER

Homage To Memory Of Sir J. J. Mody

A great and learned man, Sir Jivanji Mody's life was a lesson in simplicity and humility. He dedicated his all to the service not only to his community but to humanity at large.

In these words Dastur Framroz Bole, High Priest of the Fasli Parsees, paid his homage to the memory of the great Parsee scholar and reformer, Sir J. J. Mody, whose seventh death anniversary was observed at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute on Thursday evening.

Mr. Behramgore Anklesaria, presiding over the meeting called him "a superman," and said that one of the great services he had rendered was his research into the early history of the Parsees.

A lover of literature, deeply religious, he was a true disciple of the late Mr. Cursetjee Cama from whom he derived his inspiration and spiritual guidance. More than any other, it was Sir Jivanji Mody who was responsible for keeping alive the memory of the late Mr. Cama.

His ideal was to live in harmony with sister communities and he endeavoured to assimilate what was best in them.

Concluding, Mr. Anklesaria said that Sir Jivanji would always be remembered as one of the great social reformers among Parsees.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY: Thursday.

Lady Lumley presided at the annual general meeting of the Bombay Presidency Infant Welfare Society at the Secretariat.

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Lumley dined with Sir Gilbert and Lady Wiles.

GUPTE WINS IN CEYLON

NUWARA ELIYA, March 27.

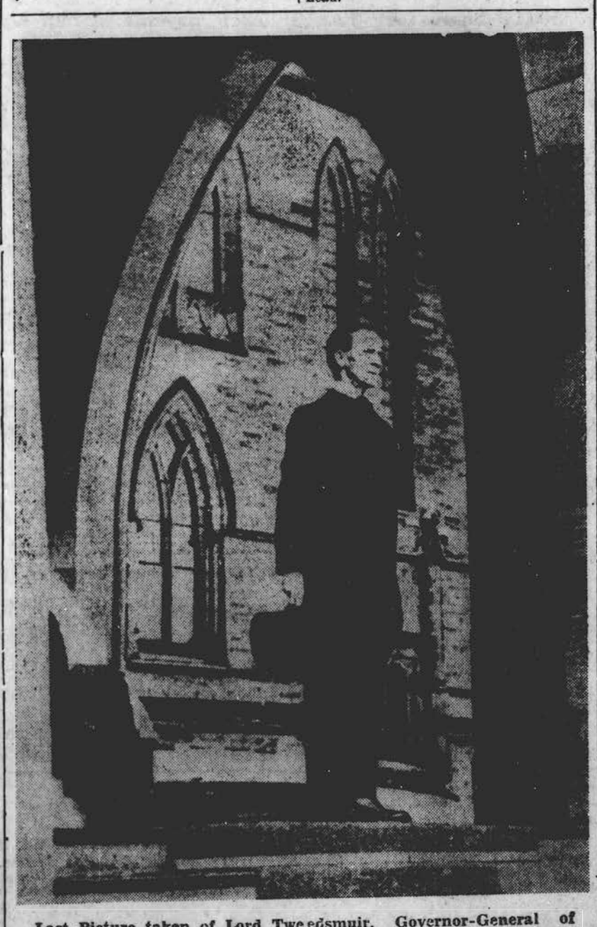
In the Ceylon Lawn Tennis Championships this morning H. H. The Gaekwar of Baroda lost to A. J. D. N. Selvadurai, 6-1, 6-2; and A. G. Gupte beat D. Gunasekera, 6-4, 6-2. Gupte's form drew favourable comment from critics.—A. P.

A. I. Quereshi Not Going To Geneva

BOMBAY, March 28.

Dr. Anwar Iqbal Quereshi, head of the Economics Department, Osmania University, Hyderabad (Deccan) is in Bombay in connection with the meeting of the Rural Marketing and Finance Sub-Committee.

He told the Associated Press that he is unable to proceed to Geneva to deliver the extension lectures at the Geneva University on post war economic development, for which he was invited by the League of Nations.



Last Picture taken of Lord Tweedsmuir, Governor-General of Canada, before his death. He is seen arriving to open Parliament at Ottawa.

LAHORE SPRING MEETING

Grito Wins Goturick Hurdles

LAHORE, March 28.

Following are the results of the Third Day of the Lahore Spring Meeting:—

DEE PLATE DIV. III.

Scully (Mr. Said Ali Khan) Adley 9-1 1
Kamal Begum (Mr. Ginni Lall) Foundon 9-4 2
Sher-I-Afghan (Miss A. Syedney-Smith) Rylands 9-6 3
Shanti II (Mr. Har Saroop) Purtoo Singh 9-11 4

Also ran: Radio 8-4, Baz II 7-11.

Won by: Short head, short head, short head.

Time: 1 min. 18-3/5 secs.

Tote paid: Rs. 25 for win, Rs. 10 and Rs. 11 for places.

Favourite: Baz II.

MURREE PLATE.

Blue Line (Mr. R. D. Saulez) Faiz Mohd. 7-8 1
High Step (Mr. Taj Mohd.) Holland 8-9 2
Vodka (Col. Sir Edward Cole) Rylands 8-6 3
Rashid (Mr. Gulam Nabi) Mani 8-1 4

Also ran: Scarlet Flight 9-7, Watchman 8-10, Jai Bharat 8-7, Shapely 7-11, Aperitif 7-11, Belinda 7-4, Double Gold 7-4.

Won by: neck, one length and one length.

Time: 1 min. 2-4/5 secs.

Tote paid: Rs. 34 for win, Rs. 9, Rs. 7 and Rs. 13 for places.

Favourite: High Step.

GATWICK HURDLES.

Grito (Capt. G. A. David) Capt. G. A. David 8-0 1
Captain Hardy (Major W. H. Kerr) Mr. Loraine-Smith 9-0 2
Geroge (Messrs. J. C. W. Eustace and E. P. Moon) Mr. E. P. Moon 10-0 3
King Moab (Mr. Triloki Nath) Mr. Kennard 11-0 4

Only four ran.

Won by: Three lengths, distance and distance.

Time: 3 mins. 54-2/5 secs.

Tote paid: Rs. 11 for win, Rs. 6 and Rs. 7 for places.

Favourite: Grito.

DEE PLATE—DIV. II.

Jullundur (Mr. Girdhari Lal) Rylands 9-1 1
War Cry (Col. Sir Edward Cole) Roxburgh 9-2 2
Barballini (Mrs. Y. Yanrenen) Tymon 9-4 3
Keady (Mr. D. H. Mappin) Adley 8-4 4

Also ran: Sandy Land 8-8, Lal Begum 7-13

Won by: Short head, neck and short head.

Time: 1 min. 17 secds.

Tote paid: Rs. 9 for win, Rs. 6, Rs. 7 and Rs. 10 for places.

Favourite: Jullundur.

BATH PLATE.

Sulla (Mr. R. G. Saulez) Faiz Mohd. 7-4 1
Stormy Weather (Capt. J. B. Bernard) Roxbury 9-0 2
Kek Note (Mr. Farquharson) Rawdon 7-13 3
Royal Scepter (Mr. Siraj Hussain) Purtoo Singh 8-12 4

Also ran: Hiles Hawk and Naughty Boy.

Won by: One and half length, half length and half length.

Time: 1 min. 16-1/5 secds.

Tote paid: Rs. 24 for win, Rs. 9 and Rs. 7 for places.

Favourite: Stormy Weather.

DEE PLATE DIV. I.

Right Ho (Capt. Steawart) Tymon 7-11 1
Champagne (The Executors to the estate of late Major Vanrenen) Donnelly 9-0 2
Forest Fire (H. E. Sir Henry Craik and H. E. the Marchioness of Linlithgow) Faiz Mohd. 8-13 3
Bhanumati (Dr. Rajendra Lal) Fawdon 8-3 4

Also ran: Amazement 9-4, Rana Partap 8-4, Gentle Lady 8-12, Woolworth Song 8-12 and Prince of India 8-3.

Won by: One length, half length and two lengths.

Time: 1 min. 16-4/5 secds.

Tote paid: Rs. 41 for win, Rs. 10, Rs. 30 and Rs. 11 for places.

Favourite: Woolworth Song.

GRAND NATIONAL ACCEPTANCES

LONDON, March 27.

Following are Grand National acceptances:

Royal Mail, Royal Danieli, Professor Second, Dunhill Castle, Rock-Quilla, Workman, Red Eagle Dominics Cross, Black Hawk, Kilstar, Away, Macmoffat, Knights Brook, Milano, Venturesome-knight, Symaethis, Littligant, Lecygne, Inversible, Boyo, Takvorpacha, Bogskar, National-Night, Redfreeman, Underbid, Gold-arrow, Bachelor Prince Downright, Second-Act, Sterling Duke, Cornlaw, Luxborough, Lazyboots, Tuckmill.—Reuter.

GRAND NATIONAL

Amended Probables

LONDON, March 28.

The following alterations have been made in the Grand National probables:—

Away—Mr. Muir.
Bogs-kar—Hones.
Boyo—Wilson.
Luxborough—Brown.
Underbid—Nicholson.

Every Baby's Birthright

NATURAL feeding is the birthright of every child—it is the sure foundation of baby's health and future development.

Now that science has provided in delicious "Ovaltine" the means to ensure a rich supply of maternal milk, no child need be deprived of the inestimable boon of breast-feeding.

Doctors and nurses everywhere testify to the great value of "Ovaltine" to expectant and nursing mothers. A complete and perfect food, "Ovaltine" supplies in concentrated form every single element necessary to ensure the health, strength and vitality not only of the mother but every member of the family.

Prepared from Nature's finest tonic foods—ripe barley malt and fresh creamy cow's milk, together with valuable natural phosphatides and vitamins—"Ovaltine" is the supreme tonic food beverage. Nothing can compare with it for Quality and Value. Reject substitutes.

OVALTINE

Enables Mothers to Breast-Feed their Babies

"OVALTINE" BISCUITS. The same high standards that have made "Ovaltine" supreme, have now been applied to the production of "OVALTINE" Biscuits. Delicious, digestive and nourishing, they are the daintiest for all occasions, and the fact that they contain "Ovaltine" gives them special value. Order some today. You will enjoy these really delightful biscuits. Sold in 4 oz. and 8 oz. packets and 1 lb. tins.

Sold by all Chemists and Stores
Distributors:—
JAMES WRIGHT, LTD.,
Sethna Building, 55, Queen's Road, Bombay; also at Calcutta, Madras and Karachi.

PEACE BRIGADE MOVE GATHERS STRENGTH

Enlisting Volunteers From All Over City To Ensure Permanent Peace

(From A Correspondent.)

Bombay City will be the first to lead in forming its Peace Brigade in accordance with the valuable suggestion made by Mahatma Gandhiji last year.

It is learnt from authoritative source that Mr. N. B. Parulekar and Miss Perin N. Nariman, both of whom are known Congress and public workers, who had taken up the said suggestion, have succeeded with the help of active and whole-hearted co-operation of enthusiastic gentlemen like Mr. Ormsby Mollier, Mr. C. G. Vakil, Advocate, Mr. R. S. Prabhu, Advocate, Mr. Y. L. Bhandarker, and Mr. Gyara, etc., in completing the preliminaries such the framing of the draft constitution and of enlisting support of leading citizens of Bombay after ceaselessly pursuing the matter for the last one year and a half.

Mr. B. G. Horniman, has expressed his willingness to accept the Presidentship of the said Peace Brigade and Prof. V. G. Rao, the well-known Scout Commissioner has agreed to accept one of the Vice Presidentships.

The Bombay Peace Brigade which is thus fortunate in securing the patronage of the gentlemen of the status above named hopes shortly to make its constitutional debut and to change its activities throughout the City of Bombay and will endeavour to enlist volunteers from every nook and corner of each and every locality of the City and to establish permanent communal peace and harmoney.

If all public spirited persons make up their mind to help this deserving cause, the achievement of success will not be far away. How far the public of Bombay will respond is to be seen.

NEW DELHI, March 27.

The Members of the Burmese Goodwill Mission arrived here this evening and are expected to stay here for three days.—A. P.

THE APRIL-FOOL DAY!

Are You on Guard?

Any one is liable to find himself a victim of the Aprilfool trick. Suppose you have been thinking of doing something in the month of March, but as you go on putting it off from day to day the 31st of March approaches But you still miss it and the next day the 1st of April you find yourself unable to avail of the opportunity which March offered you? None but your ownself will then have played the Aprilfool on you. Here is the reminder. Put your wish into action now, if you have been thinking of availing of the opportunity, which the Amritdhara Pharmacy offers in March, of reducing your medicinal expenditure to half. Have you sent your orders and Money orders?

BLOOD PRESSURE REDUCED IN THREE WEEKS

Many sufferers from blood pressure think that their case is of too long standing to yield to treatment. How mistaken this belief is could easily be proved from countless letters which have reached us from writers who have found unexpected relief after years of excessive blood pressure. The following letter speaks for itself: "I feel I ought to write and express how grateful I am for health restored. I had been suffering from blood pressure for several years. Doctors did me no good at all, but I have been taking 'Phyllosan' tablets and now feel altogether different. I can truthfully say I felt better in three weeks, but I am taking them still, for I don't want to get ill again. I have recommended them to friends and they are so pleased with the result." (Mrs. E. K.)

Few cases of blood pressure are too long established for 'Phyllosan' treatment. The disagreeable accompaniments such as giddiness, palpitation and head noises will gradually become less frequent and will tend to disappear.

'Phyllosan' is basically a vegetable concentrate possessing the vitalizing and rejuvenating properties upon which all life depends. It contains no drugs, glands or animal extracts. Thousands of grateful letters from 'Phyllosan' users all over the world tell of the blessing it has been to them. Sold by all Chemists and Stores. If you find 'Phyllosan' Tablets difficult to obtain write to J. L. Morison, Son & Jones (India) Ltd., Dept. (D.R.), P. O. Box No. 258, Bombay (Sole selling agents in India on behalf of Natural Chemicals Ltd., London). They will also send you a FREE copy of a highly interesting booklet 'Revitalization and Rejuvenation,' which will inform you how 'Phyllosan' tablets can benefit YOU.

THEY WERE GETTING WAR ALLOWANCE FOR PAST 25 YEARS

Company's Reply To B. E. S. T. Employees

BOMBAY, Thursday

Attempts at mutual settlement having failed, the Board of Conciliation consisting of Sir Govind Madgaonker, set up by the Government of Bombay, to inquire into the dispute for dearness allowance between the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company and its employees, commenced the hearing of evidence, at the Council hall to-day.

The Traffic Union, one of the four unions which are a party to the dispute, in the course of a memorandum submitted to the Board, has demanded a dearness allowance of 20 per cent. of the consolidated wage to all employees drawing over Rs. 50 per month, and a flat rate of Rs. 10 per month for all those getting less than Rs. 50 per month.

The B.E.S.T. Omnibus Drivers' Union, in the course of a memorandum presented to the Board, made a similar demand. The memorandum stated that the B.E.S.T. is a public utility concern and as such owed a duty to its employees to alleviate their suffering.

While the standard of living of the employees was seriously affected by the European war, the nature of the business of the Company rendered it largely immune from the devastating effects of war.

The memorandum claimed that the actual increase in the cost of living was more than 20 per cent. and that the workers were justified in demanding dearness allowance to that extent.

25 P. C. GIVEN

The Company in the course of a letter addressed to the Board stated that the wages paid to their staff included a war allowance of 25 per cent. on wages upto Rs. 75 per month and 17½ per cent. on salaries in excess of Rs. 75.

These allowances which were given during the last war are still continued.

The Company claimed that the current wages, were fixed at a time when the cost of living was much higher than at present and that, therefore, the employees were not entitled to any further allowance.

Messrs. Purushottam Tricumdas, N. T. Shroff and S. V. Desai represented the Tramway Traffic Union; Mr. Ishwarbhai Patel and Mr. Shantikumar Master represented the Omnibus Drivers' and Conductors' Union and Mr. H. V. Joshi represented the Tramwaymen's Union.

Mr. A. S. Trollip, General Manager, and Mr. A. L. Guilford, Deputy General Manager, appeared for the Company.

The first to give evidence before the Board were Mr. S. R. Deshpande and Mr. S. V. Joshi, Assistant Commissioners of Labour. They explained in detail the manner in which the working class cost of living index was constructed. This part of the evidence was in camera.

KSHATRIYA CONFERENCE

JHANSI, March 28

The Maharaja of Panna has been elected President of the 15th session of the All-India Kshatriya Conference which is meeting at Patna on April 14 and 15. The Maharaja of Ramgarh, where the Congress Session was held, is Chairman of the Reception Committee.—A. P.

Imperial Chemicals' Plan To Make Bleaching Powder In India

NEW DELHI, March 28.

Discussions are going on with Messrs. Imperial Chemicals Company with a view to the erection of a plant for making bleaching powder, but no decision has been arrived at, said Sir Zafrullah Khan, in reply to Sir Ziauddin in the Assembly this morning.—A. P.

C. N. M. Mudaliar Resigns From Central Assembly

MADRAS, March 27.

Mr. C. N. Muthuranga Mudaliar, who has been elected to the Madras Legislative Council (Upper House), has submitted to-day resignation of his membership of the Central Legislative Assembly. —United Press.

Dacoits Loot And Set Village On Fire

KARACHI, March 27.

The report of an armed dacoity has been received from village Bundli, in Bhawalpur State, 16 miles from Rahliyarkhan It is stated that 17 dacoits entered the village after dusk and plundered the village till 9 p.m. They set on fire a few houses and escaped with a booty estimated at several thousands of rupees. The police arrived on the scene at midnight.—A. P.

MODEL T. B. CLINIC AT DELHI

Lady Linlithgow's Announcement At Tuberculosis Association Annual

NEW DELHI, March 27.

"I think we can claim that the campaign against Tuberculosis in India is well established on a sound basis with dynamic potentialities of reducing the loss of life and the amount of suffering and misery caused by this disease", observed the Marchioness of Linlithgow presiding over the annual meeting of the Tuberculosis Association of India at the Viceroy's House this evening.

Continuing Lady Linlithgow said "The work of the year has included preparation for facilities for the training of doctors in Tuberculosis as referred to in the annual report. When these facilities materialise the association will lend its whole weight to the task of making sure that the training is efficient and up to date. The Medical Commissioner has during his tours paid great emphasis on the absolute necessity of creating suitable training centres in all Provinces."

Concluding Lady Linlithgow said. "The plans for the model clinic in Delhi are being put through and we hope to have the building started within the next three weeks. It is to be situated in the compound of the Irwin Hospital and will be under the management of the Association."

Dhrangadra Ruler Opens Girls' School Building

(From Our Correspondent)

DHRANGADRA, March 26.

While requesting the Maharaja to declare open the new building of Girls' English School Sheth Maganlal M. Bhatt, the President of the Municipality and his two colleagues loudly praised Dhrangadra State as "Ramrajya" and declared their loyalty to the Maharaja.

People are greatly dissatisfied with the speech due to the recent banning by the State of several newspapers' entry and public meeting.

A birth of heir-apparent of Pratabgardh to the Princess has been announced. Two thousand rupees has been given as present to the Girasia Mandal established at Rajkot to fight political awakening.

Municipality's Indifference Towards Tenants' Welfare: Plea To Support Conference

(From A Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, March 26.

In a largely attended public meeting of the tenants held on March 25 under the presidentship of Sheth Atmaram to propagate for the forthcoming second session of the Tenants' Conference speeches were made by Messrs. Kushalchand Shah, Amritlal Gandhi, Hamdubhai, Hargovan Pandya, Bhagvanji Kapasi, etc. exhorting the tenants to unite and present a united front against Municipality's indifferent attitude and get their grievances redressed.

Mr. Amritlal Gandhi, Secretary, Ahmedabad Tenants' Conference said that heavenly facilities are given in the west side of the city where rich population reside while the hell-like condition remains unchanged in the east area, thickly populated by labourers and other poor people. Further Mr. Gandhi narrated in brief the history of high rents of shops and deterioration of trade with facts and figures. He also dwelt upon the need of immediate action by the Municipality to solve most important question in the interest of the poor.

Mr. Kushalchand Shah, the Vice-President expressed his regret for Municipality's reply that it can not force owners for proper arrangement of water, latrines, privy rooms and bath-room for women and appealed to the tenants to wake for the common cause.

Rajbhoj Proposes Terms For Harijan Co-operation With Congress

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Mr. P. N. Rajbhoj, Harijan Leader, has ssued the following statement:—

"If Mahatma Gandhi comes to some compromise with Harijan leaders like Dr. Ambedkar as regards the minority problems Harijans will consider the question of joining the Congress movement for attaining India's freedom. Harijans saved Mahatma Gandhi at the time of the Poona Pact according to which he gave assurance that attempts would be made to better the lot of Harijan, but nothing concrete has been done so far in this regard. What the Congress Ministries did for the Harijans was also negligible. While Harijan Ministers have been included in the Cabinets in non-Congress provinces, there was no Harijan Minister in the Congress cabinets except in Bihar and Madras.

"Having all these experiences Harijans are not going to join the Civil Disobedience movement if it is started [illegible]

'BITTER ENEMY OF ISLAM'

Faqir Out To Efface Russia From Earth's Surface

PESHAWAR, March 27.

A scathing and unrelenting criticism of Russia was made by the Faqir of Alingar in a sermon which he delivered at the Mirza Malik Mosque at Sangu Dheri on the Mohmand border.

He described Russia as a bitter enemy of Islam and said if Russia attacked Afghanistan, the Mohmand tribesmen would direct their attention towards their common enemy and would not rest until the unholy nation was completely effaced from the surface of this earth.—A. P.

TRIBESWOMEN KIDNAPPED

PESHAWAR, March 27.

Trouble is again said to be brewing on the Bajaur border where strong exception is being taken at the action of Khan Dilawar Khan of Char Mangin kidnapping 12 tribeswomen belonging to a neighbouring Mohmand Shinwari clan.

Having failed to recover debts from that clan, the Khan is reported to have waylaid their females and carried them to a house territory.

Badshah Gul, a spiritual leader of the Mohmand has strongly condemned the incident and has sent a Jirga to settle the dispute. But it is not yet known whether the Jirga has met with any success in their mission.

It is stated that if the release of the captives is not secured a lashkar will be raised against Dilawar Khan.—A. P.

Quarrel Among Women Leads To 4 Murders

PESHAWAR, March 26

Four persons were killed and many others were injured as the result of a fight between two parties of Pathans which originated in a quarrel among women.

While mowing grass in the fields Dilazak and Wadpaga women are reported to have quarrelled among themselves on some trivial matter. Hot-headed men of both sides, armed with guns, pistols, hatchets and daggers rushed to the spot and a clash occurred in which four persons were killed and a number injured.

The police have made a few arrests.—A. P.

Kidnapped Constables Released

PESHAWAR, March 27

One policeman and one sepoy of the frontier constabulary who were kidnapped by hostiles from the village of Daudshah in Bannu District in January last have been released.

Two police constables who were kidnapped on February 8 from the same area have also been set free. All the four reached Bannu today.—A. P.

Fullest Co-operation To Board Of Scientific And Industrial Research

BANGALORE, March 27.

It is understood the Governing Council of the Indian Institute of Science at its meeting yesterday approved the resolution of the Court of the Institute offering fullest co-operation of the institute to the newly created Board of Scientific and Industrial Research and permitted the director of the institute to accept membership of the Scientific and Industrial Research Board recently set up by the Government of India.—A. P.

Barnagar District Kisan Conference

(From Our Correspondent)

HOSHANGABAD, Mar. 26.

The district Kisan Conference of Barnagar District Gwalior State will be held at Runija Gwalior State on the April 9, 10 and 11. More than thirty thousand Kisans are expected to attend the Conference. The Conference is organised by the Gwalior State, Sarwajanik Sabha, Barnagar district.

Mandsaur Hindus To Continue Hartal

(From Our Correspondent.)

MANDSAUR. March 26.

To-day is the third day of Mandsaur Hindus' peaceful hartal. On March 25, in a meeting of about 10,000 Hindus it was unanimously agreed to continue hartal till their grievances are redressed.

AHMEDABAD.—A spark from a lighted bidi is reported to have caused an explosion in a fire works factory in Jamkhambhalia near Jamnagar. Soon the whole building was set ablaze and a boy fear at all of being attacked by [illegible]

A BOY PRODIGY

Recites Ramayana & Mahabharata At Age Of 3

JHANSI, March 28.

A three-year old boy, blind from birth, who recites accurately from the Ramayana, Mahabharath, Gita and the Upanishads, is arousing great interest at Jalaun. His pronunciation of Sanskrit hymns is declared by Pandits as excellent.

A Pandit who challenged the boy prodigy to make an interpretation of a 'shloka' from the Gita made a mistake in pronunciation. The boy immediately pointed out the mistake, and quoted the number of the 'shloka' and even the page where it could be found.

The boy comes from the village Gorat, in Jhansi District, and is a Kurmi by caste. Apart from his remarkable powers, he is entirely normal in his behaviour. People assume that he must have been a great sage in a previous incarnation.—A. P.

"150 BANISHED FROM JOBAT"

The following order has been served by the State on some prominent residents of Jobat State, who have been there for hundreds of years, and who own extensive lands, properties and buildings and who have lived peacefully and contributed to the well-being of the State and whose family have produced cricketers and sportsmen of all India reputation. The order reveals the state of affairs prevailing in the State:—

ORDER

In pursuance of the Darbar order No. 24 dated the 18th February 1938, it is hereby ordered that Mr. Shamsuddin and his sons with all their heirs and successors shall leave the Jobat State territory on or before the 26th February and shall not re-enter the same either by themselves or their heirs or successors without special permission previously obtained from the Darbar except in the course of transit on the Borjhad Sewria Pucca Road only in the conveyance usually meant for the purpose but while doing so shall not be allowed to alight from the conveyance.

S. L. PANDE, Dewan, Jobat State, C.I.

Jobat C. I. the 21st February 1938.

Later on similar externment orders were executed affecting about 150 souls, and the properties estates and buildings valued at thousands of rupees were snatched away from them without even the farce of a trial.

Unheard Of In Recent Memory

Jobat is a small State in Central India Agency. Its area is 131 miles, with a population of 21,152 and having an annual revenue of Rs. 79,000. The State is connected by Dohad (Gujarat) B.B. & C.I. Railway, which is 45 miles from it.

PLIGHT OF PINJRAPOLES OF GUJERTA & KATHIAWAR

AHMEDABAD, March 28

Famine conditions in several parts of Gujarat and Kathiawar has placed the Pinjrapoles—institutions maintained by Jain charity at all places for the protection of disabled animals in a predicament. They are being flooded by starving cattle left at their portals by their owners.

There was, for instance, 4,000 cattle in the Pinjrapole of Ahmedabad in June last which number soon doubled. Out of them about 1,400 have died, while the maintenance of the remaining cattle puts a heavy strain on the resources of the Pinjrapole which has incurred a debt of Rs. 40,000 in spite of its annual income of Rs. 1,50,000. It is feared that the institution may have further debt of Rs. 40,000 for the preservation of existing cattle till the next monsoon. It has therefore been compelled to refuse to take in any more cattle.—A. P.

"Baseless Rumours"

PESHAWAR, March 27.

Strong repudiation of reports of a threatened invasion of Afghanistan by Russia is contained in the latest "Islah".

The reports are said to have appeared recently in "Al-Hilal" and other Egyptian newspapers.

The "Islah" warns all foreign newspapers not to give currency to "baseless rumours".

It is emphasised that Afghanistan has intimate relations with all neighbours and she has no

A GREAT LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

In the long established organization of the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada —founded in 1865—the steady progress maintained over many decades provides a remarkable demonstration of the ever increasing public confidence in the security and strength of Life Assurance. It also affirms the soundness of the co-operative principles of Life Assurance, which gives sure protection to over one million policyholders of the Sun Life of Canada.

In 1939, benefits paid by the Company exceeded Rs. 24.85,94,056 and benefits paid since the first policy was issued now total Rs. 357,41,59,045. New Business of the Company for the year amounted to Rs. 53,20,04,986 increasing the total assurances in force to Rs. 805,06,25,353. Assets now stand at Rs. 250,62,11,812.

The extent of the Sun Life organization and the high character and qualifications of its personnel ensure prompt, intelligent and efficient service to policyholders and beneficiaries at all times.

D. S. DALAL, BRANCH MANAGER,
CANADA BUILDING, HORNBY ROAD, - - BOMBAY.

Sun Life of Canada
HEAD OFFICE ... MONTREAL
(Incorporated in Canada in 1865 as a Limited Company).
A LEADER IN PUBLIC SERVICE

THEY'RE PLEASING MORE SMOKERS ALL THE TIME

Increasing sales show that more and more smokers are saying "Player's Please"—convincing proof that the great majority realise and appreciate the truth of the Player's maxim "IT'S THE TOBACCO THAT COUNTS"

ENGLAND'S MOST POPULAR CIGARETTE TODAY.

Player's Please

Digitized by the Financial Assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

CONSULT
POWELLS
for
ARTIFICIAL LIMBS, TRUSSES, BELTS & FOR ALL KINDS OF DEFORMITIES
POWELLS LIMITED
Lamington Road, Bombay 4

REGD. NO. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, MARCH 29, 1940

DENABANK
6 Year & 3 Year
CASH CERTIFICATES
Yield 3½ per cent. & 2 3/4 per cent respectively
In various denominations from Rs. 10 to Rs 5,000.
Invest Rs. 8-4 and Receive Rs 10 after Six Years.
For fuller particulars apply to
DEVKARAN NANJEE BANKING CO., LTD.
(1) Elphinstone Circle,
(2) Thakurdwar,
(3) Sandhurst Bridge, and
(4) Kalbadevi
BOMBAY.

RAISMAN BOOSTS HIS 'WIN-THE-WAR' BUDGET

But Pt. Krishna Kant Malaviya Opens Fire On Policy Of Artificial Depression Of Commodity Prices For Benefit Of United Kingdom

NEW DELHI, Mar. 28.

The Assembly continued the general debate on the Finance Bill.

Sir Ziauddin concentrated his criticism on the Department of Supply, particularly the appointment of advisers and liaison officers. He urged the abolition of the Contracts Directorate and pointed out that the Supply Department could secure orders. He asked, however, that purchases should be made through the Indian stores department. The Supply Department, he demanded, should consist only of officials. He wanted that an announcement should be made with regard to the Indo-Japanese trade negotiations. The existing agreement was due to expire on March 31, and Government must indicate their intentions and plans to deal with the period when no agreement would be there.

ATTACK ON TEXTILE INDUSTRY.

Sir Ziauddin said the textile industry was not entitled to have the protection both of high tariff duties, as well as of import quotas. Either the one or the other should be removed.

Pandit K. K. Malaviya declared that if there was any justification in any year for throwing out the Finance Act, it was this year. He charged the Government of India with deliberate attempt to keep down the prices of agricultural commodities in India, so that they could be exported to the United Kingdom as cheaply as possible. The Government, he asserted, wanted to stop exports of these commodities to neutral countries, in order that an artificial depression in prices might be created for the benefit of United Kingdom. He opposed the increased sugar duty.

As Mr. Malaviya proceeded to comment upon the activities of certain parties in the country which he declared would lead to civil war, the Chair called him repeatedly to order and ultimately the speaker ended his speech abruptly.

Mr. Lalchand Navalrai and Mr. Azarali spoke next:

IN DEFENCE OF SUPPLY DEPT.

Sir Zafrullah intervened to try and dispel misconception about the functions and the composition of the supply department.

During War, Sir Zafrullah explained, orders were received in respect of commodities which had not been manufactured in this country before or not manufactured in requisite quantities or in the requisite form. A great deal of planning and co-ordination became therefore necessary before orders could be executed. Such planning and co-ordination of supply were the purpose of the department. The actual execution of the orders was handed over to the Indian Stores Department or the Contracts Directorate.

As regards its composition the board was exactly the kind of body that Sir Ziauddin, one of the strongest critics, advised the Government to set up.

Mr. Nauman put forward a plea for the recognition of communal trade unions, which he said deserved acceptance in the same way as separate electorates and reservation of posts for communities had been accepted.

Sir Jeremy Raisman began by emphasising the extreme uncertainty of the prospect which faced the country in the year ahead.

He asserted that the present policy must be to facilitate and ensure the fullest and most effective utilisation of India's economic resources for the purpose of winning the war and coupled with measures taken to ensure that end there must be due regard for the necessity of placing the country in the strongest possible position after the emergency.

Defending the sugar duty and petrol duty he asked his critics to suggest alternatives. He reiterated the view that sugar more particularly in India than elsewhere, was the vehicle for an important revenue tax.

The House passed the motion for consideration, and then taking up the bill clause by clause passed Clause Two continuing the salt duty.

Clause Three had not been disposed off, when the Assembly adjourned till to-morrow.—A. P.

C. R. AND BIRLA AT WARDHA

WARDHAGANJ, March 28

Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar arrived here last night and Seth Jamnalal Bajaj this morning. Seth Ghanshyam Das Birla who is here interviewed Mahatma Gandhi last evening.

Mr. Rajagopalachariar and Seth Ghanshyam Das Birla will be seeing Mahatma Gandhi this afternoon.—A. P.

A. S. Bokhari To Act As Controller

NEW DELHI, March 28.

It is understood that Mr. A. S. Bokhari, Deputy Controller of Broadcasting, will officiate as Controller of Broadcasting after Mr. Lionel Fielden, the Present Controller, relinquishes his appointment next month.—A. P.

MADRAS, March 27.

The city police arrested to-day a man who is alleged to have attempted to shoot at a contractor with a country made pistol inside a shed near the Egmore tram terminus. An employee under the contractor is stated to have rushed to his master's rescue and caught hold of the alleged assailant. All the three sustained injuries. Further investigation is proceeding.—A. P.

Mr. B. N. Maheshwari, the out-going Chairman of the Bombay Improvement Trust, gave a Tea Party to the members of the Trust. Mr. Bhulabhai Desai who was guest of honour is seen addressing the gathering.

LAHORE FIRING INQUIRY

Personnel And Terms Of Reference

LAHORE, Mar. 28.

The Committee appointed by the Punjab Government to inquire into the recent police firing in Lahore will consist of the Chief Justice, Sir Douglas Young of the Lahore High Court (President) and Chaudri Niamatullah, lately Judge of the Allahabad High Court, says an official announcement.

Terms Of Reference

The Committee will ascertain, says a Gazette Extraordinary issued by the Punjab Government, the facts showing:

How and with what object in spite of the Punjab Government's order of the 28th February, 1940, a number of Khaksars came to collect in Lahore City on the morning of Tuesday, the 19th March, 1940, and began to march through the city;

How the Deputy Commissioner, the Senior Superintendent of Police, the Deputy Superintendent of Police and other police officers came to receive injuries and two constables were killed;

How the police came to fire upon the Khaksars and kill and wound a number of them.

The Committee will also report:

Whether the police were justified in opening fire and

Whether the firing was uncontrolled or in excess of the necessities of the situation.

The Committee will in due course submit its report to the Governor of the Punjab. It is expected to Assemble at the Lahore High Court on Monday, the 8th April, and will conduct its enquiries in public, but any part of its proceedings may be conducted "in camera," if the President considers such a course desirable in the public interest.

Mr. D. A. Bryan, I.C.S., will be secretary to the Committee.—A.P

INCREASED RATES FOR SEASON TICKETS TO GO

The B. B. & C. I. Railway authorities have decided to cancel the increase of one anna per rupee in the rates for season tickets for local trains which they had made from March 1, as they have been informed by the Railway Board that any such increase is illegal.

Those who have paid the increased rate, it is learnt, will get a refund of the excess amount.

Similar orders, it is learnt, will be issued by the G. I. P. Railway, where also the rates were increased in the same manner.

It will be remembered that the Railway Budget proposed increase in rates for distances over 50 miles.

J. P.'S SPEECH FORFEITED

PATNA, March 28

All documents containing in part or whole the speech of Mr. Jai Prakash Narain at Jamshedpur on February 18, 1940 have been declared forfeited to His Majesty as it contains a prejudicial report according to a Gazette notification.

Further publication of any such documents has also been prohibited.—A. P.

AHMEDABAD.—The branch of the All India Women's Conference which is conducting several adult education classes as well as a sewing class for women, has organised a women's week with a varied programme of sports, "Garba" dance, elocution competition, folk songs and cinema, in which women and children take part in large numbers.

LATHI CHARGE IN RATLAM

"Gundas" Attack Meeting Under Prajamandal Auspices

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, March 28

News is received here from Ratlam State that after arrests of several Prajamandal workers for alleged conspiracy, repression is going on in the State. A public meeting held under the auspices of the Prajamandal was dispersed by "Gundas" after which a lathi charge was made by the State Police on innocent citizens resulting in injuries to about 25 persons. It is learnt that two police officers have resigned as a protest.

LABOUR LEADER RELEASED

LUCKNOW, Mar. 28.

Mr. Shabbanlal Saxena, M.L.A., convenor of the Gorakhpur Chini Mill Mazdoor Federation, was released to-day from Sadar lock-up. All other persons arrested in connection with the strike but have not been convicted were also released.

Government have been moved for commutation of sentences of those convicted in connection with the strike.—A. P.

Punjab Nationalist Muslims Confer

LUCKNOW, Mar. 28.

A meeting of Muslims of the Province, who are in sympathy with the aims and objects of the All India Conference of Nationalist Muslims to be held in Delhi, has been convened here for tomorrow. The meeting will enable members to exchange views and formulate a programme to be placed before the Delhi Conference. It will also discuss resolutions to be moved at the conference.—A. P.

Sir H. Gidney Warns Anglo-Indians

"Our Future Is Doomed Unless Complete Re-orientation Of Past Views Is Effected"

High Time They Shed Their "British Public Tone", Superiority Complex And Arrogance Towards Fellow-Indians

NEW DELHI, March 27

The necessity of a change in the system and standards of anglo-Indian education to suit India's needs and in their relationship with other Indian communities is emphasised by Sir Henry Gidney in a message to the Baldwin High School, Bangalore, of which he is an old pupil on the occasion of the Diamond Jubilee celebration to-day.

Sir Henry says:—"I am convinced that unless we completely alter our outlook on India and developed a re-orientation of our past views, not only of our position in India, but of our relationship with the other Indian communities and align ourselves with them in a common citizenship of this vast sub-continent of India, and unless we remedy our present ignorance of India and her languages, our superiority complex at times exhibited towards Indians and our inferiority complex towards Europeans, and unless we revise the system of education in most of our schools and counteract the home influence on such matters still exercised by some of our parents, steeped as they are in the past India, our future is doomed.

Our past arrogance has certainly led to our present precarious position of being the not-wanted of either the European or the Indian and has resulted in making us aliens to, and exotics in, our motherland, with the result that, as the present changes, political, administrative, and social, are surging past us, we, owing to a wrong system of education which is utterly out of step with the rapidly changing India, find ourselves occupying a static, isolated, useless position and appear content to be mere spectators, fearing that if we associate ourselves with our fellow Indians in all constitutional advancements we shall displease the Government and our British forebears.

"Let me warn you against a continuance of such foolish ideas and ideals and let me, at the same time, warn all Anglo-Indians and European schools that, unless they rapidly reduce their exorbitant charges, merely to maintain that hackneyed demand, "British public school tone," unless they completely alter their system and standards of education to dovetail, as it were, into India's needs, etc., their closure is near at hand, because, the new generation of Anglo-Indian parents, who will be in receipt of smaller salaries, will demand this and the Government of the new India will demand that all communities shall swim in the same educational stream."—A. P.

ABDUL GHAFFAR KHAN TO TOUR FRONTIER

PESHAWAR, March 28

Arrangements to be made for the next annual session of the Indian National Congress if it is held in the Frontier Province will be considered at a meeting of the Frontier Provincial Congress Committee.

Among other items on the agenda are the frontier policy of the Government of India and the question of giving relief to the sufferers of tribal raids in Settled Districts.

The attitude of the Congress Party towards local bodies and village Panchayats is expected to be defined. A sub-committee may be appointed to revise the constitution of the Provincial Congress

It is understood that Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan will undertake an extensive tour of the countryside, the programme for which will be drawn up at the meeting of the Provincial Congress Committee.—A. P

Frontier Officer Dead

LAHORE, March 28.

Mr. A. C. Fryer, District Officer of the Frontier Constabulary Tank, who received injuries in the engagement at Sheikh Badin on March 10 has died in hospital.—A. P.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

Sir Henry Gidney has made one of the most important utterances of his political career. Anglo-India must read it carefully and digest every word of it. How well he hits it on the nail when he tells his kind that their past arrogance has certainly led to their present precarious position of being the not-wanted of either the European or the Indian and has resulted in making them aliens to and exotics in their motherland, with the result that as the present changes, political, administrative and social, are surging past, they, owing to a wrong system of education which is utterly out of step with the rapidly changing India, find themselves occupying a static, isolated, useless position and appear content to be mere spectators, fearing that if they associate ourselves with their fellow-Indians in all constitutional advancements they shall displease the Government and their British forbears.

First class, Col. Gidney, first class. For the first time in the world Anglo-India have I heard the word Indian pronounced with emphasis and clarity. It is an utterance that will hurt in many an Anglo-Indian home. I feel sure of that, but for their own sake I hope his words will have some significance and some meaning. It is not as if an Indian has uttered them. It comes rather as a realisation and a confession by "one of them."

I suggest that schools like the Cathedral High School in Bombay, the La Martinere in Calcutta should have a copy of this speech, specially the part relating to the Anglo-India educational system, framed and hung in the Headmaster's room. And I mean this in no unfriendly way because I would hate to see the last of them unless they refuse to adapt themselves to the changing conditions of India.

One opinion I would like to have on Col. Gidney's speech is that of Principal Hammond. Surely he has something to say.

Edgar Wallace Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE THE FEATHERED SERPENT CASE

HE'S HERE/ INSPECTOR WADE . . . AN' HE STILL THINKS HIS NAME'S SMITH/
SEND HIM IN/ AND YOU STICK RIGHT BEHIND HIM WITH A GUN/
I HEAR YOU BROKE JAIL, SMITH/
I CAME RIGHT BACK HERE . . . I'M STILL WORKIN' FOR THE FEATHERED SERPENT, AIN'T I?
ARE YOU INSPECTOR WADE?
INSPECTOR WADE? WHO'S HE? MY NAME'S SMITH/
HE'S OKAY, BOSS/
Copr. 1939, King Features Syndicate, Inc., World rights reserved.

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by RAMESHWARDAS RAMESHWARDAS GANDHI, at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Raj Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.